

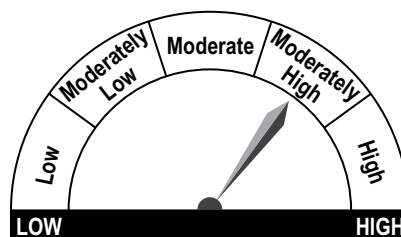
DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund

SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT (SID)

DHFL Pramerica Equity Income Fund (An Open Ended Equity Scheme)

This product is suitable for investors who are seeking*

- Capital appreciation and Income distribution over the medium term
- Investment primarily in equity and equity related securities and a small allocation to debt securities
- Degree of risk – **MODERATELY HIGH**



Investors understand that their principal will be at moderately high risk

* Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.

Offer of Units at NAV based prices during Ongoing Offer

Name of the Mutual Fund	DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund (erstwhile Pramerica Mutual Fund)
Name of the Asset Management Company	DHFL Pramerica Asset Managers Private Limited (erstwhile Pramerica Asset Managers Private Limited)
Name of the Trustees	DHFL Pramerica Trustees Private Limited (erstwhile Pramerica Trustees Private Limited)
Address of the entities	2nd Floor, Nirlon House, Dr. A. B. Road, Worli, Mumbai - 400 030, India.
Website	www.dhflpramericamf.com

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations as amended till date, and filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document (SID).

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the Scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

For details of DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund, tax and legal issues and general information, investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) at www.dhflpramericamf.com

SAI is incorporated by reference in this SID (and is legally a part of the SID). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website, www.dhflpramericamf.com

The Scheme Information Document should be read in conjunction with the Statement of Additional Information and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document supersedes all the earlier SIDs of the Scheme.

This Scheme Information Document is dated September 13, 2017.

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HIGHLIGHTS / SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

Scheme Name	DHFL Pramerica Equity Income Fund (earlier known as DWS Equity Income Fund)
Investment objective	The investment objective of the scheme is to provide capital appreciation and income distribution to the investors by using equity and equity related instruments, arbitrage opportunities and investments in debt and money market instruments. However, there can be no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be realized or that income will be generated and the scheme does not assure or guarantee any returns.
Liquidity	The Scheme offers Units for Subscription and Redemption at NAV based prices on all Business Days on an ongoing basis. Under normal circumstances the AMC shall dispatch the redemption proceeds within 10 business days from date of receipt of redemption request from the Unit holder. Currently the Units of the Scheme are not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange.
Benchmark	70% of the NIFTY 50 Arbitrage Index and 30% of the NIFTY 50 Index
Transparency / NAV Disclosure	<p>NAV of the Scheme will be calculated and disclosed at the close of every Business Day to the Press, News Agencies and Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI). The AMC shall publish the NAVs on its Website and of the AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) and at least in two daily newspapers for every Business Day.</p> <p>The AMC shall disclose details of the portfolio of the Scheme on a monthly basis on its website on or before the tenth day of the succeeding month in the prescribed format. Further, the AMC will publish Scheme portfolio details at least on a half-yearly basis, in one national English daily newspaper circulating in the whole of India and in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated or mailed to the Unitholders. The portfolio statement will also be displayed on the website of the AMC.</p>
Loads	<p>Entry Load: Not Applicable (Note:- The upfront commission on investment made by the investor, if any, shall be paid to the distributor (AMFI registered distributor/ARN Holder) directly by the investor, based on the investor's assessment of various factors including service rendered by the distributor.)</p> <p>Exit Load: 1% if the investor redeems / switch outs within 1 year from the date of allotment of units.</p> <p>The entire exit load (net of service tax), charged, if any, shall be credited to the Scheme.</p> <p>No exit load will be charged for switches and STP from any scheme to the equity schemes of DPMF (except DHFL Pramerica Arbitrage Fund)</p>
Plans & Options	<p>The Scheme shall offer two plans viz Regular Plan and Direct Plan.</p> <p>Direct Plan is only for investors who purchase /subscribe Units in the Scheme directly with the Fund and is not available for investors who route their investments through a Distributor and is offered in accordance with Para D of SEBI Circular no. CIR/IMD/DF/21/2012 dated September 13, 2012.</p> <p>Each Plan has two Options, viz., Growth Option and Dividend Option. Dividend Option has the following two facilities:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Dividend Payout facility; Dividend Reinvestment facility; <p>Dividend Frequency - Payout: Monthly, Quarterly and Annual</p> <p>Dividend Frequency - Reinvestment: Monthly, Quarterly and Annual</p> <p>If distributor code is mentioned in application form but 'Direct plan' is mentioned in the scheme name, the distributor code will be ignored and the application will be processed under direct plan" & in case neither distributor code nor "Direct" is indicated in the application form, the same will be treated as direct plan.</p> <p>Default Option/Sub-option: The investor must clearly specify his/her choice of Option/Suboption in the application form, in the absence of which, the Default Option/Sub-option would be applicable and the application will be processed accordingly:</p> <p>Default Option: Growth Option (if the investor has not indicated choice between 'Growth' or 'Dividend' Options).</p> <p>Default Frequency under Dividend Option: Monthly.</p> <p>Default Sub-option Under Dividend Option: Dividend Reinvestment Plan.</p> <p>It must be distinctly understood that the actual declaration of dividend and frequency thereof is at the sole discretion of Board of Directors of the Trustee Company. There is no assurance or guarantee to the Unit holders as to the rate of dividend distribution nor that the dividend will be paid regularly. If the amount of Dividend payable under the Dividend Payout facility is Rs. 500/- or less, then the Dividend would be compulsorily reinvested in the option of the Scheme.</p> <p>All plans/options under the Scheme shall have common portfolio.</p>
Minimum Amount for Purchase / Additional Purchase / Redemption	<p>Initial Purchase – Minimum of Rs. 5000/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter.</p> <p>Additional Purchase – Minimum of Rs. 1000/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter or 100 units</p> <p>Repurchase / Redemption Amount – Minimum of Rs. 100/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter or 0.1 unit or account balance whichever is lower.</p>

Transaction Charges:

In accordance with SEBI Circular No. IMD/ DF/13/ 2011 dated August 22, 2011 read with circular no. CIR/ IMD/ DF/ 21/ 2012 dated September 13, 2012, the AMC/ Fund shall deduct a Transaction Charge on per purchase / subscription of Rs. 10,000/- and above, as may be received from new investors (an investor who invests for the first time in any mutual fund schemes) and existing investors. Such deduction shall be as under (provided the distributor has opted in to receive the transaction charges):-

- For the new investor a transaction charge of Rs 150/- shall be levied for per purchase / subscription of Rs 10,000/- and above; and
- For the existing investor a transaction charge of Rs 100/- shall be levied for per purchase / subscription of Rs 10,000/- and above.

The transaction charge shall be deducted from the subscription amount and paid to the distributor and the balance amount (net of transaction charges) shall be invested. The transaction charges and the net investment amount and the number of units allotted will be clearly mentioned in the Account Statement issued by the Mutual Fund. Distributors may choose to either option to opt-in or opt out of charging the transaction charge.

In case of investments through Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) the transaction charges shall be deducted only if the total commitment through SIP (i.e. amount per SIP installment x No. of installments) amounts to Rs. 10,000/- and above. In such cases, the transaction charges shall be deducted in 3-4 installments.

However, the Transaction charges shall not be deducted if:

- a) The amount per purchases /subscriptions is less than Rs. 10,000/-;
- b) The transaction pertains to other than purchases/ subscriptions relating to new inflows such as Switch/STP, etc.
- c) Purchases/Subscriptions made directly with the Fund through any mode (i.e. not through any distributor/agent).
- d) The Distributor has opted out for levy of transaction charges.

Upfront commission to distributors shall continue to be paid by the investor directly to the distributor by a separate cheque based on his assessment of various factors including the service rendered by the distributor.

I. Introduction

A. RISK FACTORS

i) Standard Risk Factors

- Investment in Mutual Fund Units involves investment risks such as trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal;
- As the price/value/interest rates of the securities in which the Scheme invests fluctuates, the value of your investment in the Scheme may go up or down;
- Past performance of the Sponsors/AMC/Mutual Fund does not guarantee future performance of the Scheme;
- The name of the Scheme does not in any manner indicate either the quality of the scheme or its future prospects and returns;
- Save as otherwise provided in the Regulations, the Sponsors are not responsible or liable for any loss resulting from the operation of the Scheme beyond the initial contribution of Rs.100,000/- made by it towards setting up the Fund;
- The present Scheme is not guaranteed or assured return scheme.

ii) Scheme Specific Risk Factors

Some of the Scheme specific risk factors include, but not limited, to the following:-

1. Risks associated with investments in Equities

- Equity and equity related securities may be volatile and hence are prone to price fluctuations on a daily basis. The liquidity of investments made in the Scheme may be restricted by trading volumes and settlement periods. Settlement periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. The inability of the Scheme to make intended securities purchases, due to settlement problems, could cause the Scheme to miss certain investment opportunities. Similarly, the inability to sell securities held in the Scheme portfolio would result at times, in potential losses to the Scheme, should there be a subsequent decline in the value of securities held in the Scheme portfolio. Also, the value of the Scheme investments may be affected by interest rates, currency exchange rates, changes in law / policies of the government, taxation laws and political, economic or other developments which may have an adverse bearing on individual securities, a specific sector or all sectors.
- Investments in equity and equity related securities involve a degree of risk and investors should not invest in the equity Schemes unless they can afford to take the risk of losing their investment.
- Liquidity Risk on account of unlisted securities: Securities which are not quoted on the stock exchanges are inherently illiquid in nature and carry a larger liquidity risk in comparison with securities that are listed on the exchanges or offer other exit options to investors, including put options. The AMC may choose to invest in unlisted securities within the regulatory limit. The liquidity and valuation of the Scheme investments due to their holdings of unlisted securities may be affected negatively if they have to be sold prior to their target date of divestment. The value of unlisted security may go down before the divestment date and selling these securities before the divestment date may lead to losses in the portfolio.

2. Risk associated with investing in Fixed Income Securities

- The Scheme may invest in debt and debt related instruments, as may be permitted by SEBI, from time to time. Trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures may restrict the liquidity of these investments. Different segments of Indian financial markets have different settlement periods and such periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. The inability of the Scheme to make intended securities' purchases due to settlement problems could cause the Scheme to miss certain investment opportunities. The length of time for settlement may affect the Scheme in the event the Scheme has to meet an exceptionally large number of redemption requests. The Scheme will retain certain investments in cash or cash equivalents for its day-to-day liquidity requirements.
- A fundamental risk relating to all fixed income securities is a chance that an issuer will fail to make a principal and interest payment when due (credit risk). Issuers with higher credit risks typically offer higher yields for this added risk. Conversely, issuers with lower credit risk offer

lower credit yields. Generally government securities are considered to be the safest in terms of the credit risk. Changes in financial conditions of an issuer, changes in economic and political conditions in general, or changes in economic or and political conditions specific to an issuer, all of which are factors that may have an adverse impact on a firms credit quality and security values. While it is the intent of the Investment Manager to invest primarily in highly rated debt securities, the Schemes may from time to time invest in higher yielding, lower rated securities. This is likely to enhance the degree of credit risk. The Investment Manager will endeavour to manage credit risk through in-house credit analysis.

- All fixed income securities are also affected by changes in interest rates (interest rate risk). The prices of debt securities generally increase as interest rates decline and generally decrease as interest rates rise. Prices of long-term securities generally fluctuate more in response to interest rate changes than the short-term securities. The Debt markets can be volatile leading to the possibility of up or down movements in prices of fixed income securities and thus the possible movements in the NAV. The Scheme(s) may use various hedging products from time to time, as are available and permitted by SEBI, to attempt to reduce the impact of undue market volatility on the Scheme's portfolio.
- Debt securities may also be subject to price volatility due to factors such as market perception of the issuer and general market liquidity conditions (market risk).
- Lower rated or unrated securities are more likely to react to developments affecting the credit market than highly rated securities, which react primarily to movements in the general level of interest rates. Lower rated securities also tend to be more sensitive to economic conditions than higher rated securities. The Investment Manager will consider both credit risk and market risk in making investment decisions.
- The corporate debt market is relatively illiquid vis-à-vis the government securities market. Even though the government securities market is more liquid compared to that of other debt instruments, on occasions, there could be difficulties in transacting in the market due to extreme volatility or unusual constriction in market volumes or on occasions when an unusually large transaction has to be put through.
- Zero coupon or deep discount bonds are debt obligations that do not entitle the holder to any periodic payment of interest prior to maturity or a specified date when the securities begin paying current interest and therefore, are generally issued and traded at a discount to their face values. The discount depends on the time remaining until maturity or the date when securities begin paying current interest. It also varies depending on the prevailing interest rates, liquidity of the security and the perceived credit risk of the Issuer. The market prices of zero coupon securities are generally more volatile than the market prices of securities that pay interest periodically and are likely to respond to changes in interest rates to a greater degree than other coupon bearing securities having similar maturities and credit quality.
- Apart from normal credit risk, zero coupon bonds carry an additional risk, unlike bonds that pay interest throughout the period to maturity, zero coupon instruments/deferred interest bonds typically would not realise any cash until maturity or till the time interest payment on the bonds commences. If the issuer defaults, the Schemes may not obtain any return on its investment.
- The Schemes may invest in securities which are not quoted on a stock exchange ("unlisted securities") which in general are subject to greater price fluctuations, less liquidity and greater risk than those which are traded in the open market. Unlisted securities may lack a liquid secondary market, and there can be no assurance that the Schemes will realise its investments in unlisted securities at a fair market value, if sold in the secondary market.
- There have been times in the past, when settlements have been unable to keep pace with the volume of securities transactions, making it difficult to conduct further transactions. Delays or other problems in settlement of transactions could result in temporary periods when the assets of the Scheme are not invested and no return is earned thereon.
- Prepayment Risk: Certain fixed income securities give an issuer the right to call back its securities before their maturity date, in periods of declining interest rates. The possibility of such prepayment may force the fund to reinvest the proceeds of such investments in securities offering lower yields, resulting in lower interest income for the fund.
- Reinvestment Risk: This risk refers to the interest rate levels at which cash flows received from the securities in the Plans are reinvested.

The additional income from reinvestment is the “interest on interest” component. The risk is that the rate at which interim cash flows can be reinvested may be lower than that originally assumed.

- Settlement Risk: The inability of the Scheme to make intended securities purchases due to settlement problems could cause the Scheme to miss certain investment opportunities. By the same rationale, the inability to sell securities held in the Scheme’s portfolio due to the extraneous factors that may impact liquidity would result at times, in potential losses to the Scheme, in case of a subsequent decline in the value of securities held in the Scheme’s portfolio.
- Regulatory Risk: Changes in government policy in general and changes in tax benefits applicable to Mutual Funds may impact the returns to investors in the Scheme.
- The value of the Scheme’s investments may be affected generally by factors affecting capital markets, such as interest rates, currency exchange rates, foreign investment, changes in government policy, taxation and political, economic or other developments. Consequently, the net asset value of the Scheme may fluctuate and the value of the Scheme’s Units may go down or up. Past performance of the sponsors is not necessarily indicative of future performance of the Scheme.
- Money Market instruments are instruments that are generally have maturity of less than one year. The NAV of the Scheme’s Units, will be affected by the changes in the level of interest rates.
- Investments in money market instruments and debt instruments involve credit risk commensurate with short term rating of the issuers.
- The Scheme at times may receive large number of redemption requests, leading to an asset-liability mismatch and therefore, requiring the investment manager to make a distress sale of the securities leading to realignment of the portfolio and consequently resulting in investment in lower yield instruments.

3. Risk associated with investments in Derivatives

- Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investors. Execution of such strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify such opportunities as well as to manage risks arising thereby. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the Scheme involve uncertainty and investment decisions may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies. Derivative investments carry certain risks and issues arising out of such dealings. The risks associated with the use of derivatives - either for hedging or for portfolio balancing – are different from, and possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments. Certain other risks, one or more, that may arise consequent to use of derivatives are: risk of mis-pricing or improper valuation of derivatives, credit risk arising out of counterparty failing to honour its commitment, liquidity risk where the derivatives cannot be sold at prices that reflect the underlying assets, rates and indices, and price risk where the market price may move in adverse fashion. Derivatives require the maintenance of adequate controls to monitor the transactions entered into, the ability to assess the risk that a derivative adds to the portfolio and the ability to manage the risks as a result of the possible failure of the counterparty to comply with the terms of the derivative contract.
- To the extent that Derivatives are utilised to seek to achieve the investment objectives of the Scheme, and for purposes other than hedging, the overall risk of loss to the Scheme may be increased. To the extent that Derivatives are utilised for hedging purposes, the risk of loss to the Scheme may be increased where the value of the Derivative instrument and the value of the Security or position which it is hedging are insufficiently correlated.
- Futures and Call Options: The Scheme may invest in Derivatives such as futures and call options. The option buyer’s risk is limited to the premium paid, while the risk of an option writer is unlimited. However the gains of an option writer are limited to the premiums earned. The writer of a call option bears a risk of loss if the value of the underlying asset increases above the exercise price. The loss can be unlimited as the underlying asset can increase to any level. The writer of a put option bears the risk of loss if the value of the underlying asset declines below the exercise price and the loss is limited to the strike price. The relevant stock exchange, if any, may impose restrictions on the exercise of options and may also restrict the exercise of options at certain times in specified circumstances.

- Investments in index futures face the same risk as investments in a portfolio of shares representing an index. The extent of loss is the same as in the underlying Securities.
- The risk of loss in trading futures contracts can be substantial, because of the low margin deposits required, the extremely high degree of leverage involved in futures pricing and the potential high volatility of the futures markets.

4. Risk associated with investments in REITs and InvITs:

- **Market Risk:** REITs and InvITs are volatile and prone to price fluctuations on a daily basis owing to market movements. Investors may note that AMC/Fund Manager’s investment decisions may not always be profitable, as actual market movements may be at variance with the anticipated trends. The NAV of the Scheme is vulnerable to movements in the prices of securities invested by the scheme, due to various market related factors like changes in the general market conditions, factors and forces affecting capital market, level of interest rates, trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures.
- **Price-Risk or Interest-Rate Risk:** REITs & InvITs run price-risk or interest-rate risk. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of existing securities fall and when interest rates drop, such prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices is a function of the existing coupon, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in the level of interest rates.
- **Liquidity Risk:** This refers to the ease with which securities can be sold. There is no assurance that an active secondary market will develop or be maintained. Hence there would be time when trading in the units could be infrequent. The subsequent valuation of illiquid units may reflect a discount from the market price of comparable securities for which a liquid market exists.
- **Reinvestment Risk:** Investments in REITs & InvITs may carry reinvestment risk as there could be repatriation of funds by the Trusts in form of buyback of units or dividend pay-outs, etc. Consequently, the proceeds may get invested in assets providing lower returns.

The above are some of the common risks associated with investments in REITs & InvITs. There can be no assurance that a Scheme’s investment objectives will be achieved, or that there will be no loss of capital. Investment results may vary substantially on a monthly, quarterly or annual basis.

5. Risk factors applicable to Arbitrage position, unwinding the arbitrage position, Roll over the futures, and a multi Options arbitrage strategy

- Lack of opportunity to invest in arbitrage portions in the equity market.
- The risk of mispricing or improper valuation and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.
- While future market are typically more liquid than underlying cash market, there can be no assurance that ready liquidity would exist at all point in time for the scheme to purchase and close out a specific futures contract.
- In case of arbitrage, if futures are allowed to expire with corresponding buy/sell in cash market, there is a risk that price at which futures expires, may/may not match with the actual cost at which it is bought/ sold in the cash market in last half an hour of the expiry day (Weighted average price for buy or sell).

Risks associated with investment in Securitised Instruments:

Generally available Asset Classes for Securitisation in India are:

- Commercial Vehicles
- Auto and Two wheeler pools
- Mortgage pools (residential housing loans)
- Personal Loan, credit card and other retail loans
- Corporate loans/receivables

Underlying Risk: Each asset class has a different underlying risk, however, residential mortgages are supposed to be having lower default rates. On the other hand, repossession and subsequent recovery of commercial vehicles and other auto assets is fairly easier and better compared to mortgages. Some of the asset classes such as personal loans, credit card receivables etc., being unsecured credits in nature, may witness higher default rates.

As regards corporate loans/receivables, depending upon the nature of the underlying security for the loan or the nature of the receivable the risks would correspondingly fluctuate. However, the credit enhancement stipulated by rating agencies for such asset class pools is typically much higher and hence their overall risks are comparable to other AAA rated asset classes.

The rating agencies have an elaborate system of stipulating margins, over collateralisation and guarantee to bring risk limits in line with the other AAA rated securities. Please note that the scheme(s) intends to invest predominantly in AAA rated securitised debt.

Investment exposure of the Fund with reference to Securitised Debt:

The Fund will predominantly invest only in those securitization issuances which have AAA rating indicating the highest level of safety from credit risk point of view at the time of making an investment. The Fund will not invest in foreign securitised debt.

The Fund may invest in various type of securitisation issuances, including but not limited to Asset Backed Securitisation, Mortgage Backed Securitisation, Personal Loan Backed Securitisation, Collateralized Loan Obligation/ Collateralized Bond Obligation and so on.

The Fund does not propose to limit its exposure to only one asset class or to have asset class based sub-limits as it will primarily look towards the AAA rating of the offering.

Risk Factors specific to investments in Securitised and Structured Instruments:

Limited Liquidity & Price Risk :

Presently, secondary market for securitised papers is not very liquid. There is no assurance that a deep secondary market will develop for such securities. This could limit the ability of the investor to resell them. Even if a secondary market develops and sales were to take place, these secondary transactions may be at a discount to the initial issue price due to changes in the interest rate structure.

Limited Recourse, Delinquency and Credit Risk:

Securitised transactions are normally backed by pool of receivables and credit enhancement as stipulated by the rating agency, which differ from issue to issue. The Credit Enhancement stipulated represents a limited loss cover to the Investors. These Certificates represent an undivided beneficial interest in the underlying receivables and there is no obligation of either the Issuer or the Seller or the originator, or the parent or any affiliate of the Seller, Issuer and Originator. No financial recourse is available to the Certificate Holders against the Investors' Representative. Delinquencies and credit losses may cause depletion of the amount available under the Credit Enhancement and thereby the Investor Payouts may get affected if the amount available in the Credit Enhancement facility is not enough to cover the shortfall. On persistent default of a Obligor to repay his obligation, the Servicer may repossess and sell the underlying Asset.

However many factors may affect, delay or prevent the repossession of such Asset or the length of time required to realize the sale proceeds on such sales. In addition, the price at which such Asset may be sold may be lower than the amount due from that Obligor.

Risk Mitigation Measures by AMC:

Nature of Risk	Risk Mitigation Measures by AMC
For making investment in equity schemes	
Liquidity Risk: Trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures may restrict the liquidity of underlying investments.	All trades are executed on the two leading exchanges, the NSE and BSE. The internal investment process incorporates the days required to sell as an important criteria for investment decisions. Further, the days required to liquidate an investment is actively monitored by our internal systems. This ensures that the liquidity risk in the portfolio is minimized.
Settlement Risk: Different segments of Indian financial markets have different settlement periods and such periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. The inability of the Schemes to make intended securities' purchases due to settlement problems could cause the Schemes to miss certain investment opportunities.	The portfolio invests only in stocks listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange and/or the National Stock Exchange. Both these exchanges are regulated by SEBI. The counterparty risk and settlement risk for all trades on the NSE is guaranteed by the National Securities Clearing Corporation Ltd. (a wholly owned subsidiary of the NSE); and by the Trade Guarantee Fund of BSE. Fixed income investments for equity schemes are limited to highly liquid money market instruments and used only as a cash management tool. Therefore, this minimizes the settlement risk in the portfolio.

Risks due to possible prepayments:

Asset securitisation is a process whereby commercial or consumer credits are packaged and sold in the form of financial instruments. Full prepayment of underlying loan contract may arise under any of the following circumstances:

- Obligor pays the Receivable due from him at any time prior to the scheduled maturity date of that Receivable; or
- Receivable is required to be repurchased by the Seller consequent to its inability to rectify a material misrepresentation with respect to that Receivable; or
- The Servicer recognizing a contract as a defaulted contract and hence repossessing the underlying Asset and selling the same.

In the event of prepayments, investors may be exposed to changes in tenor and yield.

Bankruptcy of the Originator or Seller

If originator becomes subject to bankruptcy proceedings and the court in the bankruptcy proceedings concludes that the sale from originator to Trust was not a sale then an Investor could experience losses or delays in the payments due. All possible care is generally taken in structuring the transaction so as to minimize the risk of the sale to Trust not being construed as a "True Sale". Legal opinion is normally obtained to the effect that the assignment of Receivables to Trust in trust for and for the benefit of the Investors, as envisaged herein, would constitute a true sale.

Bankruptcy of the Investor's Agent

If Investor's agent, becomes subject to bankruptcy proceedings and the court in the bankruptcy proceedings concludes that the recourse of Investor's Agent to the assets/receivables is not in its capacity as agent/Trustee but in its personal capacity, then an Investor could experience losses or delays in the payments due under the swap agreement. All possible care is normally taken in structuring the transaction and drafting the underlying documents so as to provide that the assets/receivables if and when held by Investor's Agent is held as agent and in Trust for the Investors and shall not form part of the personal assets of Investor's Agent. Legal opinion is normally obtained to the effect that the Investors Agent's recourse to assets/receivables is restricted in its capacity as agent and trustee and not in its personal capacity.

Credit Rating of the Transaction/Certificate

The credit rating is not a recommendation to purchase, hold or sell the Certificate in as much as the ratings do not comment on the market price of the Certificate or its suitability to a particular investor. There is no assurance by the rating agency either that the rating will remain at the same level for any given period of time or that the rating will not be lowered or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency.

Risk of Co-mingling

The Servicers normally deposit all payments received from the Obligors into the Collection Account. However, there could be a time gap between collection by a Servicer and depositing the same into the Collection account especially considering that some of the collections may be in the form of cash. In this interim period, collections from the Loan Agreements may not be segregated from other funds of the Servicer. If the Servicer fails to remit such funds due to Investors, the Investors may be exposed to a potential loss. Due care is normally taken to ensure that the Servicer enjoys highest credit rating on stand alone basis to minimize Co-mingling risk.

Volatility Risk: Equity securities and equity related securities are volatile and prone to price fluctuations on a daily basis.	The schemes has a diversified portfolio to counter the volatility in the prices of individual stocks. Diversification in the portfolio reduces the impact of high fluctuations in daily individual stock prices on the portfolio.
Risk of investing in unlisted securities: In general investing in unlisted securities are subject to greater price fluctuations, less liquidity and greater risk than those which are traded in the open market. Unlisted securities may lack a liquid secondary market and there can be no assurance that the Schemes will realize its investments in unlisted securities at a fair value.	As per SEBI guidelines, not more than 10% of the portfolio can be invested in unlisted securities. Rigorous due diligence is undertaken before any investments are made by the portfolio in unlisted securities.
Risk of investing in derivative instruments: The Schemes may also use various derivative and hedging products from time to time, as would be available and permitted by SEBI.	The schemes proposes to invest in derivative instruments subject to SEBI and internal guidelines. The schemes may invest in exchange traded derivatives only, as per current guidelines. Further, derivatives maybe used only for hedging and portfolio rebalancing.
For making investment in fixed income and money markets	
Credit Risk: Debt securities are subject to the risk of an issuer's inability to meet principal and interest payments on the obligations.	The fund has a rigorous credit research process. The credit team analyses and approves each issuer before investment by the schemes. There is a regulatory and internal cap on exposure to each issuer. This ensures a diversified portfolio and reduced credit risk in the portfolio.
Liquidity Risk: The corporate debt market is relatively illiquid vis-à-vis the government securities market. Even though the government securities market is more liquid compared to that of other debt instruments, on occasions, there could be difficulties in transacting in the market due to extreme volatility or unusual constriction in market volumes or on occasions when an unusually large transaction has to be put through.	The schemes are envisaged to be actively managed portfolios. The liquidity and volatility of a security are important criteria in security selection process. This ensures that liquidity risk is minimized.
Investing in unrated securities: Lower rated or unrated securities are more likely to react to developments affecting the market and the credit risk than the highly rated securities which react primarily to movements in the general level of interest rates. Lower rated securities also tend to be more sensitive to economic conditions than higher rated securities.	The schemes have a rigorous credit research process and as such all investments, rated or unrated, are analyzed and approved by the credit team before investment by the schemes. Further there is a regulatory and internal cap on exposure to unrated issuers, limiting exposure to unrated securities.
Investing in unlisted securities: The Schemes may invest in securities which are not quoted on a stock exchange ("unlisted securities") which in general are subject to greater price fluctuations, less liquidity and greater risk than those which are traded in the open market. Unlisted securities may lack a liquid secondary market and there can be no assurance that the Schemes will realise its investments in unlisted securities at a fair value.	The schemes will predominantly invest in listed securities and in some instances, invest in securities which are expected to be listed. Further, listing of debt securities typically has no significant impact on the liquidity, trading volatility and price discovery.
Settlement Risk: There have been times in the past, when settlements have been unable to keep pace with the volume of securities transactions, making it difficult to conduct further transactions. Delays or other problems in settlement of transactions could result in temporary periods when the assets of the Scheme are not invested and no return is earned thereon.	The AMC has a strong operations team and well laid out processes and systems, which mitigate operational risks attached with the settlement process.
Investing in Securitised Debt: Investment in securitised debt (especially in pool securities) is subject of prepayment risk i.e. early payment of the principal. Though this will not changed the absolute amount of receivables for the investor, but may have impact on re-investment of the periodic cash flows received by the investor (re-investment risk).	Reinvestment risk is an inherent feature of portfolio management process. It can be managed by investing in securities with relatively low intermittent cash flows.
Reinvestment Risk: This risk refers to the interest rate levels at which cash flows received from the securities in the Plans are reinvested. The additional income from reinvestment is the "interest on interest" component. The risk is that the rate at which interim cash flows can be reinvested may be lower than that originally assumed.	Reinvestment risk is an inherent feature of the portfolio management process. It may be managed, to a certain extent, by seeking to invest in securities with relatively low intermittent cash flows.

B. REQUIREMENT OF MINIMUM INVESTORS IN THE SCHEME:

The Scheme shall have a minimum of 20 investors and no single investor shall account for more than 25% of the corpus of the Scheme. These two conditions shall be complied with, in each subsequent calendar quarter on an average basis, as specified by SEBI. In case of non-fulfillment of the condition of 20 investors in a calendar quarter,, the provisions of Regulation 39(2)(c) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations shall become applicable automatically without any reference from SEBI and accordingly the Scheme shall be wound up and the units would be redeemed at applicable NAV. If there is a breach of the 25% limit by any investor over the quarter, a rebalancing period of one month would be allowed and thereafter the investor who is in breach of the rule shall be given 15 days notice to redeem his exposure over the 25% limit. Failure on the part of the said investor to redeem his exposure over the 25% limit within the aforesaid 15 days would lead to automatic redemption by the Mutual Fund on the applicable Net Asset Value on the 15th day of the notice period. The Fund shall adhere to the requirements prescribed by SEBI from time to time in this regard.

C. SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Prospective investors should study this Scheme Information Document ('SID) and Statement of Additional Information ('SAI') carefully in its entirety and should not construe the contents hereof as advise relating to legal, taxation, financial, investment or any other matters and are advised to consult their legal, tax, financial and other professional advisors to determine possible legal, tax, financial or other considerations of subscribing to or redeeming units, before making a decision to invest / redeem / hold Units.
- Neither this SID or SAI nor the Mutual Fund has been registered in any jurisdiction outside India. The distribution of this SID in certain jurisdictions may be restricted or totally prohibited and accordingly, persons who come into possession of this SID are required to inform themselves about, and to observe, any such restrictions and or legal compliance requirements. No persons receiving a copy of this SID or Key Information Memorandum and any accompanying application form in such jurisdiction may treat this SID or such application form as constituting an invitation to them to subscribe for Units, nor should they

in any event use any such application form, unless such an invitation could lawfully be made to them in the relevant jurisdiction and such application form could lawfully be used without compliance of any registration or other legal requirements.

- This is not an offer for sale, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, in the United States or to any "US Person" of any Units of the Scheme. "US Person" includes a natural person, residing in the United States or any entity organized or incorporated under the laws of the United States. US Citizens living abroad may also be deemed "US Persons" under certain rules. The Scheme offered hereunder has not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933 as amended (the "Securities Act"), for offer or sale as part of its distribution and the Fund or the AMC have not been and will not be registered under the United States Investment Company Act of 1940. This does not constitute, and should not be construed as, "general solicitation or general advertising" as defined under Regulation D of the Securities Act, or "directed selling efforts" under Regulation S of the Securities Act.
- The AMC may have certain reporting obligations under U.S. tax laws in respect of investments by and payments to US based clients of the India operation. The AMC may also be obligated to withhold US tax under US tax laws, if the AMC makes any payment / distributions to US clients who do not have or who have not provided their US taxpayer ID, and also report all such payments to US clients in a (US) Form 1099. Thus, notwithstanding what is stated in the foregoing paragraph, if any US based NRI or PIO invests in any schemes of the Mutual Fund, such investor may be required to fill in and sign the prescribed Form W-9 (including US taxpayer ID/Social Security Number), if he/she is a US citizen or US resident to avoid U.S. tax withholding, if required, at the time of any payments; and if such an investor is a not a US citizen or resident, he/she may be required fill in and sign the prescribed Form W-8. The respective forms are available at <http://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/fw9.pdf> and <http://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/iw8ben.pdf>
- The AMC, Trustee or the Mutual Fund have not authorized any person to issue any advertisement or to give any information or to make any representations, either oral or written, other than that contained in this SID or the SAI or as is provided by the AMC in connection with this offering. Prospective investors are advised not to rely upon any information or representation not incorporated in the SID or SAI or provided by the AMC as having been authorized by the Mutual Fund, the AMC or the Trustee. Any subscription, purchase or sale made by any person on the basis of statements or representations which are not contained in this SID or which are inconsistent with the information contained herein shall be solely at the risk of the investor.
- Investment decisions made by the Investment Manager may not always be profitable.
- Pursuant to the provisions of Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 and U.S. Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) laws and regulations, if after due diligence, the AMC believes that any transaction

is suspicious in nature as regards money laundering or violating any provisions of the OFAC laws and regulations, on failure to provide required documentation, information, etc. by the investor, the AMC shall have absolute discretion to report such suspicious transactions to Financial Intelligence Unit – India (FIU-IND and/or Prudential Financial Inc or its affiliates for reporting under OFAC laws and regulations and/or to freeze the Units under folios of the investor(s), reject any application(s) / allotment of Units.

- 'Hold' on units: On an ongoing basis, when existing and new investors make Subscriptions, pending clearance of the payment instrument, a temporary hold (lien) will be created on the Units allotted and such Units shall not be available for redemption/ switch out until the payment proceeds are realised by the Fund. In case a Unit holder redeems Units immediately after making subscription for purchase of units, the redemption cheque will be dispatched only after the cheque or draft for purchase of the said Units has been cleared.

In case the cheque / draft is dishonoured during clearing process by the bank, the transaction will be reversed and the Units allotted thereagainst shall be cancelled under an intimation to the applicant.

In respect of NRIs, the AMC/ RTA shall mark a temporary hold (lien) on the Units, in case the requisite documents (such as FIRC / Account debit letter) have not been submitted along with the application form and before the submission of the redemption request.

The AMC reserves the right to change the operational guidelines for temporary lien on Units from time to time.

- The Mutual Fund may disclose details of the investor's account and transactions there under to those intermediaries whose stamp appears on the application form. In addition, the Mutual Fund may disclose such details to the bankers, as may be necessary for the purpose of effecting payments to the investor. The Fund may also disclose such details to regulatory and statutory authorities/bodies as may be required or necessary.
- The tax benefits described in this Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are as available under the present taxation laws and are available subject to relevant conditions. The information given is included only for general purpose and is based on advice received by the AMC regarding the law and practice currently in force in India as on the date of this Scheme Information Document and the Unit holders should be aware that the relevant fiscal rules or their interpretation may change. As is the case with any investment, there can be no guarantee that the tax position or the proposed tax position prevailing at the time of an investment in the Scheme will endure indefinitely. In view of the individual nature of tax consequences, each Unit holder is advised to consult his / her own professional tax advisor.

Investors are urged to study the terms of the offer carefully before investing in the Scheme, and to retain this SID and the SAI for future reference.

D. DEFINITIONS

AMC or Asset Management Company or Investment Manager / DP AMC	DHFL Pramerica Asset Managers Private Limited (erstwhile Pramerica Asset Managers Private Limited) incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 and approved by SEBI to act as the Asset Management Company for the scheme(s) of DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund.
Applicable NAV	NAV applicable for Purchase or Redemption or Switching of Units based on the time of the Business Day on which the application is time stamped.
Book Closure	The period during which the Asset Management Company would temporarily suspend sale, redemption and switching of Units.
Business Day	<p>A day other than:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) Saturday and Sunday; or ii) A day on which the banks in Mumbai and / or RBI are closed for business / clearing; or iii) A day on which the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and / or the Stock Exchange, Mumbai are closed; or iv) A day which is a public and / or bank holiday at an Investor Service Centre (ISC)/Official Point of Acceptance (OPA) where the application is received; or v) A day on which subscription / redemption / switching of Units is suspended by the AMC; or vi) A day on which normal business cannot be transacted due to storms, floods, bandhs, terrorist attack, strikes or such other events as the AMC may specify from time to time. <p>The AMC reserves the right to declare any day as a Business Day or otherwise at any or all Investor Service Centres/ Official Points of Acceptance.</p>

Business Hours	9.30 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. on all Business Day(s) or such other time as may be applicable from time to time.
Cut-off timing	In respect of subscriptions, redemptions and switches received by the Scheme, it means the outer limit of timings within a Business Day which are relevant for determination of the NAV / related prices to be applied for a transaction.
Custodian	A person who has been granted a certificate of registration to carry on the business of custodian of securities under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Custodian of Securities) Regulations 1996, which for the time being is Standard Chartered Bank for the scheme.
Depository	Depository as defined in the Depositories Act, 1996.
Derivative	Means:- (i) a security derived from a debt instrument, share, loan whether secured or unsecured, risk instrument or contract for differences or any other form of security; or (ii) a contract which derives its value from the prices, or index of prices, or underlying securities.
Dividend	Income distributed by the Mutual Fund on the Units.
FII	Foreign Institutional Investor, registered with SEBI under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Institutional Investors) Regulations, 1995, as amended from time to time.
First Time Mutual Fund Investor	An investor who invests for the first time ever in any mutual fund either by way of Subscription or via Systematic Investment Plan.
Foreign Securities	ADRs / GDRs / Equity / Debt Securities of overseas companies listed on the recognized stock exchanges overseas or other securities as may be specified and permitted by SEBI and / or RBI from time to time.
Gilts or Government Securities	Securities created and issued by the Central Government and/ or a State Government (including Treasury Bills) or Government Securities as defined in the Public Debt Act, 1944, as amended or re-enacted from time to time.
GOI	Government of India.
Holiday	The day(s) on which the banks (including the Reserve Bank of India) are closed for business or clearing in Mumbai or their functioning is affected due to a strike / "Bandh" call made at any part of the country or due to any other reason.
IMA	The Investment Management Agreement dated July 30, 2009 entered into between DHFL Pramerica Trustees Private Limited (erstwhile Pramerica Trustees Private Limited) and DHFL Pramerica Asset Managers Private Limited (erstwhile Pramerica Asset Managers Private Limited), as amended from time to time.
ISC	The offices of the AMC and/or the RTA or such other centres/offices, which are designated as Investor Service Centre by the AMC from time to time.
Load	In the case of Redemption / Switch out of a Unit, the amount deducted from the Applicable NAV on the Redemption/ Switch out (Exit Load) and in the case of Sale / Switch in of a Unit, amount to be paid by the investor on the Sale / Switch in of a Unit (Entry Load) in addition to the Applicable NAV.
Money Market Instruments	Includes Commercial Papers, Commercial Bills, Treasury Bills, Government Securities having an unexpired maturity upto one year, Call or Notice Money, Certificate of Deposit, Usance Bills and any other like instruments as specified by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time.
Mutual Fund or the Fund	DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund, a trust set up under the provisions of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882 and registered with SEBI under Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.
Net Asset Value or NAV	Net Asset Value per Unit of the Scheme, calculated in the manner described in this Scheme Information Document or as may be prescribed by the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 from time to time.
NRI	Non - Resident Indian or a Person of Indian Origin residing outside India as per the meaning assigned to the term under Foreign Exchange Management (Deposit) Regulations, 2000 framed by Reserve Bank of India under Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999).
OPA	Official Points of Acceptance, as specified by the AMC from time to time where application for all financial transactions (i.e., Subscription / Redemption / Switch) and non-financial transactions will be accepted on ongoing basis.
Person of Indian Origin or PIO	A citizen of any country other than Bangladesh or Pakistan, if (a) he at any time held an Indian passport; or (b) he or either of his parents or any of his grandparents was a citizen of India by virtue of Constitution of India or the Citizenship Act, 1955 (57 of 1955); or (c) the person is a spouse of an Indian citizen or person referred to in sub-clause (a) or (b).
Rating	An opinion regarding securities, expressed in the form of standard symbols or in any other standardized manner, assigned by a credit rating agency and used by the issuer of such securities, to comply with any requirement of the SEBI (Credit Rating Agencies) Regulations, 1999.
RBI	Reserve Bank of India, established under the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
Record Date	Record date is the date which is considered for the purpose of determining the eligibility of the investors whose names appear in the Scheme's Unitholders' register for receiving Dividend in accordance with SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.
Redemption / Repurchase	Redemption of Units of the Scheme in accordance with the Regulations.
Registrar, Registrar & Transfer Agent, RTA,	Karvy Computershare Pvt. Ltd (Karvy), Hyderabad, currently acting as registrar to the Scheme(s) of DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund, or any other Registrar appointed by the AMC from time to time.
Regulatory Agency	GOI, SEBI, RBI, Income Tax Department or any other statutory authority or agency entitled to issue or give any directions, instructions or guidelines to the Mutual Fund.

II. Information about the Scheme

A. NAME AND TYPE OF THE SCHEME

DHFL Pramerica Equity Income Fund (An Open Ended Equity Scheme)

B. INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The investment objective of the scheme is to provide capital appreciation and income distribution to the investors by using equity and equity related instruments, arbitrage opportunities and investments in debt and money market instruments. However, there can be no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be realized or that income will be generated and the scheme does not assure or guarantee any returns.

C. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?

The asset allocation in the Scheme under normal circumstances will be as follows:

Instruments	Indicative allocations (% of total assets)		Risk Profile***
	Minimum	Maximum	
A. Equity and Equity related instruments	65%	90%	High
A1. Of which Net Long Equity*	15%	40%	High
A2. Of which Equity and Equity derivatives** (Only Arbitrage opportunities)	25%	75%	High
B. Debt Securities and Money Market Instruments (including investments in securitized debt)	10%	35%	Low to Medium
C. Units issued by InVITs and REITs	0%	10%	Medium to High

* In the scheme, un-hedged equity exposure shall be limited to 40% of the portfolio value. Un-hedged equity exposure means exposure to equity shares alone without a corresponding equity derivative exposure.

** Equity exposure would be completely hedged with corresponding equity derivatives; the exposure to derivatives shown in the above asset allocation tables is exposure taken against the underlying equity investments and should not be considered for calculating the total asset allocation and / or investment restrictions on the issuer. The margin money requirement for the purposes of derivative exposure may be held in the form of Term Deposits.

The Scheme may invest in Treasury Bills, Repos & Collateralized Borrowing and Lending Obligations ("CBLO"). The Scheme shall not invest in debt foreign securities. Investment in securitised debt may be made to the extent of 20% of net assets of the Scheme. The Scheme shall not invest in foreign securitised debt.

*** Risk profile refers to the price risk of the respective asset class. Please refer risk factors for more details.

In the absence of suitable arbitrage opportunities, the investment manager may choose to have a lower equity exposure. In such defensive circumstances the asset allocation will be as per the below table:

Instruments	Indicative allocations (% of total assets)		Risk Profile***
	Minimum	Maximum	
A. Equity and Equity related instruments	0%	65%	High
A1. Of which Net Long Equity*	0%	20%	High
A2. Of which Equity and Equity derivatives** (Only Arbitrage opportunities) [§]	0%	45%	High
B. Debt Securities and Money Market Instruments (including investments in securitized debt) with a residual maturity of less than 12 months.	35%	100%	Low to Medium

* In the scheme, unhedged equity exposure shall be limited to 20% of the portfolio value. Unhedged equity exposure means exposure to equity shares alone without a corresponding equity derivative exposure.

** Equity exposure would be completely hedged with corresponding equity derivatives; the exposure to derivatives shown in the above asset allocation tables is exposure taken against the underlying equity investments and should not be considered for calculating the total asset allocation and / or investment restrictions on the issuer. The margin money requirement for the purposes of derivative exposure may be held in the form of Term Deposits.

§ Includes investments in derivatives (gross exposure shall not exceed 50% of the asset allocation stipulated above for the relevant instrument category).

The Scheme may invest in Treasury Bills, Repos & Collateralized Borrowing and Lending Obligations ("CBLO"). Investment in securitised debt may be made to the extent of 20% of net assets of the Scheme. The Scheme shall not invest in foreign securities including foreign securitized debt; ADR / GDR.

*** Risk profile refers to the price risk of the respective asset class. Please refer risk factors for more details.

The cumulative gross exposure through debt, money market instruments and derivative positions shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Scheme in accordance with SEBI Cir / IMD / DF / 11 / 2010 dated August 18, 2010.

The Scheme will not have a leveraged position in derivatives. The Scheme will not participate in Repo in corporate debt securities and Credit Default Swap. The Scheme will not invest in scrip lending. The Scheme will not invest in equity linked debentures. The scheme will not engage in short selling of securities.

The margin money deployed on derivative positions would be included in the debt and money market instruments category.

In the event of the asset allocation falling outside the range as indicated above, rebalancing will be called for by the Investment Manager within 30 days.

Any alteration in the Investment Pattern will be for a short term on defensive considerations; the intention being at all times to protect the interests of the Unit Holders. The scheme may also hold cash from time to time.

Where the portfolio is not rebalanced within 30 Days, justification for the same shall be placed before the Investment Committee and reasons for the same shall be recorded in writing. The Investment Committee shall then decide on the course of action. However, at all times, the portfolio will adhere to the overall investment objective of the Scheme.

It must be clearly understood that the percentages stated above are only indicative and not absolute and that they can vary substantially depending upon the perception of the Investment Manager, the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders.

D. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST?

DHFL Pramerica Equity Income Fund will invest in equity, debt securities and money market instruments. The Scheme will also invest in other instruments as may be permitted by RBI / SEBI/ such other regulatory authorities from time to time. Such instruments will include but will not be limited to:-

- Equity issued by Indian companies and traded on a recognized stock exchange
- Exchange Traded Derivatives like Options and futures with equity indices or stocks as underlying.
- Securities created and issued by the Central and State Governments and / or repos / reverse repos in such Government Securities as may be permitted by RBI (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills).
- Securities guaranteed by the Central and State Governments (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills).
- Debt securities of domestic Government agencies and statutory bodies, which may or may not carry a Central / State Government guarantee.
- Corporate debt and securities (of both public and private sector undertakings) including Bonds, Debentures, Notes, Scrips, etc.

- Securities of banks (both public and private sector) and development financial institutions.
- Non-convertible part of convertible debentures
- Money market instruments as permitted by SEBI / RBI, call money market or in alternative investments for the call money market as may be provided by RBI to meet the liquidity requirements and as defined under the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.
- Domestic fixed income securities including Structured Obligation include but are not limited to Asset Backed Securities, Mortgage Backed Securities, Future Flow Transactions, Partial / Full Guarantees Structures.
- Certificate of Deposits (CDs).
- Commercial Paper (CPs).
- Derivative instruments like Exchange Traded Interest Rate Futures, Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreements and such other derivative instruments as permitted by SEBI/ RBI
- Investment in units of Real Estate Investment Trust ('REIT') & Infrastructure Investment Trust ('InvIT').
- Any other debt instruments, as may be permitted by RBI / SEBI / such other Regulatory Authority, from time to time.

It must be clearly understood that the percentages stated in the asset allocation pattern are only indicative and not absolute and that they can vary substantially depending upon the perception of the Investment Manager, the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. The Board of AMC reserves the right to change the above pattern in the interest of the investors depending on the market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors. The Investment Manager is required to rebalance the above asset allocation / investment pattern based on its views on the markets and liquidity or liability needs. Investors may note that securities which offer higher potential return will usually display higher volatility. The Scheme retains the flexibility to invest across all the securities in the debt and money markets instruments and in the event of the asset allocation falling outside the range as indicated above, the asset allocation pattern shall be bought to indicative allocation by the Investment Manager within 30 calendar days. If not, it shall account to fundamental attribute change of the scheme.

From time to time it is possible that the portfolio may hold cash. The Scheme may invest its funds in short-term deposits of scheduled commercial banks pending deployment.

The Scheme could invest in Fixed/Floating rate Securities issued by government, quasi government entities, corporate issuers, structured notes and multilateral agencies. The securities mentioned above could be listed or unlisted, privately placed, secured or unsecured, rated or un-rated and of any maturity, as enabled under SEBI Regulations/ circulars/ RBI. The securities may be acquired from primary market, secondary market operations, private placement or negotiated deals. Pending deployment of the funds collected in the Scheme, funds of the Scheme can be parked in Short Term Deposits of Scheduled Commercial Banks subject to compliance with the SEBI Circular No. SEBI/IMD/CIR No.9/20306/03 dated November 12, 2003, SEBI Circular No. SEBI/IMD/Cir No.1/91171/07 dated April 16, 2007, SEBI and Clause 8 of Seventh Schedule of Mutual Funds Regulations, 1996 and SEBI Circular No. SEBI/IMD/Cir No.1/91171/07 dated April 16, 2007.

The Scheme may invest in other debt Schemes managed by the AMC or in the debt Schemes of any other Mutual Funds, provided it is in conformity to the investment objectives of the Scheme and in terms of the prevailing Regulations. As per the Regulations, no investment management fees will be charged for such investments and the aggregate inter Scheme investment made by all Schemes of DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund or in the Schemes under the management of other asset management companies shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund.

The Scheme does not intend to enter into underwriting obligations. However, if the Scheme does enter into an underwriting agreement, it would do so after complying with the Regulations and with the requisite approval of the Board of the AMC / Trustee. This would not require change in the fundamental attributes of the scheme as per SEBI regulations.

The AMC may invest in the scheme during the continuous offer period subject to the SEBI Regulations & circulars issued by SEBI and to the extent permitted by its Board of Directors from time to time. As per the existing

SEBI Regulations, the AMC will not charge investment management and advisory fee on the investment made by it in the Scheme.

E. WHAT IS THE INVESTMENT STRATEGY?

The scheme will seek to achieve its investment objective primarily by employing various strategies which seek to exploit available arbitrage opportunities in equity markets combined with investments in unhedged equity positions as well as debt and money market instruments.

Arbitrage Strategies

The arbitrage strategies that the Fund may adopt could be as under. The list is not exhaustive and the Fund could use similar strategies and any other strategies as available in the markets.

1. Cash Futures Arbitrage Strategy

The fund would look for market opportunities between the spot and the futures market. The cash futures arbitrage strategy can be employed when the price of the futures exceeds the price of the underlying stock. The fund would simultaneously buy the stocks in cash market and sell in the futures market to lock the spread. Buying the stock in cash market and selling the futures results in a hedge where the fund portfolio has locked in a spread and is not affected by the price movements in the spot and futures markets. The arbitrage position can be continued till expiry of the futures contracts or the positions maybe rolled over to the next month. The futures contracts are settled based on the last half an hour's weighted average trade of the cash market. There is a convergence between the cash market and the futures market on expiry and this convergence results in the portfolio being able to generate the arbitrage return locked in earlier. However, the position may even be closed earlier in the event of the price differential being realized before expiry or better opportunities being available in other stocks / indexes. The strategy is attractive if this price differential (post all costs) is higher than the investor's cost-of capital.

2. Corporate Action / Event Driven Strategies

a. Dividend Arbitrage

At the time of declaration of dividend, the stock futures / options market can provide a profitable opportunity. Generally, the stock prices decline by the dividend amount when the stock becomes ex-dividend.

b. Buy-Back / Open Offer Arbitrage

When the Company announces the buy-back or open offer of its own shares, there could be opportunities due to price differential in buyback price and traded price.

c. Merger

When the Company announces any merger, amalgamation, hive off, de-merger, etc, there could be opportunities due to price differential in the cash and the derivative market.

d. Initial Public Offer

There are potential opportunities available during the Initial Public Offers (IPO) of companies when they list for trading on the stock exchanges.

Equity strategy:

A top down and bottom up approach will be used to invest in equity and equity related instruments. Investments will be pursued in selected sectors based on the Investment team's analysis of business cycles, regulatory reforms, competitive advantage etc. Selective stock picking will be done from these sectors. The fund manager in selecting scrips will focus on the fundamentals of the business, the industry structure, the quality of management, sensitivity to economic factors, the financial strength of the company and the key earnings drivers. The Scheme may invest in unlisted and / or privately placed securities subject to the regulatory limits.

Fixed Income:

The Fund Management team endeavors to meet the investment objective whilst maintaining a balance between safety and return on investments. The Scheme shall be actively managed and the Fund Management team may endeavor to generate returns whilst moderating credit and interest rate risk.

The Fund Manager shall formulate a view of the interest rate movement based on various parameters of the Indian economy, as well as developments

in global markets. The Investment Manager may try to leverage its international resource base to understand the global economic and interest rate environment.

Research inputs along with discussions with colleagues across the globe on the global economic environment provide the fund management team with a global perspective. Investment views / decisions inter alia may be taken on the basis of the following parameters:

- Returns offered relative to alternative investment opportunities.
- Prevailing interest rate scenario
- Quality of the security / instrument (including the financial health of the issuer)
- Maturity profile of the instrument
- Any other factors considered relevant in the opinion of the Fund Management team.

The Scheme may also use derivatives to reduce the volatility of the portfolio and / or to enhance the portfolio returns. The Scheme may try to identify securities that yield relative value over others for similar risk and liquidity level. Various analytical tools like yield curve analysis, spreads between asset classes, horizon returns, forward implied interest rates, may be deployed to evaluate various investment options.

Securitisation - Concept

Asset securitisation is a process whereby commercial or consumer credits are packaged and sold in the form of financial instruments. A typical process of asset securitisation involves sale of specific Receivables to a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) set up in the form of a trust or a company. The SPV in turn issues financial instruments (e.g., promissory notes, pass through certificates or other debt instruments) to investors, such instruments evidencing the beneficial ownership of the investors in the Receivables. The financial instruments are rated by an independent credit rating agency. An Investor's Agent is normally appointed for providing trusteeship services for the transaction.

On the recommendation of the credit rating agency, additional credit support (Credit Enhancement) may be provided in order that the instrument may receive the desired level of rating. Typically the servicing of the Receivables is continued by the seller in the capacity of the Servicer. Cash flows, as and when they are received, are passed onto the investors.

Features of securitisation transactions include:

- Absolute true sale of assets to an SPV (with defined purposes and activities) in trust for the investors;
- Reliance by the investors on the performance of the assets for repayment - rather than the credit of the Originator (the seller) or the Issuer (the SPV);
- Consequent to the above, "Bankruptcy Remoteness" from the Originator;
- Support for timely payments, inter-alia, in the form of suitable credit enhancements, if required;
- Securitised debt paper usually achieves a high investment grade credit rating;
- There is a diversification of economic risks as credit risk is spread over a diversified group of obligors.

Generally available Asset Classes for securitisation in India

- Commercial Vehicles
- Auto and Two wheeler pools
- Mortgage pools (residential housing loans)
- Personal Loan, credit card and other retail loans
- Corporate loans/receivables

The fund may invest in various type of securitisation issuances as contained in the above table, including but not limited to Asset Backed Securitisation, Mortgage Backed Securitisation, Personal Loan Backed Securitisation, Collateralized Loan Obligation/Collateralized Bond Obligation and so on.

Disclosure requirements for securitized debt

- 1) How the risk profile of securitized debt fits into the risk appetite of the Scheme

An evaluation procedure similar to that applied in analyzing plain vanilla debt (commercial paper, non convertible debentures and bonds) will be employed for analyzing securitized debt and assessing their eligibility for the various open ended and close ended fixed income portfolios. We will also analyze the risk profile in such instruments so that they are more or less in line with plain vanilla debt and in line with the investment objectives from a risk profile perspective for the various investing Schemes.

- 2) Policy relating to originators based on nature of originator, track record, NPAs, losses in earlier securitized debt, etc is as follows:

- (a) Track record - This is a key parameter that we consider at the time of analyzing the transaction. Originators with long track record of operation lend a greater degree of comfort, as they have a longer operating credit history which can be assessed. The track-record would vary depending on the obligor/originator. Further the trackrecord of having undertaken such transactions are also evaluated. Most of the entities which undertake such transactions in the Indian market have both a long track-record of operations and a history of having undertaken securitization transactions.

- (b) Willingness to pay, through credit enhancement facilities etc. - In this case the stand alone credit assessment of the obligor is carried out to indicate the overall financial health. In the case of retail pool securitization transactions, credit enhancement levels offered at the start and the overall utilization levels during the tenor of the transaction is analyzed to reflect the credit comfort and cushion available.

- (c) Ability to pay- this is the outcome of the stand-alone credit assessment of the issuer which is arrived after analyzing the income statement and balance sheet of the obligor. This aspect is key in the case of single loan sell down transactions, since the final repayment is to be made by the obligor and is directly dependent on its overall financial health. This aspect is also usually reflected in the stand-alone credit rating of the company which primarily captures the credit risk i.e the ability to honour financial obligations to lenders in a timely fashion.

- (d) Business risk assessment, wherein following factors are considered:

- Outlook for the economy (domestic and global) - this forms part of the usual credit assessment and the macro analysis. This will have an impact on the business risk of the obligor.

- Outlook for the industry - external risks are analyzed here and their impact on the business risk is analyzed. Opportunities and threats as part of the swot analysis are analyzed.

- Company specific factors - the strengths and weaknesses of the company are critically analyzed here

In addition a detailed review and assessment of rating rationale should be done including interactions with the company as well as agency - The latest rating assessment report is studied to understand the key strengths and risks faced by the issuer/obligor. It has been our practice to discuss the rating report with the rating agency in order to understand the finer credit aspects and the impact it could have on the financial health and rating. As part of the due diligence, we also hold discussions with the obligors/originators which help in getting a better insight into their background.

Critical Evaluation Parameters (for pool loan and single loan securitization transactions) regarding the originator/underlying issuer is as follows:

Default track record/frequent alteration of redemption conditions/ covenants - all transaction conditions and covenants are analyzed to examine any flexibility available to the obligor/originator to alter the terms and conditions which can impact the investor position. If any of these conditions are un-favourable, then these are negotiated/altered at the start of the transaction.

High leverage ratios of the ultimate borrower (for single-sell downs) - both on a standalone basis as well on a consolidated level/ group level - financial analysis of balance sheet and income sheet ratios

forms critical part of credit analysis, since factors such as gearing will determine both the credit rating as well as debt servicing and final repayment. High gearing also may limit the ability of the obligor to seek additional funding from the market on a timely basis to meet any maturing obligations. Hence this aspect is very crucial in the analysis.

Higher proportion of reschedulement of underlying assets of the pool or loan, as the case may be -we analyze the pool at start to ensure that there are no major rescheduled assets within the pool, since any deterioration of such assets could weaken the pool's overall asset quality and could lead to higher credit enhancement utilization.

Higher proportion of overdue assets of the pool or the underlying loan, as the case may be -quality of the retail pool at start is important as it could have a significant impact on the pool's performance during its tenor

Poor reputation in market - originators/obligors with poor reputation and/or financial health are usually discarded during our credit evaluation, since asset quality could quickly deteriorate in some cases which could impair debt servicing and repayment. Further, such obligors would also find it difficult to tap the market to raise funds if needed to meet any maturing financial obligations.

Insufficient track record of servicing of the pool or the loan, as the case may be - since we critically assess track-record of operations of the obligor/originator, any shortfall in this parameter would be captured in our analysis. We usually prefer obligors/originators with reasonable operating history since it offers adequate credit history for purpose of credit analysis.

3) Risk mitigation strategies for investments with each kind of originator is as follows:

(a) Size and reach of the originator - different originators have varying levels of reach and access. Besides different originators operate in different

geographies and consumer segments. Also the asset classes that they originate could be different depending on their target profitability, risk tolerance levels and support infrastructure for disbursing loans and making recoveries and collections. We usually look for originators possessing fair degree of diversification in their operation (metros/ semi urban and rural markets), asset classes (collateralized assets are preferred such as cars, commercial vehicles, construction equipment etc.) and with a fairly robust collection infrastructure. Most of the regular names that we invest comply with these requirements.

(b) Collection process, infrastructure and follow-up mechanism - we usually prefer originators who possess in-house capabilities and infrastructure as regards disbursements, collections and recoveries since it has been historically proven that such entities usually exhibit better asset quality in the long run. Most of the originators in our universe fall in this category.

(c) Quality of MIS - data quality and timely availability is critical in the asset financing business. We stress on this aspect and look for entities which have robust MIS and have networked branches so that MIS generation is faster, efficient and senior management is in a position to take timely decisions.

(d) Credit enhancement for different type of originator - this varies between originators and is usually determined and specified by the originator. The rating agency usually established the base case losses for the originator and for the specific asset category and then applies a stress facto depending on their own assessment of the originators financial health, and other strengths and weaknesses as also the prevailing macroeconomic factors which can impact overall asset quality.

4) The level of diversification with respect to the underlying assets, and risk mitigation measures for less diversified investments

Following framework will be applied while evaluating investment decision relating to a pool securitization transaction:

Characteristics/ Type of Pool	Mortgage Loan#	CV & CE\$	Cars	2 Wheelers	Micro Finance Pools @	Personal Loans	Single Sell Downs
Approximate Average maturity (in Months)*	36-72	12-30	12-30	12-18	3-15	12-24	12-24
Collateral margin (including cash, guarantees, excess interest spread, subordinate tranche)	Min :10	5-25	5-25	Min : 15	Min : 10	Min : 15	-
Average Loan to Value Ratio (%)	70-90	65-85	65-85	50-75	60-85	NA	-
Average seasoning of the Pool (mths)	6-12	3-6	3-6	3-6	1-3	3-6	-
Maximum single exposure range %	5-15	5-15	5-15	5-10	5-15	5-10	5-15
Average single exposure range %	10	10	10	7.5	10	7.5	10

1. Kindly note that these are indicative ranges and final figures could vary depending upon the overall characteristics of the transaction and market conditions.

2. Also since most of the transactions are composite in nature i.e they have more than one asset class the actual cash level would be finalized based on the final mix.

3. #Mortgage loans are usually not clubbed with other asset classes since the average tenors are different for these asset classes. Hence mortgage loan pools are usually issued separately. Hence we have indicated 100 % under this asset class.

4. @Micro finance pools are also issued separately and not clubbed with other asset classes. Hence we have indicated 100% under Micro Finance pools under maximum exposure.

5. The percentages indicated in the table above is with reference to investments in securitized debt instruments, subject to investment restrictions as per the regulations.

6. * The Scheme shall invest in securitized debt instruments maturing on or before the maturity of the Scheme.

\$ CV: Commercial Vehicles, CE: Construction Equipment

Risk mitigating measures

(a) Size of the loan - the overall fund raising plan of the obligor/originator is examined to assess the impact it would have on overall gearing and debt servicing.

(b) Average original maturity of the pool - This is also important from a point of indicating how quickly the pool will liquidate as the underlying assets mature and pay-off. This parameter would impact interest rate sensitivity of the security.

(c) Loan to Value Ratio - the LTV varies from issuer to issuer and also within asset classes. Based on our past experience and empirical data, we examine the LTV levels, since these have a critical link to the final recoveries in the case of default.

(d) Average seasoning of the pool - this may also vary between originators. Higher seasoning at the start will offer better visibility on future delinquencies. Pools with higher average seasoning which depict low delinquencies usually tend to have satisfactory asset quality over the life of the transaction. We prefer to invest in pools which have average seasoning of at least 3-4 months at the start since any early delinquencies can be removed at the time of pool finalization.

(e) Default rate distribution - this is studied using empirical data for the originator. This is also a critical data used by the rating agency in determining the credit enhancement levels to be stipulated.

- (f) Geographical Distribution - all pools usually have assets which are geographically diversified, since this reduces the default risk.
- (g) Credit enhancement facility - very critical especially in the case of retail pools since delinquencies and final asset losses are absorbed using cash so that there is no shortfall in investor servicing.
- (h) Liquid facility - in some cases in addition to the credit enhancement facility there is also a liquidity facility available which is useful to meet any shortfalls arising from delayed collections (delinquencies) in the pool. If an explicit liquidity facility is not provided in the transaction, then the credit enhancement facility is used for the said purpose.

Note: However that the liquidity facility is only available to be used for standard assets i.e assets wherein the days past due do not exceed 90.

- (i) Structure of the pool - we will invest in both single loan securitization transactions and retail pool securitization transactions. Single loan securitization transactions will essentially be loans which are repackaged as pass through certificates (PTCs) and sold to potential investors. These may be collateralized i.e. backed by certain fixed assets of the issuers. In the case of retail pool securitization transactions, we will have underlying retail loans from various asset classes such as cars, CVs, construction equipment etc. The above framework including the above mentioned risk mitigating measures will be applied at the time of analyzing pool PTC transactions. In the case of composite PTC pools i.e. pools with more than one asset class, each of the asset categories will be assessed separately in order to arrive at the overall risk profile of the composite pool.

- 5) Minimum retention period of the debt by originator prior to securitization - there is usually no stipulation on the minimum retention period of debt by the originator in the case of single loan PTCs. We follow our usual investment guidelines in evaluating the eligibility of the security for our portfolios. This is usually in compliance with extant regulations on securitization.

In the case of ABS securities (pool PTCs), assets are usually sold down by the originators after a period of 1-2 months from their date of origination. This helps in identifying any delinquencies in these assets and creating a high quality pool.

- 6) Minimum retention percentage by originator of debts to be securitized - we usually do not stipulate a minimum retention percentage of the debt securitized by the originator. Our investment decision is based on our independent assessment of the credit risk/other risks specific to the transaction.
- 7) The mechanism to tackle conflict of interest when the mutual fund invests in securitized debt of an originator and the originator in turn makes investments in that particular Scheme of the fund - all investment decisions are led by stand-alone assessments of the securities (PTC) from a credit, liquidity and market risks amongst others. Our internal process and reporting platforms are designed to ensure complete independence of the credit research & investment process from sales business.
- 8) The resources and mechanism of individual risk assessment with the AMC for monitoring investment in securitized debt - in addition to the usual practice followed in the case of plain vanilla debt ratings, we will follow a process of regular monitoring of rating movement. Monthly data on pool performance is received in the case of ABS transactions from the Trustee to the transaction. These reports are scanned to check for any change in asset quality and related impact on debt servicing and any impact that it can have on the credit ratings.

DERIVATIVE STRATEGY

The Scheme may invest in various derivative instruments which are permissible under the applicable regulations. Such investments shall be subject to the investment objective and strategy of the Scheme and the internal limits if any, as laid down from time to time. These include but are not limited to futures (both stock and index) and options (stock and index). Derivatives are financial contracts of pre-determined fixed duration, whose values are derived from the value of an underlying primary financial instrument such as interest rates, exchange rates, commodities and equities. There are several advantages in using derivatives in the portfolio. The use of derivatives provides flexibility to the Scheme to hedge whole or part of the portfolio.

The risks associated with derivatives are similar to those associated with underlying investments. The additional risks of using derivative strategies could be on account of:

- Illiquidity;
- Potential mispricing of the Futures/Options;
- Lack of opportunity;
- Inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with the underlying (Indices, Assets, Exchange Rates);
- Cost of hedge can be higher than adverse impact of market movements;
- An exposure to derivatives in excess of the hedging requirements can lead to losses;
- An exposure to derivatives can also limit the profits from a genuine investment transaction.
- The prices which are seen on the screen need not be the same at which execution will take place.

For detailed risks associated with use of derivatives, please refer paragraph "Scheme Specific Risk Factors"

The following section describes the concepts and examples of derivatives that may be used by the fund manager:-

Futures:-

A futures contract is a standardized contract between two parties where one of the parties commits to sell, and the other to buy, a stipulated quantity of a security at an agreed price on or before a given date in the future. Currently, futures contracts have a maximum expiration cycle of 3-months. Three contracts are available for trading, with 1 month, 2 months and 3 months expiry respectively. A new contract is introduced on the next trading day following the expiry of the relevant monthly contract. Futures contracts typically expire on the last Thursday of the month.

Basic Structure of an Index Future:- The Index futures are instruments designed to give exposure to the equity markets indices. The BSE Limited ('BSE') and the National Stock Exchange of India Limited ('NSE') have trading in index futures of 1, 2 and 3 month maturities. The pricing of an index future is the function of the underlying index and short term interest rates. Index futures are cash settled; there is no delivery of the underlying stocks.

Example using hypothetical figures:

1 month S & P CNX NIFTY Future

Say, the Mutual Fund buys 1,000 futures contracts; each contract value is 100 times futures index price

Spot Index	:	4200.00
Future Price on day 1	:	4210.00
Say, Margin	:	10%

On the date of Settlement:

Future Price = Closing Spot Price = 4225

Profits for the Fund = $(4225 - 4210) \times 1000 \times 100 = \text{Rs. } 1,500,000$

Please note that the above example is given for illustration purposes only. Some assumptions have been made for the sake of simplicity. The net impact for the Scheme will be in terms of the difference of the closing price of the index and cost price. Thus, it is clear from the example that the profit or loss for the Scheme will be the difference of the closing price (which can be higher or lower than the purchase price) and the purchase price. The risks associated with index futures are similar to those associated with equity investments. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mispricing of the futures.

Basic Structure of a Stock Future:- A futures contract on a stock gives its owner the right and obligation to buy or sell the stocks. The single stock futures traded on NSE are cash settled; there is no delivery of the underlying stocks on the expiration date. A purchase or sale of futures on a security gives the trader essentially the same price exposure as a purchase or sale of the security itself. In this regard, trading in stock futures is no different from trading the security itself.

Example using hypothetical figures:

The Mutual Fund holds shares of XYZ Ltd., the current price of which is Rs. 500 per share. The Mutual Fund sells one month futures on the shares of XYZ Ltd. at the rate of Rs. 540. If the price of the stock falls, the Mutual Fund will suffer losses on the stock position held. However, in such a scenario, there will be a profit on the short futures position.

At the end of the period, the price of the stock falls to Rs. 450 and this fall in the price of the stock results in a fall in the price of futures to Rs. 470. There will be a loss of Rs. 50 per share (Rs. 500 – Rs. 450) on the holding of the stock, which will be offset by the profits of Rs. 70 (Rs. 540 – Rs. 470) made on the short futures position.

Please note that the above example is given for illustration purposes only. Some assumptions have been made for the sake of simplicity. Certain factors like margins and other related costs have been ignored. The risks associated with stock futures are similar to those associated with equity investments. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mispricing of the futures.

Options:-

An option gives a person the right but not an obligation to buy or sell something. An option is a contract between two parties wherein the buyer receives a privilege for which he/she/it pays a fee (premium) and the seller accepts an obligation for which he/she/it receives a fee. The premium is the price negotiated and set when the option is bought or sold. A person who buys an option is said to be long in the option. A person who sells (or writes) an option is said to be short in the option.

An option contract may be of two kinds:

- a. Call option: - An option that provides the buyer the right to buy is a call option. The buyer of the call option can call upon the seller of the option and buy from him the underlying asset at the agreed price. The seller of the option has to fulfill the obligation upon exercise of the option.
- b. Put option: - The right to sell is called a put option. Here, the buyer of the option can exercise his right to sell the underlying asset to the seller of the option at the agreed price.

Option contracts are classified into two styles:

- i. European Style: In a European option, the holder of the option can only exercise his right on the date of expiration only.
- ii. American Style: In an American option, the holder can exercise his right anytime between the purchase date and the expiration date.

Index/Stock Options: - Index options/Stock options are termed to be an efficient way of buying/selling an index/stock compared to buying / selling a portfolio of physical shares representing an index for ease of execution and settlement. The participation can be done by buying / selling either Index futures or by buying a call/put option. The risk are also different when index /stock futures are bought/sold vis-a-vis index/stocks options as in case of an index future there is a mark to market variation and the risk is much higher as compared to buying an option, where the risk is limited to the extent of premium paid.

Basic Structure of an Equity Option:- In India, option contracts on indices are European style and cash settled whereas, option contracts on individual securities are American style and cash settled.

The illustration below explains how one can gain using Index call / put option. These same principles of profit/loss in an Index option apply for stock option as well.

Call Option:-

Suppose an investor buys a Call option on 1 lot of Nifty (Lot Size: 50 units)

- Nifty index (European option).
- Nifty 1 Lot Size: 50 units
- Spot Price (S): 3500
- Strike Price (x): 3550 (Out-of-Money Call Option)
- Premium: 100

Total Amount paid by the investor as premium $[50 \times 100] = 5000$

There are two possibilities i.e. either the index moves up over the strike price or remains below the strike price.

Case 1- The index goes up

- An investor sells the Nifty Option described above before expiry: Suppose the Nifty index moves up to 3600 in the spot market and the premium has moved to Rs 200 and there are 15 days more left for the expiry. The investor decides to reverse his position in the market by selling his 1 Nifty call option as the option now is In the Money.

His gains are as follows:

- Nifty Spot: 3600
- Current Premium: Rs.200
- Premium paid: Rs.100
- Net Gain: Rs.200- Rs.100 = Rs.100 per unit
- Total gain on 1 lot of Nifty (50 units) = Rs.5000 (50×100)

In this case the premium of Rs.200 has an intrinsic value of Rs.50 per unit and the remaining Rs.150 is the time value of the option.

- An investor exercises the Nifty Option at expiry

Suppose the Nifty index moves up to 3700 in the spot market on the expiry day and the investor decides to reverse his position in the market by exercising the Nifty call option as the option now is in the Money.

His gains are as follows:

- Nifty Spot: 3700
- Premium paid: Rs.100
- Exercise Price: 3550
- Receivable on exercise: $3700 - 3550 = 150$
- Total Gain: Rs.2500 $\{(150 - 100) \times 50\}$

In this case the realised gain is only the intrinsic value, which is Rs.50, and there is no time value.

Case 2 - The Nifty index moves to any level below 3550

Then the investor does not gain anything but on the other hand his loss is limited to the premium paid:

Net Loss is Rs.5000 (Loss is capped to the extent of Premium Paid) $(Rs\ 100\ Premium\ paid \times Lot\ Size: 50\ units)$.

Put Option:-

Suppose an investor buys a Put option on 1 lot of Nifty.

- Nifty 1 Lot Size: 50 units
- Spot Price (S): 3500
- Strike Price (x): 3450 (Out-of-Money Put Option)
- Premium: 30
- Total Amount paid by the investor as premium $[50 \times 30] = 1500$

There are two possibilities i.e. either the index moves over the strike price or moves below the strike price.

Let us analyze these scenarios.

Case 1 - The index goes down

- An investor sells the Nifty Option before expiry:

Suppose the Nifty index moves down to 3400 in the spot market and the premium has moved to Rs. 80 and there are 15 days more left for the expiry. The investor decides to reverse his position in the market by selling his 1 Nifty Put Option as the option now is In The Money. His gains are as follows:

- Nifty Spot: 3400
- Premium paid: Rs.30
- Net Gain: Rs.80 - Rs.30 = Rs.50 per unit
- Total gain on 1 lot of Nifty (50 units) = Rs.2500 (50×50)

In this case the premium of Rs.80 has an intrinsic value of Rs.50 per unit and the remaining Rs.30 is the time value of the option.

- An investor exercises the Nifty Option at expiry (It is an European Option)

Suppose the Nifty index moves down to 3400 in the spot market on the expiry day and the investor decides to reverse his position in the market by exercising the Nifty Put Option as the option now is In The Money. His gains are as follows:

- Nifty Spot: 3400
- Premium paid: Rs.30
- Exercise Price: 3450
- Gain on exercise: $3450 - 3400 = 50$
- Total Gain: Rs.1000 $\{(50 - 30) * 50\}$

In this case the realised amount is only the intrinsic value, which is Rs.50, and there is no time value in this case.

Case 2 - If the Nifty index stays over the strike price which is 3450, in the spot market then the investor does not gain anything but on the other hand his loss is limited to the premium paid.

- Nifty Spot: >3450
- Net Loss Rs.1500 (Loss is capped to the extent of Premium Paid) (Rs 30 Premium paid * Lot Size: 50 units).

Besides, the purchase and sale of Index and Single stock equity derivatives, the Fund Manager may also use some of the below-mentioned strategies for the purpose of efficient portfolio management:

(a) Reverse Arbitrage:

This strategy will be adopted if the cash price of a stock (say "ABC") is reasonably greater than single stock futures of ABC, then the Investment Manager may sell cash position in ABC and buy single stock futures of ABC. In this case the Investment Manager will still be having a long-term view on the stock ABC but is able to minimize the cost of holding of ABC.

(b) Arbitrage:

This strategy will be adopted if the single stock future of ABC is reasonably greater than the cash price of ABC, then the Investment Manager will buy the shares of ABC in the cash market and sell equivalent numbers of single stock futures of ABC. In this case the Investment Manager may not have an investment view of the stock ABC but would like to enhance the portfolio value.

(c) Portfolio Hedging:

Portfolio Hedging will be adopted –

- If in an already invested portfolio of a Scheme, the Investment Manager is expecting a market correction, the Investment Manager may sell Index Futures to insulate the portfolio from the market related risks.
- If there are significant inflows to the Scheme and the market expectations are bullish, the Investment Manager may buy Index Futures to continue participation in the equity markets.

Execution of these strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify and execute based on such opportunities. These involve significant uncertainties and decision of fund manager may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies.

Overview of Debt Market in India

The Indian bond market comprises mainly of Government securities, bonds issued by Public Sector Undertakings (PSU), Development Financial Institutions (DFI) and infrastructure related agencies, debentures and money market instruments issued by the corporate sectors and banks.

The Indian bond market has witnessed increased issuance of bonds from government sponsored institutions, DFIs, and infrastructure related agencies since 1995. These bonds are rated by credit rating agencies like CRISIL, ICRA, CARE and FITCH. They constitute reasonable amount of the trading volume on the Wholesale Debt Market platform of National Stock Exchange and are widely held by market participants because of their liquidity and reduced risk perception due to the government stake in some of them.

The Indian corporate sector has also been frequently raising capital through issuance of non-convertible debentures and commercial papers. Most of the money is raised through the "Private Placement" route. These privately debentures are mostly rated by rating agencies. While some of them trade very actively, most of them are not very liquid, due to which they normally trade at a marginally higher yield than bonds issued by PSU and other government sponsored agencies.

The securitised debt market in India has grown substantially since the first recorded transaction in 1990. In the last few years, prominent banking and non-banking financial institutions have chosen the securitisation route. Although asset classes chosen have concentrated mostly on auto and hire purchase receivables, the 'Mortgage Backed Securities' are also being issued in the last few years. The mutual funds have shown good interest and appetite for such asset backed securities.

The Government of India routinely issues government securities and Treasury bills for liquidity and fiscal management. While the government issues Treasury bills for 91 days, 182 days and 364 days in a discounted form, the coupon-bearing government securities are issued for maturity ranging from 1 year to as high as 30 years. Both the Treasury bills and coupon-bearing securities are auctioned by the RBI on behalf of the Government of India.

Indian private sector banks routinely issue Certificate of Deposits to investors at attractive rates. They are less liquid when compared to Treasury Bills and Commercial Papers (CPs). CPs are compulsorily rated by rating agencies such as CRISIL, ICRA, CARE and FITCH and are issued for a tenor ranging from 15 days to 364 days. They are mostly issued in dematerialised form. CPs are relatively liquid instruments.

Risk Control

Since investing requires disciplined risk management, the AMC would incorporate adequate safeguards for controlling risks in the portfolio construction process.

The risk control process involves reducing risks through portfolio diversification, taking care however not to dilute returns in the process. The AMC believes that this diversification would help achieve the desired level of consistency in returns. Stock specific risk will be minimized by investing only in those companies that have been analyzed by the Investment Team at the AMC. For investments in debt securities, the AMC aims to identify securities, which offer superior levels of yield at lower levels of risks. With the aim of controlling risks, rigorous and in-depth credit evaluation of the securities proposed to be invested in, will be carried out by the investment team of the AMC. Rated Debt instruments in which the Scheme invests will be of investment grade as rated by a credit rating agency. The AMC will be guided but not limited by the ratings of Rating Agencies such as CRISIL, CARE, ICRA and Fitch or any other rating agencies that may be registered with SEBI from time to time. In case a debt instrument is not rated, investment will be in accordance with Guidelines approved by the Board. Further, all investments in the unrated paper are periodically reviewed by Investment Committee and the Board of AMC & Trustee Company.

For its investments into Equity instruments, the Scheme(s) will invest across a range of market capitalisations with a preference for medium and large companies. A top down and bottom up approach will be used to invest in equity and equity related instruments. Investments will be pursued in select sectors based on the Investment Team's analysis of business cycles, regulatory reforms, competitive advantage etc. Selective stock picking will be done from these sectors. The fund manager in selecting scrips will focus on the fundamentals of the business, the industry structure, the quality of management, sensitivity to economic factors, the financial strength of the company and the key earnings drivers. The Scheme(s) may also use various derivatives and hedging products from time to time, as would be available and permitted.

Portfolio Turnover

Portfolio turnover is defined as the aggregate of purchases and sales as a percentage of the corpus of the Scheme during a specified period of time. Portfolio turnover in the Scheme will be a function of market opportunities. The economic environment changes on a continuous basis and exposes debt portfolio to systematic as well as nonsystematic risk. Consequently, it is difficult to estimate with any reasonable measure of accuracy, the likely turnover in the portfolio.

The Investment Manager will endeavour to optimise portfolio turnover to optimise risk adjusted return keeping in mind the cost associated with it. A high portfolio turnover rate is not necessarily a drag on portfolio performance and may be representative of arbitrage opportunities that exist for scrip/securities held in the portfolio rather than an indication of a change in AMC's view on a scrip, etc.

Investments by the AMC in the Scheme

The AMC may invest in the Scheme, subject to the Regulations and to the extent permitted by its Board from time to time. As per the existing Regulations, the AMC will not charge investment management and advisory fee on the investment made by it in the Scheme.

F. FUNDAMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

The investment objective together with the investment approach and the investment pattern comprise the principal fundamental attributes of the Scheme. Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the Scheme(s), in terms of Regulation 18 (15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations:

(i) **Type of a Scheme** : Please refer to Section II of this SID (titled 'Information About The Scheme')

(ii) Investment Objective

- Main Objective Please refer to Section II of this SID (titled 'Information About The Scheme')
- Investment pattern Please refer to the section "How will the Scheme Allocate its Assets" in Section II (titled 'Information About The Scheme')

(iii) Terms of Issue

Terms of Issue relating to listing, re-purchase, redemption, fees and expenses; and Annual Scheme Recurring Expenses (as % of daily average net assets) are detailed in Section III titled "Units and Offer" and Section IV titled "Fees and Expenses".

The Scheme does not provide any guaranteed or assured return.

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, the Trustee will ensure that no change in the Fundamental Attributes

of the Scheme or the Trust or fees and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme and Options thereunder and affect the interest of the Unit holders is carried out unless:

- a written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unit holder and an advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the head office of the Mutual Fund is situated; and
- the Unit holders are given an option for a period of 30 days to exit at the prevailing NAV without any exit load.

G. HOW WILL THE SCHEME BENCHMARK ITS PERFORMANCE?

70% of the NIFTY 50 Arbitrage Index and 30% of the NIFTY 50 Index is the Benchmark for the Scheme.

The NIFTY50 Arbitrage Index comprises of NIFTY50 Index Futures Arbitrage (65% weight), 1 Month MIBOR (30% weight) and Cash (5% weight). The Composite Index comprising of the NIFTY Arbitrage Index (70% weight) and the NIFTY50 Index (30% weight). Therefore, the Composite Index would effectively comprise of the NIFTY50 Index (30% weight), NIFTY50 Index Futures Arbitrage (45.50%) and Debt (MIBOR + Cash: 24.50%). The weightage of the constituents of the Composite Index provides for a suitable benchmark for the performance of DHFL Pramerica Equity Income Fund.

The Trustee/AMC reserves the right to change the benchmark for evaluating the performance of the Scheme from time to time, in conformity with the investment objective of the Scheme and the appropriateness of the benchmark, subject to SEBI guidelines and other prevalent guidelines.

H. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME?

Mr. Alok Agarwal is involved in management of the equity component of the Scheme and Mr. Kumaresh Ramakrishnan is involved in management of the debt component of the Scheme.

Name & Designation	Age / Educational Qualifications	Brief Experience	Name of other Schemes under his management
Mr. Alok Agarwal Fund Manager Tenure in managing the scheme: Managing the scheme for more than 12 months.	Age: 38 years Qualification: CA, CFA, MS (Finance), M.Com	Over 9 years of experience in equity markets: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • June 14, 2016 onwards - Fund Manager - Equity - DHFL Pramerica Asset Managers Private Limited; • March 8, 2016 till June 13, 2016 - Portfolio Manager – Equity - DHFL Pramerica Asset Managers Private Limited; • June 2014 to March 7, 2016 - Portfolio Manager – Equity - Deutsche Asset Management (India) Private Limited; • November 2010 to June 2014 - Portfolio Manager – Equity - Deutsche Bank AG; • March 2008 to November 2010 - PMS - Head, Portfolio Manager – Equity - K. R. Choksey Shares & Securities; • August 2007 to March 2008 - Manager - Equity Research - E-nxt Financials Ltd (a TATA Enterprise) ; • June 2002 to August 2007 - Author, Head Faculty - Pinnacle Academy. 	DHFL Pramerica Large Cap Fund, DHFL Pramerica Diversified Equity Fund, DHFL Pramerica Income Advantage Fund, DHFL Pramerica Balanced Advantage Fund, DHFL Pramerica Top Euroland Offshore Fund, DHFL Pramerica Global Agribusiness Offshore Fund, DHFL Pramerica Hybrid Fixed Term Fund – Series (4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 21, 22, 23, 26, 27, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 37, 39, 40 & 41) (Equity portion), DHFL Pramerica Dual Advantage Fund - Series 1 (Equity portion), DHFL Pramerica Large Cap Fund Series (1, 2 & 3)

Name & Designation	Age / Educational Qualifications	Brief Experience	Name of other Schemes under his management
<p>Mr. Kumaresh Ramakrishnan Head – Fixed Income</p> <p>Tenure in managing the scheme: Managing the scheme from more than 6 years. This includes the tenure of more than 1.5 years with DHFL Pramerica Asset Managers Pvt. Ltd. and rest with Deutsche Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd. (DB AMC), when the Scheme was under the management of DB AMC.</p>	<p>Age: 46 years</p> <p>Qualification: B.E. (Mumbai University) MBA (MMS)</p>	<p>Over 20 years of work experience in the Indian Fixed Income markets as under:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● From March 08, 2016 - DHFL Pramerica Asset Managers Private Limited - Head - Fixed Income; ● October 2005 - March 04, 2016 - Deutsche Asset Management (India) Private Limited – (last position held) - Head - Fixed Income; ● 2000 - 2005 - Societe Generale (SG) - Senior Credit analyst; ● 1996 - 2000 - Credit Analysis & Research Ltd. (CARE) - Senior Rating analyst. 	<p>DHFL Pramerica Midcap Opportunities Fund (Debt portion), DHFL Pramerica Arbitrage Fund (Debt portion), DHFL Pramerica Insta Cash Plus Fund (jointly with Mr. Rahul Dedhia), DHFL Pramerica Low Duration Fund, DHFL Pramerica Credit Opportunities Fund, DHFL Pramerica Ultra Short Term Fund.</p>

I. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS?

Pursuant to Regulations, specifically the Seventh Schedule and amendments thereto, the following investment restrictions are currently applicable to the Scheme:

- The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in the equity shares or equity related instruments of any company;
- The Scheme shall not invest more than 5% of its net assets in unlisted equity shares or equity related instruments;
- The Mutual Fund under all its Schemes shall not own more than 10% of any company's paid up capital carrying voting rights;
- The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its net assets in debt instruments comprising money market & non money market instruments issued by a single issuer, which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorized to carry out such activity under the SEBI Act. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the net assets of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Trustees and the Board of the AMC. Such limit shall not be applicable for investments in government securities, treasury bills & CBLO. Provided further that investment within such limit can be made in mortgage backed securitised debts which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with SEBI.
- The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its net assets in unrated debt instruments issued by a single issuer and the total investment in such instruments shall not exceed 25% of the net assets of the Scheme. All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Trustees and the Board of the AMC or a committee constituted in this behalf.
- The Scheme may invest in another scheme of the Mutual Fund or any other mutual fund. The aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all the schemes under the same management or in schemes under management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the Fund. No investment management fees shall be charged by the Scheme for investing in other schemes of the Mutual Fund or in the schemes of any other mutual fund.
- The Scheme shall not make any investment in:
 - a. Any unlisted Security of an associate or group company of the Sponsors; or
 - b. Any Security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the Sponsors; or
 - c. the listed Securities of group companies of the Sponsors which is in excess of 25% of the net assets.
- Transfer of investments from one scheme to another scheme in the Mutual Fund is permitted provided –
 - a) such transfers are done at the prevailing market price for quoted instruments on Spot Basis (Spot Basis shall have the same meaning as specified by a stock exchange for spot transactions); and
 - b) the Securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the Scheme to which such transfer has been made.
- The Mutual Fund shall get the Securities purchased or transferred in the name of the Fund on account of the Scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of a long-term nature.
- The Mutual Fund shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases take delivery of the relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities. The Mutual Fund may however engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the framework relating to short selling and securities lending and borrowing specified by SEBI. Further that the Mutual Fund shall enter into derivatives transactions in a recognised stock exchange, subject to the framework specified by SEBI. The sale of government securities already contracted for purchase shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the RBI in this regard.
- The Scheme shall not invest in a Fund of Funds scheme.
- The Scheme will comply with the following restrictions for trading in exchange traded derivatives, as specified by SEBI vide its circular DNP/Cir-29/2005 dated September 14, 2005, Circular DNP/Cir-30/2006 dated January 20, 2006 and Circular DNP/Cir-31/2006 dated September 22, 2006:
 - i. Position limit for the Mutual Fund in equity index options contracts:
 - a. The Mutual Fund position limit in all equity index options contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 Crores or 15% of the total open interest of the market in equity index option contracts, whichever is higher, per Stock Exchange.
 - b. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all options contracts on a particular underlying index.
 - ii. Position limit for the Mutual Fund in equity index futures contracts:
 - a. The Mutual Fund position limit in all equity index futures contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 Crores or 15% of the total open interest in the market in equity index futures contracts, whichever is higher, per Stock Exchange.
 - b. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all futures contracts on a particular underlying index.

iii. Additional position limit for hedging:

In addition to the position limits at point (i) and (ii) above, Mutual Fund may take exposure in equity index derivatives subject to the following limits:

- a. Short positions in index derivatives (short futures, short calls and long puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of stocks.
- b. Long positions in index derivatives (long futures, long calls and short puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of cash, government securities, T-Bills and similar instruments.

iv. Position limit for the Mutual Fund for stock based derivative contracts:

The Mutual Fund position limit in a derivative contract on a particular underlying stock, i.e. stock option contracts and stock futures contracts:

- The combined futures and options position limit shall be 20% of the applicable Market Wide Position Limit (MWPL).

v. Position limit for the Scheme:

The position limits for the Scheme and disclosure requirements are as follows—

- a. For stock option and stock futures contracts, the gross open position across all derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock of a scheme of the Mutual Fund shall not exceed the higher of:

1% of the free float market capitalisation (in terms of number of shares)

Or

5% of the open interest in the derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock (in terms of number of contracts).

- b. This position limit shall be applicable on the combined position in all derivative contracts on an underlying stock at a Stock Exchange
- c. For index based contracts, the Mutual Fund shall disclose the total open interest held by the Scheme or all schemes put together in a particular underlying index, if such open interest equals to or exceeds 15% of the open interest of all derivative contracts on that underlying index.

Further, SEBI, vide its circular no. Cir/IMD/DF/11/2010 dated August 18, 2010 has prescribed the following investment restrictions with respect to investment in derivatives:

- a) The cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt and derivative positions should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme. Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure.
- b) Mutual Fund shall not write options or purchase instruments with embedded written options.
- c) The total exposure related to option premium paid must not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme.
- d) Exposure due to hedging positions may not be included in the above mentioned limits subject to the following:-
 - (i) Hedging positions are the derivative positions that reduce possible losses on an existing position in securities and till the existing position remains;
 - (ii) Hedging positions cannot be taken for existing derivative positions. Exposure due to such positions shall have to be added and treated under limits mentioned in Point (a) above.
 - (iii) Any derivative instrument used to hedge has the same underlying security as the existing position being hedged.

- (iv) The quantity of underlying associated with the derivative position taken for hedging purposes does not exceed the quantity of the existing position against which hedge has been taken.

- e) Mutual Fund may enter into plain vanilla interest rate swaps for hedging purposes. The counter party in such transactions has to be an entity recognized as a market maker by RBI. Further, the value of the notional principal in such cases must not exceed the value of respective existing assets being hedged by the scheme. Exposure to a single counterparty in such transactions should not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme.

- f) Exposure due to derivative positions taken for hedging purposes in excess of the underlying position against which the hedging position has been taken, shall be treated under the limits mentioned in Point (a) above.

- Pending deployment of funds of a Scheme in terms of the investment objectives of the Scheme, the AMC may invest the funds of the Scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks in accordance with the guidelines set out by SEBI under the Regulations. The Scheme will comply with the following guidelines/restrictions for parking of funds in short term deposits:-

- a. "Short Term" for parking of funds shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days.
- b. Such short-term deposits shall be held in the name of the Scheme.
- c. The Scheme shall not park more than 15% of the net assets in short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, such limit may be raised to 20% with the approval of the Trustee.
- d. Parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsors scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.
- e. The Scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
- f. The Scheme shall not park funds in short-term deposit of a bank which has invested in the said Scheme.
- g. AMC shall not charge any investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks in case of liquid and debt oriented schemes.

However, the above provisions will not apply to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and derivatives market.

- **Investment restrictions w.r.t. REITs and InvITs:**

- a) The Mutual Fund under all its schemes shall not own more than 10% of units issued by a single issuer of REIT and InvIT.
- b) The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in the units of REITs and InvITs.
- c) The Scheme shall not invest more than 5% of its NAV in the units of REITs and InvITs issued by a single issuer.

- Save as otherwise expressly provided under SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, the Scheme shall not advance any loans.

- The Fund shall not borrow except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the Fund for the purpose of repurchase/redemption of Units or payment of interest and/or dividend to the Unit holders. Provided that the Fund shall not borrow more than 20% of the net assets of the individual Scheme and the duration of the borrowing shall not exceed a period of 6 month.

All investment restrictions shall be applicable at the time of making investment. The AMC/Trustee may alter these above stated restrictions from time to time to the extent the Regulations change, so as to permit the Scheme to make its investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments for mutual funds to achieve its respective investment objective.

J. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED?

Performance of the Scheme as of August 31, 2017

Compounded Annualised Returns ^{^^}	Regular Plan Returns [^] (%)	Direct Plan Returns [^] (%)	Benchmark Returns [#] (%)
Last 1 Year	5.74	7.10	8.29
Last 3 Years	11.13	12.26	7.69
Last 5 Years	9.30	—	12.02
Since Inception	8.08	—	15.40
	—	10.44	7.13

Past performance may or may not be sustained in future & should not be used as a basis of comparison with other investments.

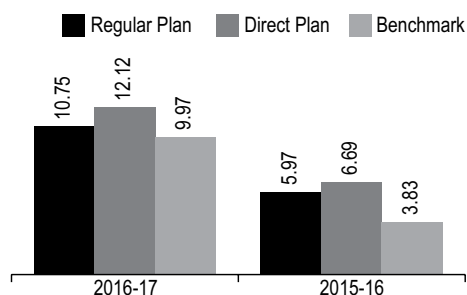
[^] Returns are calculated on Growth Option NAV.

^{^^} Returns are calculated on Compounded Annualised basis for a period of more than a year and on an absolute basis for a period of less than or equal to a year.

[#] 75% of CRISIL Liquid Fund Index and 25% in Nifty 50 Index. The Benchmark of the scheme has been changed from 75% of CRISIL Liquid Fund Index and 25% in Nifty 50 Index to 70% of the Nifty 50 Arbitrage Index and 30% of the Nifty 50 Index, w.e.f. September 13, 2017, pursuant to change in fundamental attributes of the scheme.

Inception Date: Regular Plan: January 29, 2004, Direct Plan: January 01, 2013

Absolute Returns for each financial year



Returns are computed from the date of allotment/1st April, as the case may be, to 31st March of the respective financial year.

The Fundamental Attributes of the scheme were changed w.e.f. January 12, 2015. Hence, absolute returns for each financial year have been provided from FY 2015-16.

K. PORTFOLIO OF THE SCHEME

1. Portfolio Holdings (Top 10 holdings) of the Scheme as on August 31, 2017:

Issuer	% to Net Assets
Century Textile & Industries Ltd.	9.23
JSW Steel Ltd.	9.04
Maruti Suzuki India Ltd.	7.08
AU Financiers (India) Ltd.	6.89
Asian Paints Ltd.	5.69
Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd.	5.47
Edelweiss Commodities Services Ltd	5.09
Religare Finvest Ltd	4.24
HDFC Bank Ltd.	4.03
Sun TV Network Ltd.	2.36

2. Industry Classification (%) as per AMFI as on August 31, 2017:

Industry	% to Net Assets
Banks	9.72
Cement	9.23
Ferrous Metals	9.04
Consumer Non Durables	8.01
Auto	7.08
Pharmaceuticals	6.63
Media & Entertainment	3.94
Software	3.07
Finance	2.19
Auto Ancillaries	1.84
Power	1.33
Construction Project	1.27
Chemicals	1.16
Non - Ferrous Metals	1.00
Industrial Products	0.73
Petroleum Products	0.54
Construction	0.45
Fertilisers	0.22

Please visit www.dhflpramerica.com/statutory-disclosure/financials for complete details and latest monthly portfolio holding of the Scheme.

The above details do not include cash and cash equivalents, fixed deposits and / or exposure in derivatives instruments, if any.

3. Portfolio turnover ratio of the Scheme as on August 31, 2017: 0.88

L. AGGREGATE INVESTMENT IN THE SCHEME AS ON AUGUST 31, 2017

Investment by	Amount (Rs in Lakhs)
Directors of the AMC	—
Fund Managers of the Scheme	—
Other Key Personnel of the AMC	1.61

M. COMPARISON BETWEEN THE SCHEMES

Name & Type of the Scheme	Investment Objective	Asset Allocation			AUM (₹ in Crs.)	No. of folios
					as on 31.08.2017	
DHFL Pramerica Large Cap Fund (DPLCF) (An Open Ended Equity Scheme)	The objective of DPLCF is to generate long-term capital growth from a diversified portfolio of equity and equity related securities.	Instruments	Indicative allocations (% of total assets)		319.58	22,627
			Minimum	Maximum		
		Equities & Equity related securities	80%	100%		
		Debt Securities & Money Market Instruments (including cash and money at call)	0%	20%	Low to Medium	
<p>** Risk profile refers to the price risk of the respective asset class. Please refer risk factors for more details.</p> <p>The Scheme will not invest in foreign securitised debt.</p> <p>If the Scheme decides to invest in securitised debt, it is the intention of the Investment Manager that such investments will not, normally exceed 10% of the corpus of the plan and if the Scheme decides to invest in foreign debt securities, it is the intention of the Investment Manager that such investments will not, normally exceed 10% of the assets of the Scheme. The Investment Manager may review the above pattern of investments based on views on the equity markets and asset liability management needs. However, at all times the portfolio will adhere to the overall investment objective of the Scheme. Investors may note that securities that provide higher returns typically display higher volatility. Accordingly, the investment portfolio of the Scheme would reflect moderate to high volatility in its equity and equity related investments and low to moderate volatility in its debt and money market investments. The Scheme will invest in derivatives only for the purpose of hedging and portfolio balancing, as permitted under the Regulations and guidelines and the exposure to derivatives shall be restricted to 50% of the net assets of the Scheme.</p>						

Differentiation: The corpus of the DPLCF will be invested primarily in equity and equity related securities. The Scheme may invest its corpus in debt and money market instruments, to manage its liquidity requirements.

The Investment objective is to generate long term capital growth from a diversified portfolio of equity and equity related securities of companies registered in, and / or listed on a regulated market of India. The Scheme will invest in companies across a range of market capitalisations with a preference for medium and large companies.

Name & Type of the Scheme	Investment Objective	Asset Allocation			AUM (₹ in Crs.)	No. of folios
					as on 31.08.2017	
DHFL Pramerica Diversified Equity Fund (DPDEF) An Open Ended Equity Scheme	To generate income & capital appreciation by predominantly investing in an actively managed diversified portfolio of equity & equity related instruments including derivatives. However, there is no assurance that the investment objective shall be realized.	Instruments	Indicative allocations (% of total assets)		80.64	4,962
			Minimum	Maximum		
		Equity & Equity Related Instruments	65%	100%		
		Cash, Money Market, Debt Securities, Liquid & Debt schemes of DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund	0%	35%	Low to Medium	
<p>The Scheme does not intend to invest in overseas/foreign securities, securitized debt, derivatives in fixed income instruments and repos/ reverse repos in corporate bonds.</p> <p>The Maximum exposure to derivatives shall not exceed 50% of net assets of the scheme.</p> <p>The Maximum exposure to Liquid & Debt schemes of DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund shall not exceed 10% of net assets of the scheme and the AMC would not charge any investment management fees on such investments.</p>						

Differentiation: DHFL Pramerica Diversified Equity Fund, an open ended equity scheme, which predominantly invests in a diversified portfolio of equity & equity related instruments without any restrictions towards sectors and market capitalizations.

Name & Type of the Scheme	Investment Objective	Asset Allocation			AUM (₹ in Crs.)	No. of folios	
		as on 31.08.2017					
DHFL Pramerica Midcap Opportunities Fund (DPMOF) (An Open Ended Equity Scheme)	The primary objective of the Scheme is to achieve long-term capital appreciation by predominantly investing in equity & equity related instruments of mid cap companies. However, there is no assurance that the investment objective shall be realized.	Instruments	Indicative allocations (% of total assets)		140.92	8,453	
			Minimum	Maximum			
		Equity & Equity Related Instruments of Mid Cap Companies	65%	100%			High
		Equity & Equity Related Instruments of Large Cap and Small Cap Companies	0%	35%			High
		Cash, Money Market, Debt Securities, Liquid & Debt schemes of DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund	0%	35%	Low to Medium		
<p>Mid Cap stocks: Midcap stocks are defined as stocks within the market cap range of the benchmark index (Nifty Midcap 100) of the Scheme and which may or may not be a constituent of the benchmark Index. The universe may also include Initial Public Offerings whose market capitalization would be as per the above-mentioned criteria.</p> <p>Small Cap stocks: Small Cap stocks are defined as stocks with market cap lower than the lowest market cap of the stock in the benchmark index (Nifty Midcap 100) of the Scheme. The universe may also include Initial Public Offerings whose market capitalization would be as per the above-mentioned criteria.</p> <p>Large Cap stocks: Large Cap stocks are defined as stocks with market cap higher than the highest market cap of the stock in the benchmark index (Nifty Midcap 100) of the Scheme. The universe may also include Initial Public Offerings whose market capitalization would be as per the above-mentioned criteria.</p> <p>This market capitalisation range for Small Cap, Mid Cap and Large Cap stocks will be so determined taking as at the end of every calendar quarter and will be applicable for all investment decisions made during the following calendar quarter.</p> <p>The Scheme does not intend to invest in overseas/foreign securities, securitized debt, usance bills and repos/ reverse repos in corporate bonds.</p> <p>The Maximum exposure to derivatives shall not exceed 50% of net assets of the scheme. The Maximum exposure to Liquid & Debt schemes of DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund shall not exceed 10% of net assets of the scheme.</p>							

Differentiation: DHFL Pramerica Midcap Opportunities Fund an Open Ended Equity Scheme, which predominantly invest in a diversified portfolio of equity & equity related instruments of mid cap companies.

Name & Type of the Scheme	Investment Objective	Asset Allocation			AUM (₹ in Crs.)	No. of folios	
		as on 31.08.2017					
DHFL Pramerica Long Term Equity Fund (DPLTEF) (An Open Ended Equity Linked Savings Scheme with a lock-in period of 3 years)	The primary objective of the Scheme is to generate long-term capital appreciation by predominantly investing in equity & equity related instruments and to enable eligible investors to avail deduction from total income, as permitted under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as amended from time to time.	Instruments	Indicative allocations (% of total assets)		148.07	11,388	
			Minimum	Maximum			
		Equity & Equity Related Instruments	80%	100%			High
		Cash, Money Market Instruments & Liquid schemes of DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund	0%	20%			Low to Medium
<p>The Scheme does not intend to invest in overseas/foreign securities, securitized debt instruments, repos/ reverse repos in corporate bonds, and derivatives. Further, the Scheme does not intend to engage in short selling and securities lending. The scheme will not participate in Credit Default Swap and will not invest in debentures whose coupon rates are linked to equity market.</p>							

		<p>Equity related instruments include cumulative convertible preference shares and fully convertible debentures and bonds of companies. It may also include partly convertible issues of debentures and bonds including those issued on rights basis subject to the condition that, as far as possible, the nonconvertible portion of the debentures so acquired or subscribed, shall be disinvested within a period of twelve months.</p> <p>In accordance with the Equity Linked Savings Scheme (ELSS) guidelines, investments in equity and equity related instruments shall be to the extent of at least 80% of net assets of the scheme in equity and equity related instruments as specified above. The Scheme will strive to invest its funds in the manner stated above within a period of six months from the date of closure of the NFO. However, in exceptional circumstances, this requirement may be dispensed with by the Scheme in order that the interest of the investors is protected.</p>		
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Differentiation: DHFL Pramerica Long Term Equity Fund is an open ended equity linked savings scheme with a lock-in period of 3 years framed in compliance with the Equity Linked Savings Scheme, 2005 as notified by Government of India.

Name & Type of the Scheme	Investment Objective	Asset Allocation			AUM (₹ in Crs.)	No. of folios	
					as on 31.08.2017		
DHFL Pramerica Balanced Advantage Fund (DPBAF) (An Open-Ended Balanced Scheme)	The investment objective of the scheme is to generate long term capital appreciation and income from a portfolio of equity and equity related securities as well as fixed income securities.	Instruments	Indicative allocations (% of total assets)		192.99	9,616	
			Minimum	Maximum			Risk Profile
		Equity and equity related instruments\$	30%	60%			
		Net Equity Arbitrage Exposure*\$	5%	10%			Medium to High
Debt Securities and Money Market Instruments#\$	30%	60%	Low to Medium				
<p>* Equity exposure would be hedged with corresponding equity derivatives of 5% - 10%. The idea is not to increase equity exposure by using derivatives.</p> <p>\$ Includes investments in derivatives (gross exposure shall not exceed 50% of the asset allocation stipulated above for the relevant instrument category).</p> <p># The Scheme may invest in Treasury Bills, Repos & Collateralized Borrowing and Lending Obligations ("CBLO"). The Scheme may also invest in securitized debt up to 20% of net assets.</p> <p>The Scheme shall not invest in foreign securities. The scheme shall not invest in short selling, repo in corporate debt. and securities lending.</p> <p>The Scheme retains the flexibility to invest across all securities in the Debt Securities and Money Market Instruments. The Scheme may also invest in units of debt and liquid mutual fund schemes. The portfolio may hold cash depending on the market conditions.</p> <p>Whenever the equity and equity derivatives investment strategy (arbitrage strategy) is not likely to give returns comparable with the fixed income securities portfolio, the fund manager will invest in fixed income securities.</p>							

Differentiation: The corpus of the DPBAF will be invested in mix of equity & equity related securities and Debt and Money market related instruments. Whenever in the opinion of the Investment Manager, the equity market valuation appears more attractive and the Investment Manager anticipates higher return compared to the debt market returns, the investment in equities would be highest. However if in the opinion of the Investment Manager, the market valuation appears stretched and/or the risks outweigh the opportunities, the Fund could shift significantly in favour of Debt instruments.

Name & Type of the Scheme	Investment Objective	Asset Allocation			AUM (₹ in Crs.)	No. of folios
					as on 31.08.2017	
DHFL Pramerica Tax Plan (DPTP) (An Open Ended Equity Linked Savings Scheme)	The objective of DPTP is to generate long term capital appreciation from a portfolio that is invested predominantly in equity and equity related instruments.	Instruments	Indicative allocations (% of total assets)		46.23	10,770
			Minimum	Maximum		
		Equities & Equity related securities	80%	100%		
		Debt* Instruments including Government securities and cash & Money at call, Market Instruments and securitised debt instruments	0%	20%		
<p>* Investment in Securitised Debt would be up to a maximum of 10% of the net assets of the Scheme.</p> <p>The Scheme will invest in derivatives only for the purpose of hedging and portfolio balancing, as permitted under the Regulations and guidelines and the exposure to derivatives shall be restricted to 50% of the net assets of the Scheme.</p> <p>The Scheme will not invest in foreign securitized debt. The Scheme may participate in securities lending as permitted under Regulations. The Equity Linked Savings Scheme(s), 2005 and Equity Linked Savings (Amendment) Scheme(s), 2005, as amended till date, issued by the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue), or such other scheme(s) as the Central Government may by notification in the Official Gazette specify, shall be adhered for the management of this Fund.</p>						

Differentiation: The net assets of DPTP will be invested primarily in equity and equity related instruments. The Scheme may invest a part of its net assets in debt and money market instruments in order to manage its liquidity requirements from time to time, and under certain circumstances, to protect the interests of the Unit holders.

Name & Type of the Scheme	Investment Objective	Asset Allocation			AUM (₹ in Crs.)	No. of folios
					as on 31.08.2017	
DHFL Pramerica Arbitrage Fund (DPAF) (An open-ended equity scheme)	The investment objective is to generate income by investing in arbitrage opportunities that potentially exist between the cash and derivatives market as well as within the derivatives segment of the market. Investments may also be made in debt & money market instruments.	Instruments	Indicative allocations (% of total assets)		531.96	368
			Minimum	Maximum		
		Equity and Equity related instruments including Index and stock derivatives#	65%	100%		
		Debt and Money Market instruments	0%	35%		
<p>In the event of adequate arbitrage opportunities not being available in the equity and derivative markets, then 100% of the portfolio will be invested in short term debt and money market instruments.</p>						

Differentiation: The investment strategy for the DHFL Pramerica Arbitrage Fund focuses on Arbitrage strategies using equity derivatives.

Name & Type of the Scheme	Investment Objective	Asset Allocation			AUM (₹ in Crs.)	No. of folios	
					as on 31.08.2017		
DHFL Pramerica Equity Income Fund (DPEIF) (An open-ended equity scheme)	The investment objective of the scheme is to provide capital appreciation and income distribution to the investors by using equity and equity related instruments, arbitrage opportunities and investments in debt and money market instruments. However, there can be no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be realized or that income will be generated and the scheme does not assure or guarantee any returns.	Instruments	Indicative allocations (% of total assets)		29.56	670	
			Minimum	Maximum			Risk Profile
		A. Equity and Equity related instruments	65%	90%			High
		A1. Of which Net Long Equity*	15%	40%			High
		A2. Of which Equity and Equity derivatives** (Only Arbitrage opportunities)	25%	75%			High
		B. Debt Securities and Money Market Instruments (including investments in securitized debt)	10%	35%			Low to Medium
		C. Units issued by InVITs and REITs	0%	10%			Medium to High
<p>* In the scheme, un-hedged equity exposure shall be limited to 40% of the portfolio value. Un-hedged equity exposure means exposure to equity shares alone without a corresponding equity derivative exposure.</p> <p>** Equity exposure would be completely hedged with corresponding equity derivatives; the exposure to derivatives shown in the above asset allocation tables is exposure taken against the underlying equity investments and should not be considered for calculating the total asset allocation and / or investment restrictions on the issuer. The margin money requirement for the purposes of derivative exposure may be held in the form of Term Deposits.</p> <p>The Scheme may invest in Treasury Bills, Repos & Collateralized Borrowing and Lending Obligations ("CBLO"). The Scheme shall not invest in debt foreign securities. Investment in securitised debt may be made to the extent of 20% of net assets of the Scheme. The Scheme shall not invest in foreign securitised debt.</p>							
Differentiation: The scheme would invest in unhedge equity along with equity arbitrage and fixed income struments							

III. Units and Offer

This section provides details you need to know for investing in the scheme.

A. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO)

This section does not apply to the Scheme as the ongoing offer of the Scheme has commenced after the NFO, and the units are available for continuous subscription and redemption.

B. ONGOING OFFER DETAILS

Ongoing Offer Period This is the date from which the scheme will reopen for subscriptions/ redemptions after the closure of the NFO period.	The Scheme is open for subscription/ redemption at NAV based prices on an ongoing basis.																																						
Minimum Amount of Investment for purchase of Units (Including Switch – In)	Initial investment under a folio: Rs. 5000 and in multiples of Re. 1 thereafter. For subsequent investments (Addl. purchase) under an existing folio: Rs. 1000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter or 100 units. The minimum amount of investment specified above is not applicable for investment made against Dividend Reinvestment under Dividend Option.																																						
Face Value of Units	Rs. 10/- per unit																																						
Ongoing price for subscription (purchase) /switch-in (from other schemes/plans of the mutual fund) by investors. This is the price you need to pay for purchase/ switch-in.	At applicable NAV																																						
Options / Plans offered	The Scheme offers two plans viz. Regular Plan and Direct Plan. Direct Plan is only for investors who purchase /subscribe Units in the Scheme directly with the Fund and is not available for investors who route their investments through a Distributor and is offered in accordance with Para D of SEBI Circular no. CIR/IMD/DF/21/2012 dated September 13, 2012. Investors may please note that the Direct Plan under the Scheme is meant for investors who understand the capital market, mutual funds and the risks associated therewith. The risks associated with the investments in the schemes of mutual funds may vary depending upon the investment objective, asset allocation and investment strategy of the Schemes and the investments may not be suited for all categories of investors. The AMC believes that investors investing under the Direct Plan of the Scheme are aware of the investment objective, asset allocation, investment strategy, risks associated therewith and other features of the Scheme and has taken an informed investment decision. Please note that SID, SAI, Key Information Memorandum or any other advertisements and its contents are for information only and do not constitute any investment advice or solicitation or offer for sale of units of the Scheme from the AMC. The following shall be the treatment of applications under “Direct” / “Regular” Plans: <table border="1" data-bbox="555 1272 1503 1713"> <thead> <tr> <th>Scenario</th> <th>Distributor Code (ARN Code) mentioned by the Investor</th> <th>Plan mentioned by the Investor</th> <th>Default Plan</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Not mentioned</td> <td>Not mentioned</td> <td>Direct Plan</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Not mentioned</td> <td>Direct</td> <td>Direct Plan</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Not mentioned</td> <td>Regular</td> <td>Direct Plan</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Mentioned</td> <td>Direct</td> <td>Direct Plan</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>Direct</td> <td>Not Mentioned</td> <td>Direct Plan</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>Direct</td> <td>Regular</td> <td>Direct Plan</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>Mentioned</td> <td>Regular</td> <td>Regular Plan</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8</td> <td>Mentioned</td> <td>Not Mentioned</td> <td>Regular Plan</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> In cases of wrong/ invalid/ incomplete ARN codes mentioned on the application form, the application shall be processed under Regular Plan. The AMC shall contact and obtain the correct ARN code within 30 calendar days of the receipt of the application form from the investor/ distributor. In case, the correct code is not received within 30 calendar days, the AMC shall reprocess the transaction under Direct Plan from the date of application without any exit load. Each Plan has two Options, viz., Growth Option and Dividend Option. Dividend Option has the following two facilities: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Dividend Payout facility; ii. Dividend Reinvestment facility; Dividend Frequency - Payout: Monthly, Quarterly and Annual Dividend Frequency - Reinvestment: Monthly, Quarterly and Annual			Scenario	Distributor Code (ARN Code) mentioned by the Investor	Plan mentioned by the Investor	Default Plan	1	Not mentioned	Not mentioned	Direct Plan	2	Not mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan	3	Not mentioned	Regular	Direct Plan	4	Mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan	5	Direct	Not Mentioned	Direct Plan	6	Direct	Regular	Direct Plan	7	Mentioned	Regular	Regular Plan	8	Mentioned	Not Mentioned	Regular Plan
Scenario	Distributor Code (ARN Code) mentioned by the Investor	Plan mentioned by the Investor	Default Plan																																				
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4	Mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan																																				
5	Direct	Not Mentioned	Direct Plan																																				
6	Direct	Regular	Direct Plan																																				
7	Mentioned	Regular	Regular Plan																																				
8	Mentioned	Not Mentioned	Regular Plan																																				

	<p>All plans/options under the Scheme have common portfolio.</p> <p>The AMC/ Trustee reserves the right to change the frequency of declaration of dividend or may provide for additional frequency for declaration of dividend, prospectively.</p> <p>1. Growth Option</p> <p>Under this Option, no dividend will be declared. The income attributable to Units under this option will continue to remain invested in the Scheme and will be reflected in the Net Asset Value of Units under this Option. Hence, the unit holders who opt for this Option will not receive any dividend.</p> <p>2. Dividend Option</p> <p>Under Dividend Option, dividends will be declared subject to availability of distributable surplus calculated in accordance with SEBI (MF) Regulations, at the discretion of the Trustee.</p> <p>On payment of dividend, the NAV of the units under Dividend option will fall to the extent of the dividend amount and Dividend Distribution Tax u/s. 115R of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and applicable statutory levies, if any. If any of the record date falls on a Non-Business Day, the record date shall be immediately following Business Day.</p> <p>a. Dividend Reinvestment</p> <p>Under this facility, the dividend amount will be compulsorily re-invested in the Dividend Option (at the applicable ex-dividend NAV). There will no pay out of dividend. The amount of dividend re-invested will be net of dividend distribution tax and statutory levy, if any. The additional Units created by way of reinvestment of dividend would be added to the units already held by the Unitholder. The dividends so re-invested shall constitute a constructive payment of dividends to the Unitholders and a constructive receipt of the same amount from each Unitholder for reinvestment in Units of the Dividend Option. There shall be no load on the dividends so re-invested.</p> <p>b. Dividend Payout:</p> <p>Under this facility, dividend declared, if any, will be paid, subject to deduction of dividend distribution tax and statutory levy, if any.</p> <p>Compulsorily reinvestment of Dividend Amount:</p> <p>If the amount of Dividend payable under the Dividend Payout facility is Rs. 500/- or less, then the Dividend would be compulsorily reinvested in the option of the Scheme, even if the Unitholder has opted for Dividend Payout.</p> <p>It must be distinctly understood that the actual declaration of dividend and frequency thereof is at the sole discretion of Board of Directors of the Trustee Company. There is no assurance or guarantee to the Unit holders as to the rate of dividend distribution nor that will the dividend be paid regularly.</p> <p>Default Option/Plan/ Frequency:</p> <p>The investor must clearly specify his/her choice of Option/Plan in the application form, in the absence of which, the Default Option / Plan / frequency would be applicable and the application will be processed accordingly:</p> <p>Default Option: Growth Option</p> <p>Default Sub-option under Dividend option: Reinvestment</p> <p>Default Frequency under Dividend option: Monthly</p> <p>Any change in Option from Dividend to Growth Option while making additional investment or as per Unitholder's request, will be applicable to all the Units held by the Unitholder in the Dividend Option.</p>
<p>Who can invest</p> <p>This is an indicative list and prospective investors are advised to consult their financial advisors to ascertain whether the scheme is suitable to their respective risk profile. Prospective investors are advised to satisfy themselves that they are not prohibited by any law governing them and any Indian law from investing in the Scheme and are authorised to purchase units of mutual funds as per their respective constitutions, charter documents, corporate/other authorisations and relevant statutory provisions.</p>	<p>The following persons are eligible to invest in the Units of the Scheme (subject, wherever relevant, to the Purchase of Units of the Scheme of the Mutual Fund being permitted and duly authorized under their respective by-laws /constitutions, charter documents, corporate / other authorisations and relevant statutory provisions etc).</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Resident Indian adult individuals either singly or jointly (not exceeding three) or on an Anyone or Survivor basis; 2. Hindu Undivided Family (HUF) through Karta; 3. Resident Indian Minors or Non-Resident Indian Minors through their parent/ legal guardian; 4. Partnership Firms; 5. Proprietorship in the name of the sole proprietor; 6. Companies, Bodies Corporate, Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs.), Association of Persons (AOP) or Bodies of Individuals (BOI) and societies registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860(provided the purchase of Units is permitted under their respective constitutions); 7. Banks (as permitted by RBI) and Financial Institutions; 8. Religious and Charitable Trusts, Wakfs or endowments of private trusts (subject to receipt of necessary approvals as "Public Securities" as required) and Private trusts authorised to invest in mutual fund schemes under their trust deeds;

	<p>9. Non-Resident Indians (NRIs)/ Persons of Indian origin (PIOs) residing abroad on repatriation basis or on non - repatriation basis;</p> <p>10. Foreign Portfolio Investors, subject to provisions of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014;</p> <p>11. Army, Air Force, Navy and other para-military units and bodies created by such institutions;</p> <p>12. Scientific and Industrial Research Organisations;</p> <p>13. Multilateral Funding Agencies/ Bodies Corporate incorporated outside India with the permission of Government of India/ RBI</p> <p>14. Provident/ Pension/ Gratuity Fund to the extent they are permitted;</p> <p>15. Other schemes of DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund or any other mutual fund subject to the conditions and limits prescribed by SEBI Regulations;</p> <p>16. Trustee, AMC or Sponsors or their associates may subscribe to Units under the Scheme(s)</p> <p>The following persons cannot invest in the Scheme:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Any individual who is a foreign national or any entity that is not an Indian Resident under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, except where registered with SEBI as a FII or FII sub account. 2. Non-Resident Indians residing in the Financial Action Task Force (FATF) Non Compliant Countries and Territories (NCCTs). 3. Overseas Corporate Bodies (as per RBI A.P. (DIR Series) Circular No.14 dated September 16, 2003) 4. Non Resident Indians residing in Cuba, Iran, Myanmar, North Korea, Sudan and Syria. In case of existing investors who are residing in these Jurisdictions and if an Investor becomes a resident of any of these Prohibited Jurisdictions after purchasing Units of the Scheme, such investor will not be allowed to do any additional purchase or switch transactions of the Units of the Schemes. <p>The Fund / Trustees / AMC reserve the right to include / exclude new / existing categories of investors to invest in the Scheme from time to time, subject to applicable Laws, if any. Prospective investors are advised to satisfy themselves that they are not prohibited by any law governing such entity and any Indian law from investing in the Scheme(s) and are authorized to invest in mutual fund units as per their respective constitutions, charter documents, corporate / other authorizations and relevant statutory provisions.</p> <p>Subject to the Regulations and applicable law, an application for Units from an applicant may be accepted or rejected at the sole and absolute discretion of the Trustee.</p>
<p>Cash Investments in mutual funds</p>	<p>In order to help enhance the reach of mutual fund products amongst small investors, who may not be tax payers and may not have PAN/bank accounts, such as farmers, small traders/businessmen/ workers, SEBI has permitted receipt of cash transactions for fresh purchases/ additional purchases to the extent of Rs.50,000/- per investor, per mutual fund, per financial year shall be allowed subject to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. compliance with Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 and rules framed there under; the SEBI Circular(s) on Anti Money Laundering (AML) and other applicable Anti Money Laundering Rules, Regulations and Guidelines. ii. sufficient systems and procedures in place. <p>However, payment towards redemptions, dividend, etc. with respect to aforementioned investments shall be paid only through banking channel.</p> <p>The Fund/ AMC is currently not offering this facility. Appropriate notice shall be displayed on the website of the AMC as well as at the Investor Service Centres, once the facility is made available to the investors.</p>
<p>How to Apply</p>	<p>Please refer to the SAI and Application form for the instructions.</p> <p>Investors subscribing under Direct Plan of a Scheme will have to indicate "Direct Plan" against the Scheme name in the application form e.g. "DHFL Pramerica Equity Income Fund – Direct Plan". Investors should also indicate "Direct" in the ARN column of the application form. However, in case Distributor code is mentioned in the application form, but "Direct Plan" is indicated against the Scheme name, the Distributor code will be ignored and the application will be processed under Direct Plan. Further, where application is received for Regular Plan without Distributor code or "Direct" mentioned in the ARN Column, the application will be processed under Direct Plan.</p>
<p>Rejection of application:</p>	<p>Any application for Units may be rejected at the absolute discretion of the Trustee /AMC, if the same is in contravention of any applicable laws/ rules/regulations/guidelines. For example, the Trustees/AMC may reject any application for the purchase of Units if the application is received from any investor to whom the Units cannot be lawfully or validly offered or by whom the Units cannot be lawfully or validly subscribed or if the application is invalid or incomplete, or if, in its opinion, increasing the size of the Scheme's Unit Capital is not in the general interest of the Unitholders, or if the Trustees/ AMC for any other reason believes that it would not be in the best interest of the Scheme or its Unitholders to accept such an application.</p>

Allotment	All applicants will receive full and firm allotment of Units, provided the applications are complete in all respects and are found to be in order. The AMC retain the sole and absolute discretion to reject any application. Allotment to NRIs/FIIs/FPIs will be subject to RBI approval, if any, required.
Refund	The AMC will refund the application money to the applicants whose applications are found to be incomplete, invalid or have been rejected for any other reason whatsoever. Refund orders will be marked "A/c Payee only" and drawn in the name of the sole / first named applicant. All refund orders will be sent by registered post or courier service or as prescribed under the Regulations.
Minimum amount for redemption/switches	<p>Minimum Redemption Amount / Switch Out:</p> <p>Rs. 100/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter or 0.1 unit or account balance whichever is lower.</p> <p>Note:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● In case the Unitholder specifies the number of Units and amount in the redemption request, the number of Units shall be considered for Redemption. ● In case the Unit holder does not specify the number of Units or amount in the redemption request, the request will be rejected. ● If the balance Units in the Unitholder's account do not cover the amount specified in the Redemption request, then the Mutual Fund shall repurchase the entire balance of Units in account of the Unitholder. ● In case a Unitholder has purchased Units on multiple days in a single folio, the Units will be redeemed / switched out on a 'First in First Out' (FIFO) basis, i.e., the Units acquired chronologically first / earlier will be redeemed / switched out first, and the Exit Load, if any, applicable to each of the Units would correspond to the period of time the Units were held by the Unitholder.
<p>Ongoing price for redemption (sale) /switch outs (to other schemes/plans of the Mutual Fund) by investors.</p> <p>This is the price you will receive for redemptions/ switch outs.</p>	<p>At the applicable NAV, subject to prevailing exit load (if any), which will be calculated as follows:</p> <p>Redemption Price = Applicable NAV*(1- Exit Load, (if any))</p> <p>Example:</p> <p>If the Applicable NAV is Rs.10, Exit Load is 1% then redemption price will be</p> <p>= Rs. 10* (1-0.01)</p> <p>= Rs. 9.90</p> <p>Please refer to the Section IV (C) on Load Structure.</p>
Minimum balance to be maintained and consequences of non maintenance	Currently, there is no minimum balance requirement.
<p>Cut off timing for subscriptions/ Switch-In (as per Indian Standard Time)</p> <p>This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.</p>	<p>Subscription/Purchase Including Switch-Ins:-</p> <p>1. Purchases for an amount of Rs. 2 lakh and above:</p> <p>a) In respect of valid application received before 3.00 p.m. on a business day and funds for the entire amount of subscription/ purchase as per the application are credited to the bank account of the Scheme and are available for utilization before the cut-off time, the closing NAV of the day on which the funds are available for utilisation shall be applicable;</p> <p>b) In respect of valid application received after 3.00 p.m. on a business day and funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the application are credited to the bank account of the Scheme and available for utilization before the cut-off time of the next business day, the closing NAV of the next business day shall be applicable;</p> <p>c) However, irrespective of the time of receipt of application, where the funds are not available for utilisation on the day of the application, the closing NAV of the Business Day on which the funds are available for utilisation before the cut-off time (3:00 p.m.) shall be applicable, provided the application is received prior to availability of the funds.</p> <p>2. Purchases/switch-in for amount of less than Rs 2 lakh:</p> <p>a) Where the application is received upto 3.00 pm on a business day with a local cheque or demand draft payable at par at the place where it is received – closing NAV of the day of receipt of application shall be applicable;</p> <p>b) Where the application is received after 3.00 pm on a business day with a local cheque or demand draft payable at par at the place where it is received – closing NAV of the next business day shall be applicable; and</p> <p>c) Where the application is received with an outstation cheque or demand draft which is not payable on par at the place where it is received – closing NAV of day on which the funds for the cheque or demand draft is credited to the account of Scheme shall be applicable.</p> <p>Applicable NAV in case of Multiple applications: In case of multiple applications received on the same day under the Scheme from the same investor (identified basis the First Holder's PAN and Guardian's PAN in case of investor being Minor) with investment amount aggregating to Rs 2 lakh and above, such multiple applications will be considered as a single application and applicable NAV will be based on funds available for utilization.</p>

	For determining the availability of funds for utilisation, the funds for the entire amount of subscription/ purchase (including switch-in) as per the application should be credited to the bank account of the scheme before the cut-off time and the funds are available for utilisation before the cut-off time without availing any credit facility whether intra-day or otherwise, by the respective scheme.															
Cut off timing for Redemption / Switch out	<p>Redemptions Including Switch-Outs:</p> <p>1) In respect of valid applications received upto 3 p.m. on a business day by the Mutual Fund, closing NAV of the day of receipt of application, shall be applicable.</p> <p>2) In respect of valid applications received after 3 p.m. on a business day by the Mutual Fund, the closing NAV of the next business day shall be applicable.</p>															
Where can the applications for purchase/ redemption switches be submitted?	<p>All transaction requests can be submitted at any of the Official Points of Acceptance, the addresses of which are given at the end of this SID. (Please refer to the back cover page of this SID for details)</p> <p>The AMC may designate additional centres of the Registrar as the Official Points of Acceptance during the Ongoing Offer Period and change such centres, if necessary.</p> <p>For Investors convenience, the Mutual Fund also offers Online Transaction facility on its Website viz. www.dhflpramerica.com for transacting in the Units of DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund.</p> <p>Investors having demat account can avail the facility to invest through BSE StAR MF platform & NSE MFSS platform.</p>															
Special Products available	<p>Systematic Investment Plan (SIP):</p> <p>SIP is a facility provided to unitholders to invest specified amounts in the Scheme at regular / specified frequency and a specified period by providing a single mandate / standing instruction as per details mentioned below:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Particulars</th> <th>Frequency</th> <th>Details</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="2">SIP Transaction Dates</td> <td>Monthly</td> <td rowspan="2">The first SIP installment could be paid on any Business day. The subsequent SIP installments can be paid on the 1st, 7th, 10th, 15th, 21st, 25th or 28th of a month or all seven dates.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Quarterly</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">Minimum no. of installments and Minimum amount per installment</td> <td>Monthly</td> <td>10 installments of Rs. 500/- each and in multiples of Rs.100/- thereafter.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Quarterly</td> <td>5 installments of Rs.1000/- each and in multiples of Rs.100/- thereafter.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Mode of Payment</td> <td>Monthly & Quarterly</td> <td> a) Electronic Clearing Service (ECS) b) Direct Debit mandate through selected banks with whom AMC has an arrangement. c) Post-Dated Cheques (PDCs). d) National Automated Clearing House (NACH) Facility. </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Investors may enroll for the SIP facility by submitting duly completed SIP Enrolment Form at any OPA.</p> <p>If the SIP period is not specified by the unit holder then the SIP enrolment will be deemed to be for perpetuity and processed accordingly.</p> <p>If any SIP installment due date falls on a non-Business day, then the respective transactions will be processed on the next Business day. The SIP enrolment will be discontinued if (a) 3 consecutive SIP installments in case of Monthly & Quarterly frequency are not honored. (b) the Bank Account (for Standing Instruction) is closed and request for change in bank account (for Standing Instruction) is not submitted at least 21 days before the next SIP Auto Debit installment due date.</p> <p><u>Subscription in SIP through post-dated cheques:</u> The date of the first cheque shall be the same as the date of the initial investment while the remaining cheques shall be post dated uniformly as per the SIP transaction date opted. An Investor is eligible to issue only one cheque for each month in the same SIP enrolment form. All the cheques under a SIP mandate should be of the same amount and same SIP transaction date opted. Cheques should be drawn in favour of the Scheme and crossed "A/c Payee only". The Investor will be intimated on successful registration of SIP. The Post Dated cheques will be presented on the dates mentioned on the cheques.</p> <p><u>SIP Subscription through Electronic Clearing Service (ECS) /Direct Debit:</u> New investor enrolling for SIP via ECS or Direct Debit Facility, must fill-up the prescribed Common Application Form and SIP Auto Debit Form and submit along with a cancelled cheque leaf of the bank account for which the ECS / Direct Debit mandate is provided.</p> <p>For an existing Investor, to enroll for SIP ECS Debit facility or Direct Debit Facility, an Investor must fill-up the SIP Application Form for SIP ECS / Direct Debit facility. Investors shall be required to submit a cancelled cheque leaf of the bank account for which the ECS / debit mandate is provided.</p> <p>Investors should note that there should be a gap of at least 30 days between submission of SIP application form and first SIP installment.</p>	Particulars	Frequency	Details	SIP Transaction Dates	Monthly	The first SIP installment could be paid on any Business day. The subsequent SIP installments can be paid on the 1st, 7th, 10th, 15th, 21st, 25th or 28th of a month or all seven dates.	Quarterly	Minimum no. of installments and Minimum amount per installment	Monthly	10 installments of Rs. 500/- each and in multiples of Rs.100/- thereafter.	Quarterly	5 installments of Rs.1000/- each and in multiples of Rs.100/- thereafter.	Mode of Payment	Monthly & Quarterly	a) Electronic Clearing Service (ECS) b) Direct Debit mandate through selected banks with whom AMC has an arrangement. c) Post-Dated Cheques (PDCs). d) National Automated Clearing House (NACH) Facility.
Particulars	Frequency	Details														
SIP Transaction Dates	Monthly	The first SIP installment could be paid on any Business day. The subsequent SIP installments can be paid on the 1st, 7th, 10th, 15th, 21st, 25th or 28th of a month or all seven dates.														
	Quarterly															
Minimum no. of installments and Minimum amount per installment	Monthly	10 installments of Rs. 500/- each and in multiples of Rs.100/- thereafter.														
	Quarterly	5 installments of Rs.1000/- each and in multiples of Rs.100/- thereafter.														
Mode of Payment	Monthly & Quarterly	a) Electronic Clearing Service (ECS) b) Direct Debit mandate through selected banks with whom AMC has an arrangement. c) Post-Dated Cheques (PDCs). d) National Automated Clearing House (NACH) Facility.														

Investors may choose to discontinue subscription under the SIP at any time by submitting a written request at any of the OPA/ISC. Notice of such discontinuance should be received at least 21 days prior to the due date of the next SIP installment.

Units under SIP will be allotted at the Applicable NAV of the respective SIP transaction dates as per SIP mandate. In case the SIP date falls on a non-Business Day or falls during a Book Closure period, the immediate next Business Day will be considered for this purpose.

An extension of an existing SIP mandate will be treated as a fresh mandate on the date of receipt of such application, and all the above conditions need to be met with.

The Load structure prevailing at the time of submission of the SIP application (whether fresh or extension) will apply for all the SIP installments indicated in SIP enrolment form.

SIP Transaction Charges : Please refer to Section III (E)

Please refer to the SIP Enrolment form for terms and conditions before enrolment. The AMC reserves the right to modify the provisions of the SIP as deemed appropriate from time to time.

Systematic Transfer Plan (STP):

STP is an investment plan enabling Unitholders to transfer specified amounts from one scheme of the Mutual Fund ('Source scheme') to another ('Target scheme') on a recurrent basis for a specified period at specified frequency as per the table below, by providing a single mandate / standing instruction. On the specified STP transaction dates, Units under the Source scheme will be redeemed at the applicable redemption price, and admissible units will be allotted under the Target scheme as per the investor's STP mandate.

Particulars	Frequency	Details
STP Transaction Dates	Monthly	On the 1st, 7th, 10th, 15th, 21st, 25th or 28th of a month or all seven dates.
	Quarterly	
If any STP transaction due date falls on a non-Business day, then the respective transactions will be processed on the immediately succeeding Business Day for both the schemes.		
Minimum no. of installments and Minimum amount per installment	Monthly	10 (ten) installments of Rs.500 each and in multiples of Rs.100/- thereafter.
	Quarterly	5 (five) installments of Rs. 1,000/- each and in multiples of Rs.100/- thereafter.

Investors may register for STP using a prescribed transaction form. If the STP period or no. of installments is not specified in the transaction Form, the STP transactions will be processed until the balance of units in the unit holder's folio in the Source scheme becomes zero.

The AMC reserves the right to introduce STP facility at any other frequencies or on any other dates as the AMC may feel appropriate from time to time.

The STP mandate may be discontinued by a Unit holder by giving a written notice of 7 days. STP mandate will terminate automatically if all Units held by the unitholder in the Source scheme are redeemed or upon the Mutual Fund receiving a written intimation of death of the sole / 1st Unit holder.

Please refer to the STP Enrolment form for terms and conditions before enrolment. The AMC reserves the right to modify the provisions of the STP as deemed appropriate from time to time.

Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP):

SWP is a facility that enables Unitholders to withdraw specified amounts from the Scheme on a recurrent basis for a specified period at specified frequency by providing a single mandate/ standing instruction.

Particulars	Frequency	Details
SWP Transaction Dates	Monthly	On the 1st, 7th, 10th, 15th, 21st, 25th or 28th of a month or all seven dates.
	Quarterly	
Minimum no. of installments and Minimum amount per installment	Monthly	2 (two) installments of Rs. 100/-.
	Quarterly	
Mode of Payment	Monthly	as chosen by the unitholder
	Quarterly	

Investors may register for SWP using the prescribed transaction form. If the SWP period or no. of installments is not specified in the transaction Form, the SWP transactions will be processed until the balance of units in the unit holder's folio in the Source scheme becomes zero. In case the date of SWP transaction falls on a non-Business Day, the transaction shall be effected on the immediate next Business day.

The SWP mandate may be discontinued by a Unit holder by giving a written notice of at least 7 days prior to the next SWP transaction date. The SWP mandate given by the investor will discontinue automatically, if all Units under the folio are redeemed or upon the Mutual Fund receiving a written intimation of death of the sole / 1st Unit holder.

Please refer to the SWP Enrolment form for terms and conditions before enrolment. The AMC reserves the right to modify the provisions of the SWP as deemed appropriate from time to time.

Switching Options

(a) Inter-Scheme Switching option:

Under Switch Option, Unit holders may Switch their investments from one Scheme, either partially or fully, to any other scheme(s) offered by the Mutual Fund from time to time. This Switch option is useful to investors who wish to alter the allocation of their investment among the schemes of the Mutual Fund in order to meet their changed investment needs. Switch transaction will be effected by way of a Redemption of Units from the Source Scheme (Switch-Out) at applicable NAV, subject to Exit Load, if any, and investment of the Redemption proceeds into the Target (Switch-In) scheme opted by the investor at applicable NAV and accordingly, Switch transaction must comply with the Redemption rules of 'Switch Out scheme' and the Subscription rules of the 'Switch In scheme'.

(b) Intra- Scheme Switching option:

Unit holders under the Scheme have the option to Switch their Unit holdings between the Plans or Options subject to the following:-

- Where the investments were routed through a distributor (i.e. made with distributor code) any Switch of Units from the Regular Plan to Direct Plan shall be subject to applicable exit load, if any. In such cases, after the switch, exit load prevailing on the date of the switch shall apply for subsequent redemption / switch-out from Direct Plan;
- Where investments were made directly i.e. without any distributor code, exit load will not be levied on switch of Units from Regular Plan to Direct Plan. In such cases, after the switch, exit load prevailing on the date of the switch shall apply for subsequent redemption from Direct Plan;
- No exit load shall be levied in case of switch of Units from Direct Plan to Regular Plan. However, after the switch, exit load prevailing on the date of the switch shall apply for subsequent redemption / switch-out from the Regular Plan.

The Switches would be done at the Applicable NAV based prices and the difference between the NAVs of the two Plans/Options will be reflected in the number of Units allotted.

Aforesaid Switching option (a) and (b) shall be subject to the applicable "Cut off time, Applicable NAV" and minimum purchase / redemption criteria of respective scheme stated elsewhere in the Scheme Information Document.

Facility to Purchase/Redeem Units of the Scheme through Stock Exchange(s)

Investors can purchase/redeem units of the Scheme on Mutual Fund Services System (MFSS) of the National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. (NSE) and BSE StAR MF platform (BSE StAR MF) of the BSE Limited (BSE). Switching of units will not be permitted under MFSS. However, unitholders can switch the units of Scheme on BSE StAR MF platform. Investors can avail Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) facility for purchasing units of the Scheme on MFSS and BSE StAR MF platform.

The following are the salient features of the above mentioned facility:

1. The MFSS / BSE StAR MF is the electronic platforms provided by NSE/BSE to facilitate purchase/redemption of units of mutual fund scheme(s).
2. The facility for purchase/redemption of units on MFSS/BSE StAR MF will be available on all business days between 9.00 a.m. to 3.00 p.m. or such other time as may be decided from time to time.
3. Eligible Participants

All the trading members of NSE/BSE who are registered with AMFI as mutual fund advisors and who are registered with NSE/BSE as Participants will be eligible to offer MFSS/BSE StAR MF ('Participants'). In addition to this, the Participants will be required to comply with the requirements which may be specified by SEBI/NSE/BSE from time to time.

In addition to the above, clearing members of the National Stock Exchange/BSE shall be eligible to offer purchase and redemption of units of specified schemes of DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund on MFSS/BSE StAR MF.

Depository participants of registered Depositories shall be eligible to process only redemption request of units held in demat form. DPs do not process any redemption requests and only accept delivery instructions.

All such Participants/clearing members/depository participants will be considered as Official Points of Acceptance (OPA) of DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund in accordance with the provisions of SEBI Circular No. SEBI/IMD/CIR No.11/78450/06 dated October 11, 2006.

4. Eligible investors

The facility for purchase/redemption of units of the schemes of DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund will be available to existing as well as new investors. Switching of units will not be permitted under MFSS. However, unitholders can switch the units of eligible scheme on BSE StAR MF platform. Investors have an option to hold units in either physical mode or dematerialized (electronic) mode.

5. Cut off timing for purchase/redemption of units

Time stamping as evidenced by confirmation slip given by stock exchange mechanism will be considered for the purpose of determining applicable NAV and cut off timing for the transactions. The applicability of NAV will be subject to guidelines issued by SEBI on uniform cut-off time for applicability of NAV.

6. The procedure for purchase/redemption of units through MFSS System/BSE StAR MF is as follows:

A Physical mode:

Purchase of Units:

- i) The investor is required to submit purchase application form (subject to limits prescribed by NSE/BSE from time to time) along with all necessary documents to the Participant.
- ii) Investor will be required to transfer the funds to Participant.
- iii) The Participant shall verify the application for mandatory details and KYC compliance.
- iv) After completion of the verification, the Participant will enter the purchase order in the Stock Exchange system and issue system generated order confirmation slip to the investor. Such confirmation slip will be the proof of transaction till the investor receives allotment details from Participant.
- v) The Participant will provide allotment details to the investor.
- vi) The Registrar will send Statement of Account showing number of units allotted to the investor.

Redemption of Units:

- i) The investor is required to submit redemption request (subject to limits prescribed by NSE/BSE from time to time) along with all necessary documents to Participant.
- ii) After completion of verification, the Participant will enter redemption order in the Stock Exchange system and issue system generated confirmation slip to the investor. The confirmation slip will be proof of transaction till the redemption proceeds are received from the Registrar.
- iii) The redemption proceeds will be directly sent by the Registrar through appropriate payment mode such as direct credit, NEFT or cheque/demand draft as decided by AMC from time to time, as per the bank account details available in the records of Registrar.

B Depository mode:

Purchase of Units:

- i) The investor intending to purchase units in Depository mode is required to have Depository Account (beneficiary account) with the depository participant of National Securities Depository Ltd. and/or Central Depository Services (India) Ltd.
- ii) The investor is required to place an order for purchase of units (subject to limits prescribed by NSE/BSE from time to time) with the Participant.
- iii) The investor should provide his Depository Account details along with PAN details to the Participant. Where investor intends to hold units in dematerialised mode, KYC performed by Depository Participant will be considered compliance with applicable requirements specified in this regard in terms of SEBI circular ISD/AML/CIR-1/2008 dated December 19, 2008.
- iv) The Participant will enter the purchase order in the Stock Exchange system and issue system generated order confirmation slip to the investor. Such confirmation slip will be the proof of transaction till the investor receives allotment details from Participant.
- v) The investor will transfer the funds to the Participant.
- vi) The Participant will provide allotment details to the investor.
- vii) Registrar will credit units to the depository account of the investor directly through credit corporate action process. This will be processed through AMC Pool Account to trading/clearing member's account and from there to Investors.
- viii) Depository Participant will issue demat statement to the investor showing credit of units.

Redemption of Units:

- i) Investors who intend to redeem units through dematerialised mode must either hold units in depository (electronic) mode or convert his existing units from statement of account mode to depository mode prior to placing of redemption order.
 - ii) The investor is required to place an order for redemption (subject to limits prescribed by NSE/BSE from time to time) with the Participant. The investor should provide their Depository Participant on same day with Depository Instruction Slip with relevant units to be credited to Clearing Corporation pool account.
 - iii) The redemption order will be entered in the system and an order confirmation slip will be issued to investor. The confirmation slip will be proof of transaction till the redemption proceeds are received from the Registrar.
7. Investors having demat account and purchasing and redeeming mutual fund units in demat mode through trading/clearing members, shall receive redemption proceeds (if units are redeemed) and units (if units are purchased) through trading/clearing member's pool account. DHFL Pramerica MF/AMC will pay redemption proceeds to the trading/clearing member (in case of redemption) and trading/clearing member in turn will pay redemption proceeds to the respective investor. Similarly, units shall be credited by DHFL Pramerica MF/AMC/Registrar into trading/clearing member's pool account (in case of purchase) and trading/clearing member in turn will credit the units to the respective investor's demat account.
 8. Payment of redemption proceeds to the trading / clearing members by DHFL Pramerica MF/AMC/shall discharge DHFL Pramerica MF/AMC of its obligation of payment of redemption proceeds to Individual Investor. Similarly, In case of purchase of units, crediting units into trading/clearing member pool account shall discharge DHFL Pramerica MF/DHFL Pramerica AMC of its obligation to allot units to individual investor.
 9. An account statement will be issued by DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund to investors who purchase/ redeem units under this facility in physical mode. In case of investor who purchase/redeem units through this facility in dematerialized mode, his depository participant will issue demat statement showing credit/debit of units to the investor's accounts. Such demat statement given by the Depository Participant will be deemed to be adequate compliance with the requirements for dispatch of statement of account prescribed by SEBI.
 10. Investors should note that electronic platform provided by NSE/BSE is only to facilitate purchase/ redemption of units in the Schemes of mutual fund. In case of non-commercial transaction like change of bank mandate, nomination etc. the Unit holders should submit such request to the Investor Services Center of DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund in case of units held in physical mode. Further in case of units held in dematerialized mode, requests for change of address, bank details, nomination should be submitted to his Depository Participant.
 11. Investors will be required to comply with Know Your Customer (KYC) norms as prescribed by NSE/NSDL/CDSL and DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund to purchase/redeem units through stock exchange infrastructure.
 12. Investors should note that the terms & conditions and operating guidelines issued by NSE/BSE shall be applicable for purchase/redemption of units through stock exchange infrastructure.
 13. Investors should get in touch with the Investor Service Centres of DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund for further details.

Transfer To PMS Facility:

Transfer To PMS Facility (hereinafter referred to as "TTPMS facility") is a facility that enables the investors of the Scheme who are also the clients as per the client agreement signed with DHFL Pramerica Asset Managers Pvt. Ltd. (the Portfolio Manager) for availing portfolio management services, to transfer specified amounts from the Scheme to portfolio management account on a recurrent basis for a specified period at specified frequency, by providing a single mandate / standing instruction. Please refer to TTPMS facility form available at www.dhflpramericapms.com for terms and conditions before enrolment. The AMC reserves the right to modify the provisions of the TTPMS facility as deemed appropriate from time to time.

Facility to transact in the Scheme through MF Utility Portal:

The AMC has entered into an arrangement with MF Utilities India Private Limited ("MFUI"), a SEBI registered Category II Registrar to an Issue, for usage of MF Utility Portal ("MFUP"), which acts as a transaction aggregation portal for transacting in multiple schemes of various mutual funds with a single form and a single payment instrument.

Investors/ prospective investors can submit their financial and non-financial transactions pertaining to the Scheme through MFUP either electronically on the online transaction portal of MFUI (www.mfonline.com) or physically (in prescribed application form) at any of the authorised Point of Service locations ("MFU POS") designated by MFUI from time to time.

Online transaction portal of MFUI (www.mfonline.com) will be an Official Points of Acceptance of Transactions ("OPA") for Scheme in addition to all the authorised MFUI POS designated by MFUI from time to time as the OPA for schemes of the Fund in respect of the transactions in the Scheme routed through MFUP by the investors / distributors.

The uniform cut-off time as prescribed by SEBI and as mentioned in the SID / KIM of the Scheme shall be applicable for transactions received by MFUI.

Investors are requested to note that, MFUI will allot a Common Account Number ("CAN"), a single reference number for all investments in the Mutual Fund industry, for transacting in multiple schemes of various mutual funds through MFUP and to map existing folios, if any. Investors can create a CAN by submitting the CAN Registration Form and other necessary documents at any of the MFUI POS. For facilitating transactions through MFUP, the AMC/ the Fund/ its Registrar and Transfer Agent ("R&T") will be required to furnish and disclose certain information / details about the investor(s), which may include certain personal information including financial information, with MFUI and / or its authorised service providers. Investors transacting through MFUP shall be deemed to have consented and authorised the AMC/ the Fund/R&T to furnish and disclose all such information to MFUI and/or its authorised service providers as may be required by MFUI from time to time.

The transactions routed through MFUP shall be subject to the terms & conditions as may be stipulated by MFUI / the AMC/ the Fund from time to time. Further, investments in the schemes of the Fund routed through MFUP shall continue to be governed by the terms and conditions stated in the SID of the respective scheme(s).

To know more about MFUP and the list of authorised MFUI POS, please visit the MFUI website (www.mfuindia.com). For any queries or clarifications related to MFUP, please contact the Customer Care of MFUI on 1800-266-1415 (during the business hours on all days except Sunday and Public Holidays) or send an email to clientservices@mfuindia.com.

For any escalations and post-transaction queries pertaining to the schemes of the Fund, the investors should contact the AMC /R&T.

APPLICATION / REQUEST THROUGH FAX / ONLINE TRANSACTIONS:

Transaction by Fax

In order to facilitate quick processing of transaction and/ or instruction of investment of investor, the AMC/ Trustee may (at its sole discretion and without being obliged in any manner to do so and without being responsible and/ or liable in any manner whatsoever) accept and process any application, supporting documents and/ or instructions submitted by an investor/ Unit holder by facsimile (Fax transmission). The AMC/ Trustee/ Mutual Fund shall have no obligation to check or verify the authenticity or accuracy of Fax Submission purporting to have been sent by the investor and may act thereon as if same has been duly given by the investor and the investor/ Unit holder voluntarily and with full knowledge takes and assumes any and all risk associated therewith. In all such cases the investor will have to immediately submit the original documents/ instruction to AMC / Mutual Fund / official points of acceptance by clearly mentioning the words "For Records Only".

Online Transactions through the Mutual Fund's website

The Mutual Fund offers the facility of transacting through the online mode on the Mutual Fund's website, subject to the Investor/Unitholder fulfilling the terms and conditions as may be specified by the AMC.

The acceptance of the fax / web /electronic transactions will be solely at the risk of the transmitter of the fax / web / electronic transactions and the Mutual Fund/AMC (Recipient) shall not in any way be liable or responsible for any loss, damage caused to the transmitter directly or indirectly, as a result of the transmitter sending or purporting to send such transactions including where a fax / web /electronic transactions sent / purported to be sent is not processed on account of the fact that it was not received by the Recipient.

The transmitter acknowledges that fax/web/electronic transactions is not a secure means of giving instructions / transactions requests and that the transmitter is aware of the risks involved including those arising out of such transmission being inaccurate, imperfect, ineffective, illegible, having a lack of quality or clarity, garbled, altered, distorted, not timely etc. The transmitter's request to the Recipient to act on any fax / web / electronic transmission is for the transmitter's convenience and the Recipient is not obliged or bound to act on the same. The transmitter authorizes the Recipient to accept and act on any fax / web / electronic transmission which the Recipient believes in good faith to be given by the transmitter and the Recipient shall be entitled to treat any such fax / web / electronic transaction as if the same was given to the Recipient under the transmitter's original handwritten signature.

The transmitter agrees that security procedures adopted by the Recipient may include signature verification, telephone call backs or a combination of the same, which may be recorded by tape recording device and the transmitter consents to such recording and agrees to co-operate with the Recipient to enable confirmation of such fax/web/ electronic transaction requests. The transmitter accepts that the fax / web / electronic transactions shall not be considered until time stamped as a valid transaction request in the Scheme(s) in line with SEBI (MF) regulations.

In consideration of the Recipient from time to time accepting and at its sole discretion (including but not limited to the AMC extending / discontinuing such facilities from time to time) acting on any fax / web / electronic transaction request received / purporting to be received from the transmitter, the transmitter agrees to indemnify and keep indemnified the AMC, Directors, employees, agents, representatives of the AMC, Mutual Fund and Trustees from and against all actions, claims, demands, liabilities, obligations, losses, damages, costs and expenses of whatever nature (whether actual or contingent) directly or indirectly suffered or incurred, sustained by or threatened against the indemnified parties whatsoever arising from or in connection with or any way relating to the indemnified parties in good faith accepting and acting on fax / web / electronic transaction requests including relying upon such fax / electronic transaction requests purporting to come from the Transmitter even though it may not come from the Transmitter. The AMC reserves the right to modify the terms and conditions or to discontinue the abovementioned facility at any point of time.

Applications via electronic mode (through Channel Partners)

Subject to the Investor fulfilling certain terms and conditions stipulated by the AMC, DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund may accept transactions through the AMC's distributors / channel partners electronically.

Anywhere Transact Facility - Transaction over telephone /mobile (Call or SMS):-

All individual investors having an existing folio in the Scheme with the mode of holding as "Sole" or "Anyone or Survivor") shall be eligible to avail of the telephonic facilities (through Call or SMS) for permitted transactions subject to the following terms and conditions:

- a) "Terms and Conditions" means the terms and conditions set out herewith subject to which this Facility shall be used/availed by the Investor(s) and shall include all modifications and supplements made by AMC thereto from time to time. The Investor(s) shall at all times be bound by any modifications and/or variations made to these Terms and Conditions by the AMC at their sole discretion and without notice to them.
- b) This Facility shall be available only to individual investors having an existing folio in the scheme with the mode of holding as "Sole" or "Anyone or Survivor". This facility is not available for folios with the mode of holding as "Joint".
- c) The transaction over telephone/mobile (Call or SMS) will be allowed only for financial transactions such as Lump sum Purchase/ Redemption / Switch of Units. Requests for non-financial transactions like change in bank mandate, change of nomination, change in mode of holding, change of address or such other requests as the AMC may decide from time to time shall not be permitted through this Facility.
- d) The existing investors shall register to avail this facility by submitting the "Anywhere Transact Registration Cum Mandate Form" for Anywhere Transact" to the AMC/ISC. This form is available on the website of the mutual fund, www.dhflpramericamf.com. This facility shall be available to investors having bank accounts with designated banks with which the AMC may have an arrangement. Registration under this facility for redemption or switch transactions shall take upto 5 working days from the date of receipt of the registration form and for purchase transactions shall take upto 30 working days, since the debit mandate form shall be sent to your bank for registration. The maximum amount of investment using this facility may be restricted by the AMC from time to time in line with prudent risk management requirements and to protect the overall interest of the Investors. The maximum amount for purchases using this facility would be Rs. 5 Lakh. There is no restriction on amount for redemption and switch transactions using this facility.
- e) Investor will not be permitted to avail this Facility for Redemptions transactions if there is a change in the bank mandate / mobile number / email ID of the investor within last 10 calendar days. AMC reserves the right to modify the procedure of transaction processing without any prior intimation to the Investor.
- f) The AMC/Registrar may seek additional information (Key Information) apart from the available data of the Investor(s) before allowing him access to avail the Facility. If for any reason, the AMC is not satisfied with the replies of the Investor(s), the AMC has, at its sole discretion, the right of refusing access without assigning any reasons to the Investor(s). It is clarified that the Facility is only with a view to accommodate /facilitate the Investor/s and offered at the sole discretion of the AMC. The AMC is not bound and/or obliged in any way to give access of this Facility to Investor(s). The Facility using SMS can be availed only through the registered mobile number of the investor.
- g) The AMC shall provide the investor(s) on a periodical basis with account statements, only to the registered email id, which will reflect all the transactions done by the investors during the corresponding period. The Investor(s) shall check his/her account statement carefully and promptly. If the Investor(s) believes that there has been a mistake in any transaction using the Facility, or that unauthorized transaction has been effected, the Investor/s shall notify the AMC immediately. If the Investor(s) defaults in intimating the discrepancies in the statement within a period of 15 days of receipt of the statements, he waives all his rights to raise the same in favour of the AMC, unless the discrepancy /error is apparent on the face of it. By opting for the facility the Investor(s) hereby irrevocably authorizes and instructs the AMC to act as his /her agent and to do all such acts as AMC may find necessary to provide the Facility.
- h) The Investor(s) agrees and confirms that the AMC has the right to ask the Investor(s) for an oral or written confirmation of any transaction request using the Facility and/or any additional information regarding the Account of the Investor(s).
- i) The Investor(s) agrees and confirms that the AMC may at its sole discretion suspend the Facility in whole or in part at any time without prior notice. The Investor(s) shall not assign any right or interest or delegate any obligation arising herein.
- j) The Investor(s) shall take responsibility for all the transactions conducted by using the Facility and will abide by the record of transactions generated by the AMC. Further, the Investor(s) confirms that such records generated by the AMC shall be conclusive proof and binding for all purposes and may be used as evidence in any proceedings and unconditionally waives all objections in this behalf.
- k) The investor(s) agrees that it shall be his/her sole responsibility to ensure protection and confidentiality of the Key Information and any disclosures thereof shall be entirely at the investor(s)'s risk.

- l) The office of Registrar of the Fund having its office at Hyderabad will be the official point of acceptance for the transactions received using this Facility. The Investor(s) agree that all calls/SMS received during a business day shall be eligible for same day NAV, subject to completion of the necessary formalities by the AMC/Registrar on or before the uniform cut off time set for this purpose. The Cut off timeline for this facility would be half an hour prior to the regulatory cut off timeline i.e. 2.30 pm in case of funds where the SEBI cutoff timeline is 3.00 pm and 1.30 pm in case of funds where the SEBI cutoff timeline is 2.00 pm. Further, NAV would be allotted based on the realization/utilisation of funds, wherever applicable, as per the prevailing SEBI regulations/circulars issued and amended from time to time.
- m) The Investor(s) confirm that the AMC/Registrar or their delegates shall under no circumstances be liable for any damages or losses, whatsoever, whether such damages or losses are direct, indirect, incidental, consequential and whether such damages are sustained by investor(s) or any other person due to:-
- i. any transaction using this Facility carried out in good faith by the AMC on instructions of the Investor(s) or any unauthorized usage/unauthorized transactions conducted by using the Facility;
 - ii. any error, defect, failure or interruption in the provision of the Facility arising from or caused by any reason whatsoever;
 - iii. any negligence / mistake or misconduct by the Investor(s);
 - iv. any breach or non-compliance by the Investor(s) of the rules/terms and conditions stated herein or in the Scheme Information Document or Statement of Additional Information or Key Information Memorandum;
 - v. acceptance of instructions given by any one of the Investor in case of joint holding having mode of operations as "anyone or survivor";
 - vi. not verifying the identity of the person giving the telephone instructions in the Investor(s) name;
 - vii. not carrying out any such instructions where the AMC has reason to believe (which decision of the AMC, the Investor(s) shall not question or dispute) that the instructions given are not genuine or are otherwise improper, unclear, vague or raise a doubt;
 - viii. carrying out a transaction after such reasonable verification as the AMC may deem fit regarding the identity of the Investor(s) or any case of error in NAV communication;
 - ix. accepting instructions given by any one of the Investor(s) or his / her authorized person.
- n) The Investor/s agrees that use of the Facility will be deemed acceptance of the Terms and Conditions and the Investor(s) will unequivocally be bound by these Terms and Conditions.

DHFL Pramerica Perks:-

DHFL Pramerica Perks is a managed compensation plan that enables Employers to follow a pre-determined investment plan for their employees. Availing of DHFL PRAMERICA PERKS facility shall be subject to the following terms and conditions:-

- a) "Terms and Conditions" means the terms and conditions set out herewith subject to which this PERKS Program shall be used/ availed by the Employer/ Investor(s) and shall include all modifications and supplements made by DHFL Pramerica Asset Managers Private Limited (erstwhile Pramerica Asset Managers Private Limited) ('AMC') thereto from time to time. The Employer/ Investor shall at all times be bound by any modifications and/or variations made to these Terms and Conditions by the AMC at their sole discretion and without notice to them.
- b) "PERKS" is only the name of the investment facility that matures at the end of a pre-determined period called "vesting period".
- c) The investments shall be made and held in the name of employer, i.e. the folio will be opened in the name of the employer and the investment will be made in the employer's name in the scheme(s) chosen. The legal ownership remains with the employer until vesting and the employees will have no legal rights over the allocation made by the employer in favour of the employees. This facility is not available for units held in dematerialized form.
- d) To apply for the PERKS program, the Employer/Investor has to fill and submit the DHFL Pramerica PERKS Employer Application Form along with relevant documents as mentioned in the form.
- e) It is mandatory for every employer and the employee to be KYC compliant for the vesting to take place. If any employee is not KYC compliant as on the date of vesting, the vesting will not be carried out for the said employee and the amount shall continue to remain invested in the Employer's folio.
- f) The redemption of units from the employer's folio shall be subject to exit load, as applicable from time to time.
- g) It shall be the responsibility of the employer/investor to deduct and deposit any tax including income tax payable for the amount vested in the name of the particular employee and if the employer/investor informs the AMC about the tax liability of the employees (at least 5 business days prior to the vesting date), the AMC shall assist the employer/investor to do the vesting (net of taxes), as intimated. i.e. on vesting, based on the confirmation from the Employer/Investor, the AMC will redeem the employees' allocation from the Employer/Investor's folio and:-
 - (i) retain the amount of taxes under the employer / investor folio or remit to the employer / investor an amount equivalent to the tax liability of the employees on account of this investment and
 - (ii) reinvest the balance amount in the name of the respective employees.

- h) The Employer/investor and the employee(s) shall submit a prescribed "Third Party Declaration Form" confirming the relationship of the Third Party ("Employer") with the beneficiary ("Employee") and the third party payment by the Employer/Investor on behalf of the Employee for the subscriptions processed on the vesting date. In case the Employer does not submit the vesting request along with necessary documents including the third party declaration forms by the vesting date, units will not be vested and will continue to remain invested in the Employers' folio.
- i) If the Employer/Investor opts to redeem partially before the actual vesting period & receive the redemption proceeds, then the Employer/Investor must submit Redemption request along with the names of employees against whose allocation the redemption units / amount should be adjusted.
- j) The AMC will provide the Employer on a periodical basis with an account statement and the employee allocation annexure, only to the registered email id of the contact person (employer), which will reflect all the transactions done by the Employer/Investor during the corresponding period and the Employee Allocation details. The Employer/Investor shall check the account statement and the Employee Allocation Annexure carefully. If the Employer/Investor believes that there has been a mistake in any transaction using the Facility, or that unauthorized transaction has been effected, the Employer/Investor shall notify the AMC immediately. If the Employer/Investor defaults in intimating the discrepancies in the statement within a period of 15 days of receipt of the statements/ allocation details, then Employer/Investor waives all his rights to raise the same in favour of the AMC, unless the discrepancy /error is apparent on the face of it.
- k) The Employer/Investor(s) agrees and confirms that the AMC may at its sole discretion suspend the Facility in whole or in part at any time without prior notice. The Employer/Investor(s) shall not assign any right or interest or delegate any obligation arising herein.
- l) The AMC shall specify the minimum investment amount to avail this facility, eligible schemes available under this facility, etc, from time to time.
- m) The Employer/Investor(s) agrees and confirms that nothing in this arrangement or facility shall render the AMC a partner, agent or representative of the Employer/Investor(s) and that the Employer/Investor(s) shall not make any representations to its employees or to any third party or give any warranties which may require the AMC to undertake or be liable for, whether directly, or indirectly, any obligation and/or responsibility to the employees of the Employer/Investor(s) or any third party.
- n) The Employer/Investor(s) agrees and acknowledges that the AMC will not be liable to provide any report or confirmation including the employee allocation or any periodical report in this regard to the employees. All the communication from the AMC regarding the services available under this Facility shall be addressed only to the Employer/Investor(s).
- o) The Employer/Investor/s agrees that use of the Facility will be deemed acceptance of the Terms and Conditions and the Investor(s) will unequivocally be bound by it.

DHFL Pramerica Power Goals:-

DHFL Pramerica Power Goals ('the Facility') is a PE (Price to Earnings Ratio) variation based asset allocation facility with rebalancing features. The Facility would help the investors in making investments in equity and debt/liquid schemes of DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund ('the Fund') based on an asset allocation suggested by a proprietary model developed by the AMC and rebalance the same. Following are the features of the Facility:

- (a) The initial investment under the Facility shall be made to a specific scheme of the Fund identified by the AMC ('herein referred as the Feeder Fund'), which is currently, DHFL Pramerica Ultra Short Term Fund;
- (b) Investment under the Facility into the Feeder Fund can be made through any one of these modes, viz. (1) Lump-sum Investment; (2) Systematic Investment Plan (SIP); (3) Lump-sum investment with SIP; or (4) Lump-sum investment with Systematic Transfer Plan (STP);
- (c) The investor shall identify and designate one equity scheme of the Fund (for equity allocation) and one debt/liquid scheme of the Fund (for debt allocation) in which the investments shall be made under the Facility. Please note that the debt/liquid scheme so chosen by the investor for the purpose of debt allocation cannot be the Feeder Fund.
- (d) The allocation towards the designated equity scheme shall be arrived through calculation of variation from long-term average Nifty 50 PE (see table below) and the balance allocation shall be in the designated debt scheme.

Variation from long-term average PE*	% Equity Allocation
Less than -20%	100%
Between -20% to -11%	100%
Between -10% to 0%	100%
Between 1% to 10%	80%
Between 11% to 20%	60%
Between 21% to 30%	40%
Between 31% to 40%	0%
Above 40%	0%

*Trailing PE of Nifty 50 is observed on a 20 days moving average basis as at the month-end and compared to long-term average PE (from January 1999) to calculate the Variation.

- (e) Based on the variation from the long-term average PE (refer above table), the investments (i.e. cleared units) in the Feeder Fund shall be switched to the designated equity scheme (i.e. equity allocation) and to the designated debt scheme (i.e. debt allocation) on the 1st business day of every month.
- (f) The Facility would also re-balance the clear units in the folio on the 1st business day of every month (where applicable) (i.e. investments in the designated equity and debt schemes) based on PE Variations (see table below).

Variation from longterm average PE*	Rebalancing	
	% of Outstanding Equity Units Moved Out to Debt	% of Outstanding Debt Units Moved Into Equity
Less than -20%	–	100%
Between -20% to -11%	–	50%
Between -10% to 0%	–	10%
Between 1% to 10%	–	–
Between 11% to 20%	–	–
Between 21% to 30%	–	–
Between 31% to 40%	50%	–
Above 40%	100%	–

*Trailing PE of Nifty 50 is observed on a 20 days moving average basis as at the month-end and compared to long-term average PE (from January 1999) to calculate Variation.

- (g) All investments under the Facility shall be under a unique identified folio. By subscribing to this facility the investor(s) authorises the AMC to carry out the switch from the Feeder Fund to designated equity and debt funds and switch between equity and debt funds (on reallocation) without any further instructions or authorisations from the investor(s).
- (h) Investors are requested to note that the applicability of NAV on switch of units from the Feeder Fund to designated equity and debt schemes and switch between equity and debt schemes (on reallocation) shall be subject to the realization/utilization of funds, wherever applicable, as per the prevailing SEBI regulations/circulars, issued and amended from time to time. Further, investors shall not (at the instance of the investor) be allowed to switch within the designated equity and debt schemes within the folio which is part of the Facility and the minimum amount criteria applicable to the schemes shall not be applicable for switches within the Facility.
- (i) Investors are requested to note that all switches between (i.e. Switch of units from the Feeder Fund to designated equity and debt schemes and switch between equity and debt schemes) shall be subject to the applicable exit load of the respective schemes. The redemption of units from the folio shall be subject to exit load as applicable to the respective schemes.
- (j) Investors shall register to avail this Facility by submitting the “DHFL Pramerica Power Goals Application form” to the AMC/ISC. This form also includes the terms and condition applicable to the Facility and the same shall be available on the website of the mutual fund, www.dhflpramericamf.com.
- (k) The Investor(s) agrees and confirms that the AMC may at its sole discretion suspend the Facility in whole or in part at any time without prior notice. The Investor/s agrees that subscription to this Facility will be deemed acceptance of the terms and conditions and the investor(s) will unequivocally be bound by these Terms and Conditions.

The AMC reserves the right to discontinue any of the aforesaid facilities at any point of time.

Accounts Statements

- The unit holders whose valid application for subscription has been accepted by the Fund, a communication specifying the number of units allotted, in the form of an email and/or SMS at the registered email address and/or mobile number, shall be sent within 5 business days from the date of receipt of transaction request or closure of the initial subscription list.
- Thereafter, a Common Account Statement ('CAS') shall be issued which shall enable a single consolidated view of all the investments of an investor in mutual funds and securities held in demat form with the Depositories. CAS shall contain details relating to all the transactions carried out by the investors across all schemes of all mutual funds during the month and holding at the end of the month including transaction charges paid to the distributor.
- The following shall be applicable with respect to CAS, for unit holders having a Demat Account:-
 - i. Investors having mutual funds investments and holding securities in Demat account shall receive a CAS from the Depository;
 - ii. CAS shall be issued on the basis of PAN. In case of multiple holding, it shall be PAN of the first holder and pattern of holding. The CAS shall be generated on a monthly basis.
 - iii. If there is any transaction in any of the Demat accounts or in any of the mutual fund folios of the investor, depositories shall send the CAS within ten days from the month end. In case there is no transaction in any of the mutual fund folios and demat accounts then CAS with holding details shall be sent to the investor on half yearly basis.

	<p>iv. Investors will have an option not to receive CAS through the Depository. Investors who do not wish to receive CAS through the Depository can indicate their negative consent to the Depository and such Investors will receive CAS from AMC / the Fund.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Unit holders who do not have Demat account shall be issued the CAS for each calendar month on or before 10th of the immediately succeeding month in whose folio(s) transaction(s) has/have taken place during the month by physical form or email (wherever the investors have provided the email address). For the purpose of sending CAS, common investors across mutual funds shall be identified by their PAN. ● As the CAS will be issued on the basis of PAN, the Unit holders who have not provided their PAN will not receive CAS. ● Further, the CAS detailing holding across all schemes of all mutual funds at the end of every six months ended September 30 or March 31, shall be sent in physical form/email on or before tenth day of succeeding month to all such unit holders in whose folios transactions have not taken place during that period. The half-yearly CAS will be sent by email to the Unitholders whose email is available, unless a specific request is made to receive in physical. ● In case of a specific request received from the Unitholders, the AMC will provide the account statement to the Unitholder within 5 Business Days from the receipt of such request. ● If a Unitholder so requests, a non-transferable Unit certificate will be issued within 5 working days of the receipt of such request.
<p>Dividend</p>	<p>Under the Dividend Option, dividend will be declared as per the frequency indicated above or as may be decided as per the discretion of the Trustee, subject to availability of distributable surplus calculated in accordance with SEBI (MF) Regulations. It must be clearly understood that there is neither any assurance that the Dividend will be declared regularly nor any assurance as to the rate of Dividend. If the Record Date for dividend distribution falls on a Non-Business Day, the Record Date shall be immediately following Business Day.</p> <p>In accordance with SEBI Circular No. SEBI / IMD / Cir No.1 / 64057 / 06 dated April 4, 2006, the procedure for Dividend declaration / distribution for schemes having frequency of dividend distribution other than daily upto monthly frequency would be as under :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Quantum of dividend and the record date will be fixed by the Trustee. Dividend so decided shall be paid, subject to availability of distributable surplus. 2. Within one calendar day of decision by the Trustee, the AMC shall issue notice to the public communicating the decision about the dividend including the record date, in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the head office of the Mutual Fund is situated. 3. The Record Date shall be the date, which will be considered for the purpose of determining the eligibility of investors whose names appear on the register of Unit holders for receiving dividends. The Record Date will be 5 calendar days from the date of issue of notice. <p>Procedure for Dividend Reinvestment:</p> <p>Under the Dividend Reinvestment, the dividend amount will be re-invested (at the applicable ex-dividend NAV) in the Dividend Option of the Scheme or in the Target scheme. The amount of dividend re-invested will be net of dividend distribution tax and statutory levy, if any. The additional Units created by way of reinvestment of dividend would be added to the units already held by the Unitholder. The dividends so re-invested shall constitute a constructive payment of dividends to the Unitholders and a constructive receipt of the same amount from each Unitholder. There shall be no load on the dividends so reinvested.</p> <p>Procedure for Dividend Pay Out:</p> <p>The Dividend proceeds may be paid by way of cheque, Dividend warrant or remitted electronically by way of / Direct credits / ECS / National Electronic Fund Transfer (NEFT) / Real Time Gross Settlement (RTGS) or any other electronic manner, if sufficient bank account details of the unitholder are available with the Mutual Fund to the Unitholder's bank account as recorded in the Registrar's records, within 30 days of the date of declaration of the dividend.</p> <p>In case of specific request for dividend payment through the physical mode or unavailability of sufficient bank details with the Mutual Fund, the Dividend will be paid by dividend warrant / cheque / demand draft and payment will be made in favour of the sole / 1st Unit holder with bank account details furnished to the Mutual Fund.</p> <p>The AMC, at its discretion at a later date, may choose to alter or add other modes of payment.</p> <p>Effect of Dividend:</p> <p>Upon payment of Dividend (including reinvestment of Dividend), the NAV attributable to Units in the respective Dividend Option will stand reduced by the dividend amount, and the dividend distribution tax and statutory levy, if any. The NAV of the Growth Option will remain unaffected by the payment of Dividend.</p> <p>Although the Scheme will have a common portfolio for both Growth and Dividend Options, the NAVs of the two Options will be distinctly different after declaration of the first Dividend to the extent of income distributed, distribution tax and statutory levy thereon.</p> <p>Please refer to Section 6. B. 12 of the SAI for details on Unclaimed Redemptions and Dividends.</p>

Redemption

The redemption proceeds shall be dispatched to the unitholders within 10 business days from the date of receipt of redemption application, complete / in good order in all respects.

A Transaction Slip may be used by the Unit Holder to request for Redemption. The requisite details should be entered in the Transaction Slip and submitted at any ISC / OPA. Transaction Slips are available at all the ISCs / OPAs/ the website of the Mutual Fund. For Investors convenience, the Mutual Fund also provides Online Transaction facility on its Website for transacting in units of the Mutual Fund's schemes. It is mandatory for the investors to provide their Bank account details as per SEBI guidelines.

Procedure for payment of redemption proceeds

1. Resident Investors

Redemption proceeds will be paid to the investor through RTGS, NEFT, Direct Credit, Cheque or Demand Draft.

- a) If investor has provided IFSC code in the application form, by default redemption proceeds shall be credited to Investor's bank account through RTGS / NEFT.
- b) If the Investor has not provided IFSC code but has a bank account with a bank with whom the Fund has an arrangement for Direct Credit, the proceeds will be paid through direct credit.
- c) If the Investor's bank account does not fall under a) and b) above the Redemption proceeds will be paid by cheque or demand draft, marked "Account Payee only" and drawn in the name of the sole holder / first-named holder (as determined by the records of the Registrar).

The bank name and bank account number of the sole / first holder as specified in the Registrar's records will be mentioned in the cheque / demand draft. The cheque / demand draft will be payable at the city, as per the bank mandate of the investor. Please refer SAI for details.

The redemption proceeds will be sent by courier or (if the addressee city is not serviced by the courier) by registered post / UCP to the registered address of the sole / first holder as per the records of the Registrars. For the purpose of delivery of the redemption instrument, the dispatch through the courier / Postal Department, as the case may be, shall be treated as delivery to the investor.

The AMC / Registrar are not responsible for any delayed delivery or non-delivery or any consequences thereof, if the dispatch has been made correctly as stated above.

The AMC reserves the right to change the sequence of payment from (a) to (c) without any prior notice.

2. Non-Resident Investors

For NRIs, Redemption proceeds will be remitted depending upon the source of investment as follows:

- (i) **Repatriation basis:** Where Units have been purchased through direct remittance from abroad or by cheque/ draft issued from proceeds of the Unit Holder's FCNR deposit or from funds held in the Unit Holder's Non Resident (External) account maintained in India the proceeds will be remitted to the Unitholder's bankers in India for crediting his/her NRE/FCNR bank account.
- (ii) **Non-Repatriation basis:** When Units have been purchased from funds held in the Unit Holder's non-resident (Ordinary) account, the proceeds will be sent to the Unit Holder's Indian address / bankers for crediting to the Unit Holder's non-resident (Ordinary) account.

For FIIs, the designated branch of the authorized dealer may allow remittance of net sale / maturity proceeds (after payment of taxes) or credit the amount to the Foreign Currency account or Non-resident Rupee account of the FII maintained in accordance with the approval granted to it by the RBI.

The Fund will not be liable for any delays or for any loss on account of any exchange fluctuations, while converting the rupee amount in foreign exchange in the case of transactions with NRIs/ FIIs. The Fund may make other arrangements for effecting payment of Redemption proceeds in future.

Effect of Redemptions

The number of Units held by the Unit Holder in his/ her/ its folio will stand reduced by the number of Units Redeemed. Units once redeemed will be extinguished and will not be re- issued. The normal processing time may not be applicable in situations where such details are not provided by investors/ Unit holders. The AMC will not be responsible for any loss arising out of fraudulent encashment of cheques and/or any delay/ loss in transit.

Where Units under a Scheme are held under both Regular and Direct Plans and the redemption / Switch request pertains to the Direct Plan, the same must clearly be mentioned on the request (along with the folio number), failing which the request would be processed from the Regular Plan. However, where Units under the requested Option are held only under one Plan, the request would be processed under such Plan.

<p>Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds</p>	<p>The redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be dispatched to the unitholders within 10 Business days from the date of redemption or repurchase. The AMC shall be liable to pay interest to the Unit holders @ 15% p.a. or such other rate as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time, in case the Redemption / Repurchase payment is not made within 10 Business days from the date of receipt of the valid Redemption / Repurchase application, complete in all respect.</p> <p>Note: The AMC will not be liable to pay any interest or compensation in case of any delay in processing the redemption application beyond 10 Business Days in case of any deficiency in the redemption application or if the AMC / RTA is required to obtain from the Investor / Unit holders any additional details for verification of identity or bank details etc. under applicable regulations.</p>
<p>Bank Mandate</p>	<p>It is mandatory for the every sole / first applicant / Unitholder to provide the name of the bank, branch, address, account number and account type as per requirements SEBI guidelines and any other requirements stated in the Application Form. Further, in case the cheque for purchase of units is issued from a bank account which is different from the Bank Mandate mentioned in the application form or if the payment is made through a bank draft, the investor needs to provide a cancelled cheque leaf, for the purpose of verification along with the application form. Without these details, the application will be treated as incomplete and is liable to be rejected by the Registrar/AMC.</p> <p>Multiple Bank Mandate Registration for non-demat holders.</p> <p>Investors (holding units in physical account statement) may register multiple Bank Mandates in a single folio using a prescribed Multiple Bank Mandate Registration form which is available at all ISCs/OPAs and also on the Mutual Fund's website. The said form needs to be accompanied with cancelled cheque leaves for all the bank mandates which the investor seeks to register under a folio. For details, please refer to SAI.</p> <p>Note: For Units held in demat mode, the bank mandate shall be as per bank details registered with the DP.</p>
<p>Transaction Charges</p>	<p>Please refer to highlights of the scheme for details.</p>
<p>Option to hold units in dematerialized (Demat) form</p>	<p>The investors shall have an option to hold the Units in demat mode, except for units held under Dividend Options where dividend distribution frequency is less than one month. However, for SIP transactions, while the units in will be allotted based on the applicable NAV as per the respective SIDs, the same will be credited to unitholder's Demat account on a weekly basis, upon realization of funds/ credit confirmation. For example, for fund realization/ credit confirmation received from the bankers from Monday to Friday of a week, the Units will be credited to unitholder's Demat account with the DP in the following week on Monday.</p> <p>To hold the Units in demat mode, the investor will be required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant (DP) of the NSDL/CDSL and will be required to mention in the application form, DP's Name, DP ID and Beneficiary Account No. with the DP at the time of subscribing to the Units. If a Unit holder desires to opt for dematerialization of units held under physical account statement at a later date, he will be required to make an application to AMC/ RTA/DP in Conversion Request Form (available on the website of the Mutual Fund or with the DPs) along with Statement of Account, a copy of Client Master Report (CMR) or Transaction Statement (only the page of Transaction Statement reflecting the name and pattern of holding) issued by its Depository Participant. Application for issue of Units in demat mode may be submitted to any of the OPAs / ISCs or DPs. The AMC will endeavor to credit the Units to the Beneficiary Account of Unit holder within two working days from the date of clearance of the investor's cheque or receipt of demat request .</p> <p>In case the unit holders do not provide their Demat Account details, or the demat details provided in the application form are incomplete / incorrect or do not match with the details with the Depository records, the Units will be allotted in physical account statement mode provided the application is otherwise complete in all respect and accordingly, an Account Statement shall be sent to them.</p>
<p>Rematerialisation of units held in Demat form:</p>	<p>Units of the Scheme held in demat may be converted into physical account statement mode via rematerialisation process. Rematerialization of Units ('remat') will be in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories & Participants) Regulations, 1996. The investor will need to submit a remat request to his/her DP for rematerialisation of holdings in his/her account. If there is sufficient balance in the investor's account, the DP will generate a Rematerialisation Request Number (RRN) and the same is entered in the space provided for the purpose in the rematerialisation request form. The DP will then despatch the request form to the AMC/ RTA. The AMC/ RTA accepts the request for rematerialisation prints and despatch the account statement to the investor and send electronic confirmation to the DP. DP shall inform the investor about the changes in the investor account following the acceptance of the remat request.</p>
<p>Listing & Transfer</p>	<p>Being open-ended Scheme under which the Subscription and Redemption of Units will be made on a continuous basis, the Units of the Scheme are not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange. However, the AMC in consultation with the Trustee may list the Units on one or more Stock Exchanges at a later date. In such an event, the AMC will make suitable public announcement to that effect.</p> <p>Pursuant to SEBI circular CIR/IMD/DF/10/2010 dated August 18, 2010, the units of the Scheme held in dematerialised form would be freely transferable from one demat account to another. The provisions with respect to transmission of such dematerialized units will be governed by SEBI [Depository Participants] Regulations, 1996.</p> <p>If a person becomes a holder of the Units consequent to operation of law, or upon enforcement of a pledge, the Mutual Fund will, subject to production of satisfactory evidence, effect the transfer, if the transferee is otherwise eligible to hold the Units. Similarly, in cases of transmission of Units consequent on the death of a unitholder, the transferee's name will be recorded by the AMC / Registrar subject to production of satisfactory evidence and completing the requisite procedure / documentation (as explained in SAI).</p>

<p>The policy regarding reissue of repurchased units (including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same.</p>	<p>The Scheme does not propose to reissue Redeemed Units.</p>
<p>Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered.</p>	<p>Units of the Scheme held in physical Account Statement are non-transferable. Units of the Scheme are presently not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange. Only the Units of the held in dematerialized form are transferable through off-market deals, in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, as may be amended from time to time, as mentioned above under section "Listing & Transfer".</p> <p>Pledge of Units:</p> <p>a. Units held in demat mode:</p> <p>The Units held in demat mode can be pledged as per the provisions of Depositories Act and Rules and Regulations framed by Depositories.</p> <p>b. Units held in physical mode:</p> <p>The Units held in physical mode under the Scheme may be offered as security by way of a pledge / charge in favour of scheduled banks, financial institutions, non-banking finance companies (NBFCs), or any other body as decided by the AMC.</p> <p>The AMC / Registrar will note and record such Pledge of Units. The AMC shall mark a lien only upon receiving the duly completed form and documents as may be prescribed. Disbursement of such loans will be entirely at the discretion of the bank / financial institution / NBFC concerned (hereinafter referred to as the "Pledgee") and the Mutual Fund/AMC assumes no responsibility thereof. The Pledgor will not be able to redeem Units that are pledged, until the Pledgee to whom the Units are pledged provides written authorisation to the Mutual Fund that the pledge / lien charge may be revoked. Further, the Pledgee will have complete authority to redeem such Units so long as the Units remain under pledge.</p> <p>Right to limit Redemption:</p> <p>The AMC may, under the below mentioned circumstances, impose restriction on redemption (including switch-outs) for a period not exceeding 10 working days in any 90 days period. Such restriction may be imposed when there are circumstances leading to a systemic crisis or event that severely constricts market liquidity or the efficient functioning of markets such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Liquidity issues - When market at large becomes illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any issuer specific security; — Market failures, exchange closures - When markets are affected by unexpected events which impact the functioning of exchanges or the regular course of transactions. Such unexpected events could also be related to political, economic, military, monetary or other emergencies; — Operational issues - When exceptional circumstances are caused by force majeure, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures (e.g. a black out). <p>However, such restriction would not be applicable to the redemption (including switch-outs) requests received for upto INR 2 Lakhs. In case of redemption (including switch-outs) requests above INR 2 Lakhs, the AMC shall redeem the first INR 2 Lakhs without such restriction and remaining part over and above INR 2 Lakhs shall be subject to such restriction.</p> <p>Any imposition of restriction on redemption (including switch-outs) of units of the Scheme shall be made applicable only after specific approval of Board of AMC and Trustee and the same shall also be informed to SEBI immediately.</p> <p>KYC Policy:</p> <p>It is mandatory for all investors (including joint holders, NRIs, POA holders and guardians in the case of minors) to comply with the Know Your Customers (KYC) requirements under the AML Laws. Applications from investors who have not complied with such KYC requirement will be rejected. For more details on KYC requirements, please refer SAI.</p> <p>It is mandatory for all investors (including guardians, joint holders, NRIs and power of attorney holders) to provide their Income Tax Permanent Account Number (PAN) and also submit a photo copy of the PAN card issued to them by the Income Tax Department at the time of purchase of Units in the Scheme. For more details on the PAN requirements and exceptions available from such requirements, please refer SAI.</p> <p>All investments in DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund need to comply with the PAN and KYC requirements as stated above, failing which the applications are liable to be rejected. It is clarified that all categories of investors seeking exemption from PAN still need to complete the KYC requirements stipulated from time to time, irrespective the amount of investment.</p>

C. PERIODIC DISCLOSURES

<p>Net Asset Value</p> <p>This is the value per unit of the scheme on a particular day. You can ascertain the value of your investments by multiplying the NAV with your unit balance.</p>	<p>The AMC will calculate and disclose the NAV of the Scheme on all the Business Days. The NAV of the Scheme shall be published at least in two daily newspapers having Nationwide circulation on daily basis in accordance with the Regulations. The AMC shall update the NAVs on the website of the AMC (www.dhflpramericamf.com) and of the Association of Mutual Funds in India – AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) before 9.00 p.m. on every Business Day. If the NAVs are not available before the commencement of Business Hours on the following day due to any reason, the Mutual Fund shall issue a press release giving reasons and explaining when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAV.</p>															
<p>Monthly / Half -yearly Disclosures: Portfolio / Financial Results</p> <p>This is a list of securities where the corpus of the scheme is currently invested. The market value of these investments is also stated in portfolio disclosures.</p>	<p>The AMC shall disclose details of the portfolio of the Scheme on a monthly basis on its website on or before the tenth day of the succeeding month in the prescribed format.</p> <p>The Scheme shall publish, by way of an advertisement, in one English daily circulating in the whole of India and in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the head office of the Mutual Fund is situated the complete scheme portfolio before the expiry of one month of the close of each half year i.e., 31st March and 30th September. This shall also be displayed on the website of the Mutual Fund and that of AMFI.</p>															
<p>Half Yearly Results</p>	<p>The Mutual Fund shall within one month of the close of each half year i.e., 31st March and 30th September, upload the soft copy of its unaudited financial results containing the details specified in Regulation 59 on its website and shall publish an advertisement disclosing uploading of such financial results on its website, in one English newspaper having nationwide circulation and in one regional newspaper circulating in the region where the head office of the Mutual Fund is situated. This shall also be displayed on the website of AMFI.</p>															
<p>Annual Report</p>	<p>The Scheme wise annual report or an abridged summary thereof shall be mailed to all Unit holders not later than four months (or such other period as may be specified by SEBI from time to time) from the date of closure of the relevant accounting year (i.e., 31st March each year).</p> <p>In case of unitholders whose email addresses are available with the Mutual Fund, the scheme annual reports or abridged summary would be sent only by email. Unitholders whose email addresses are not available with the Mutual Fund shall be sent physical copies of scheme annual reports or abridged summary by post / courier. The AMC shall provide a physical copy of scheme annual report or abridged summary upon receipt of a specific request from the unitholders, irrespective of registration of their email addresses. The full annual report shall be available for inspection at the Head Office of the Mutual Fund and a copy shall be made available to the Unit holders on request on payment of nominal fees, if any. Scheme wise annual report shall also be displayed on the website of the AMC (www.dhflpramericamf.com) and Association of Mutual Funds in India (www.amfiindia.com).</p>															
<p>Associate Transactions</p>	<p>Please refer to Statement of Additional Information.</p>															
<p>Investor services</p>	<p>Investors may make any service request or complaints or enquiries by calling the AMC's Investor Helpline "1800 266 2667" (toll-free) or send an e-mail to customercare@dhflpramericamf.in.</p> <p>The customer service representatives may require personal information of the customer for verification of the customer's identity in order to protect confidentiality of information. The AMC will at all times endeavour to handle transactions efficiently and to resolve any grievances promptly. For any queries / complaints / feedbacks investors may contact:</p> <p>Mr. Murali Ramasubramanian Investor Relations Officer DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund 2nd floor, Nirlon House, Dr. Annie Besant Road, Worli, Mumbai - 400030 Tel: 91 22 6159 3000 Fax: 91 22 6159 3100</p>															
<p>Taxation</p> <p>The rates mentioned herein are as per the Finance Act, 2017.</p> <p>The information is provided for general information only. However, in view of the individual nature of the implications, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax advisors / authorised dealers with respect to the specific amount of tax and other implications arising out of his or her participation in the schemes.</p>	<p>DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund is a fund registered with SEBI and as such is eligible for benefits under Section 10(23D) of the IT Act, 1961. Accordingly, its entire income would be exempt from tax.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="560 1619 1497 1944"> <thead> <tr> <th>Equity Scheme</th> <th>Resident Investors*</th> <th>Mutual Fund</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Tax on Dividend</td> <td>Nil</td> <td>Nil - In case of equity oriented fund (Refer Note)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Long-term capital gains@</td> <td>Nil – In case of equity oriented fund</td> <td>Nil</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Short-term capital gains@</td> <td>15 per cent – In case of equity oriented fund#</td> <td>Nil</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Business income</td> <td>10 - 30 per cent based on the total income of the investor##</td> <td>Nil</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Schemes of an equity oriented mutual fund (Refer Note below) will also attract securities transaction tax (STT) at applicable rates. For further details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the Statement of Additional Information (SAI).</p>	Equity Scheme	Resident Investors*	Mutual Fund	Tax on Dividend	Nil	Nil - In case of equity oriented fund (Refer Note)	Long-term capital gains@	Nil – In case of equity oriented fund	Nil	Short-term capital gains@	15 per cent – In case of equity oriented fund#	Nil	Business income	10 - 30 per cent based on the total income of the investor##	Nil
Equity Scheme	Resident Investors*	Mutual Fund														
Tax on Dividend	Nil	Nil - In case of equity oriented fund (Refer Note)														
Long-term capital gains@	Nil – In case of equity oriented fund	Nil														
Short-term capital gains@	15 per cent – In case of equity oriented fund#	Nil														
Business income	10 - 30 per cent based on the total income of the investor##	Nil														

	<p>*The tax rate would be increased by a surcharge of:</p> <p>(a) 7 per cent - in case of domestic corporate Unit Holders, where the total income exceeds Rs 10,000,000/- (Rupees One Crore) but does not exceed Rs. 100,000,000/- (Rupees Ten Crores).</p> <p>12 per cent – in case of domestic corporate Unit Holders, where the total income exceeds Rs. 100,000,000/- (Rupees Ten Crores).</p> <p>(b) 12 per cent – in case of firms, local authority and co-operative societies, where total income exceeds Rs. 10,000,000/- (Rupees One Crore).</p> <p>(c) 10 per cent – in case of individuals/ Hindu Undivided Family (HUF)/ Association of People (AOP)/ Body of Individuals (BOI), where total income exceeds Rs 5,000,000/- (Rupees Fifty Lakh) but does not exceed Rs 10,000,000/- (Rupees One Crore).</p> <p>(d) 15 per cent – in case of Individuals/ HUF/ AOP/ BOI, where total income exceeds Rs 10,000,000/- (Rupees One Crore).</p> <p>Further, an additional surcharge of 3 per cent by way of education cess would be charged on amount of tax inclusive of surcharge for all Unit Holders.</p> <p>Tax rebate up to Rs 2,500 per annum would be available for resident individuals having total income up to Rs 350,000/- (Rupees Three Lakh Fifty Thousand).</p> <p>@ Units of an equity oriented mutual fund shall be considered as a short-term capital asset where the same are held for a period of 12 months or less immediately preceding their date of transfer. Long-term capital asset means an asset which is not a short-term capital asset.</p> <p># In case of resident individuals and HUFs, where the total income as reduced by the short-term capital gains, is below the maximum amount which is not chargeable to income-tax, then, such short-term capital gains will be reduced to the extent of the shortfall and only the balance short-term capital gains will be subjected to the 15 per cent tax rate.</p> <p>## Assuming that the total income in case of individuals, HUF/ AOP/ BOI exceeds the basic exemption limit [Rs 500,000/- (Rupees Five Lakhs only) in case of resident individual of an age of 80 years or more, Rs 300,000/- (Rupees Three Lakhs only) in case of resident individual of an age of 60 years or more but less than 80 years and Rs 250,000/- (Rupees Two Lakh Fifty Thousand only) in case of resident in India below 60 years of age (including HUF, AOP/ BOI)].</p> <p>Note: An equity oriented fund has been defined as a scheme of a Mutual Fund where the investible funds are invested in equity shares of domestic companies to the extent of more than 65 per cent of the total proceeds of such fund. The percentage of equity shareholding of the fund shall be computed with reference to the annual average of the monthly averages of the opening and closing figures.</p> <p>FOR FURTHER DETAILS ON TAXATION PLEASE REFER TO THE CLAUSE ON TAXATION IN THE SAI.</p>
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D. COMPUTATION OF NAV

NAV of Units under the Scheme may be calculated by either of the following methods shown below:

$$\text{NAV (Rs.)} = \frac{\text{Market or Fair Value of Scheme's investments} + \text{Current Assets} - \text{Current Liabilities and Provisions}}{\text{No. of Units outstanding under the Scheme}}$$

Or

$$\text{NAV (Rs.)} = \frac{\text{Unit Capital} + \text{Reserves and Surplus}}{\text{No. of Units outstanding under the Scheme}}$$

Note:

- The NAV is rounded off to 4 decimal places.
- Separate NAV will be calculated and disclosed for each Plan/Option.
- The AMC will calculate and disclose the NAV of the Scheme on all the Business Days.
- The valuation of the Scheme's assets and computation of the Scheme's NAV shall be subject to audit on an annual basis and such regulations as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

E. TRANSACTION CHARGES:

In accordance with SEBI Circular No. IMD/ DF/13/ 2011 dated August 22, 2011 read with circular no. CIR/ IMD/ DF/ 21/ 2012 dated September 13, 2012, the AMC/ Fund shall deduct a Transaction Charge on per purchase / subscription of Rs. 10,000/- and above, as may be received from new investors (an investor who invests for the first time in any mutual fund schemes) and existing investors. Such deduction shall be as under (provided the distributor has opted in to receive the transaction charges):-

- For the new investor a transaction charge of Rs 150/- shall be levied for per purchase / subscription of Rs 10,000/- and above; and
- For the existing investor a transaction charge of Rs 100/- shall be levied for per purchase / subscription of Rs 10,000/- and above.

The transaction charge shall be deducted from the subscription amount and paid to the distributor and the balance amount (net of transaction charges) shall be invested. The transaction charges and the net investment amount and the number of units allotted will be clearly mentioned in the Account Statement issued by the Mutual Fund. Distributors may choose to either option to opt-in or opt out of charging the transaction charge.

In case of investments through Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) the transaction charges shall be deducted only if the total commitment through SIP (i.e. amount per SIP installment x No. of installments) amounts to Rs. 10,000/- and above. In such cases, the transaction charges shall be deducted in 3-4 installments.

However, the Transaction charges shall not be deducted if:

- a) The amount per purchases /subscriptions is less than Rs. 10,000/-;
- b) The transaction pertains to other than purchases/ subscriptions relating to new inflows such as Switch/STP, etc.
- c) Purchases/Subscriptions made directly with the Fund through any mode (i.e. not through any distributor/agent).
- d) The Distributor has opted out for levy of transaction charges.

Upfront commission to distributors shall continue to be paid by the investor directly to the distributor by a separate cheque based on his assessment of various factors including the service rendered by the distributor.

IV. Fees and Expenses

This section outlines the expenses that will be charged to the scheme.

A. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES

These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees marketing and advertising, Registrar expenses, printing and stationary, bank charges etc.

B. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the Scheme. These expenses include the Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' Fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given below:

- a. The maximum annual recurring expenses that can be charged to the Scheme, excluding issue or redemption expenses, whether initially borne by the mutual fund or by the AMC, but including the investment management and advisory fee shall be as follows:

On the first Rs. 100 crores of the daily net assets	2.50% p.a.
On the next Rs. 300 crores of the daily net assets	2.25% p.a.
On the next Rs. 300 crores of the daily net assets	1.75% p.a.
On the balance of the assets	1.50% p.a.

- b. In addition to the annual recurring expenses stated in (a) above, the following costs or expenses may be charged to the Scheme:-

- i. Brokerage and transaction costs which are incurred for the purpose of execution of trade and is included in the cost of investment, not exceeding 0.12 per cent in case of cash market transactions and 0.05 per cent in case of derivatives transactions. The brokerage and transaction cost incurred for the purpose of execution of trade may be capitalized to the extent of 0.12 per cent and 0.05 per cent for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively. Any payment towards brokerage and transaction cost, over and above the said 0.12 per cent and 0.05 per cent for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively may be charged to the scheme within the maximum limit of annual recurring expenses as prescribed under (a) above.

- ii. Expenses not exceeding of 0.30 per cent of daily net assets, if the new inflows from such cities as specified by the Board from time to time are at least (i) 30 per cent of gross new inflows in the scheme, or (ii) 15 per cent of the average assets under management (year to date) of the scheme, whichever is higher.

Provided that if inflows from such cities is less than the higher of sub-clause (i) or sub-clause (ii), such expenses on daily net assets of the scheme shall be charged on proportionate basis.

The expenses charged under this clause shall be utilised for distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from such cities. Provided further that amount incurred as expense on account of inflows from such cities shall be credited back to the scheme in case the said inflows are redeemed within a period of one year from the date of investment.

- iii. Additional expenses not exceeding 0.20 per cent of daily net assets of the scheme, towards the investment and advisory fees or various other permissible expenses;

- iv. Service tax on investment and advisory fees.

Within such total recurring expenses charged to the Scheme as above, the investment management and advisory fee (charged as a percentage of daily net assets) would be as decided by the AMC from time to time, provided that the investment management and advisory fee shall not exceed the aggregate of expenses charged under clause (a) and (b) (iii) above.

Service tax on other than investment and advisory fees, if any, and the service tax on brokerage and transaction cost paid for execution of trade shall be borne by the scheme within the maximum limit of annual recurring expenses stated in (a) above. Further, the service tax on exit load, if any,

shall be paid out of the exit load proceeds and the exit load net of service tax, if any, shall be credited back to the scheme.

In terms of SEBI circular no. CIR/IMD/DF/21/2012 dated September 13, 2012, the AMC shall annually set apart at least 0.02% on daily net assets within the maximum limit of recurring expenses as per Regulation 52 for investor education and awareness initiatives.

The maximum annual recurring expenses of the Scheme including the investment management and advisory fee (together with additional management fee wherever applicable) shall not exceed the limit stated in Regulation 52 read with aforesaid SEBI circular dated September 13, 2012, as explained above. Any excess over these specified ceilings would be borne by the AMC or the Trustee or the Sponsors.

The Direct Plan under the Scheme shall have a lower expense ratio as compared to the Regular Plan, excluding the distribution expenses, commission, etc. related to distributors. The Direct Plan shall also have separate NAV.

The AMC has estimated the following maximum expenses for the first Rs. 100 Crores of the daily net assets of the Scheme. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the Mutual Fund.

Expense Head	% of daily Net Assets
Investment Management and Advisory Fees	Upto 2.50%
Trustee fee	
Audit fees	
Custodian fees	
RTA Fees	
Marketing & Selling expense incl. agent commission	
Cost related to investor communications	
Cost of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost of providing account statements and dividend redemption cheques and warrants	
Costs of statutory Advertisements	
Cost towards investor education & awareness (at least 2 bps)	
Brokerage & transaction cost over and above 12 bps for cash market trades and 5 bps for derivatives transactions	
Service tax on expenses other than investment and advisory fees	
Service tax on brokerage and transaction cost	
Other Expenses*	Upto 2.50%
Maximum total expense ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52 (6) (c) (i)	
Additional expenses under regulation 52 (6A) (c)	
Additional expenses for gross new inflows from specified cities	Upto 0.30%

*Any other expenses which are directly attributable to the Scheme, except those expenses which are specifically prohibited, may be charged with the approval of the Trustee within the overall limits specified in the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations.

The purpose of the above table is to assist the investor in understanding the various costs & expenses that an investor in the Scheme will bear directly or indirectly. The above estimates have been made in good faith as per the information available to the AMC, and are subject to change inter-se, or in total, on account of any change in SEBI Regulations or otherwise. The actual expenses incurred may be higher or lower than the estimated rates mentioned above. The AMC will strive to reduce the level of these expenses so as to keep them well within the maximum limit allowed by SEBI, and expenses in excess of the above limit shall be borne by AMC. All types of expenses charged to the Scheme shall be in accordance with the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

Illustration of impact of expense ratio on scheme's returns

If the investor has invested Rs. 10,000 on April 30, 2015 under Regular Plan of the Scheme and value of his investment is Rs. 11,000 on April 30, 2016, his return on investment is 10% p.a. which is net of expense ratio @ 2.5% p.a. His return on investment before charging expense @ 2.5% p.a. would be Rs. 11,250 i.e. 12.5% p.a.

The present illustration is calculated pursuant to the requirements of SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2016/42 dated March 18, 2016. The purpose of an illustration is to purely explain the impact of expense ratio charged to the Scheme and should not be construed as providing any kind of investment advice or guarantee of returns on investments. Actual returns on your investment may be more, or less. The expenses of the Direct Plan under the Scheme will be lower to the extent of distribution expenses/ commission. The NAVs published by the AMC are net of scheme expenses and they reflect return on investment to investors, provided investment is not subject to exit load. Any tax impact has not been considered in the above example, in view of the individual nature of the tax implications. Each investor is advised to consult his or her own financial advisor.

C. LOAD STRUCTURE

Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to subscribe to the units or to redeem the units from the scheme. This amount is used by the AMC to pay commissions to the distributor and to take care of other marketing and selling expenses. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time.

The load structures of the Scheme is as follows:

Type of Load	Load chargeable (as % of NAV)
Entry Load	Nil
Exit Load	1% if redeemed / switched out within 1 year of allotment.

[^]SEBI, vide circular no. SEBI / IMD / CIR No. 4 / 168230 / 09 dated June 30, 2009 has decided that there shall be no Entry Load for all Mutual Fund Schemes. Accordingly, the upfront commission payable to the distributor on investment made by the investor, if any, shall be paid directly by the investor to the distributor, based on the investor's assessment of various factors including service rendered by the distributor.

The entire exit load (net of service tax), charged, if any, shall be credited to the respective Schemes.

Exit Load for switches within the Scheme:-

- Where the investments were routed through a distributor (i.e. made with distributor code), any Switch of Units from the Regular Plan to Direct Plan of a Scheme shall be subject to applicable exit load, if any. However, any subsequent switch - out or redemption of such investments from the Direct Plan will not be subject to any exit load;
- Where investments were made directly i.e. without any distributor code, exit load will not be levied on switch of Units from Regular Plan to Direct Plan of that Scheme. However, any subsequent switch-out or redemption will be subject to exit load applicable from the original date of investment;

- No exit load shall be levied in case of switch of Units from Direct Plan to Regular Plan of a Scheme. However, any subsequent switch-out or redemption of such investment from the Regular Plan shall be subject to exit load based on the original date of investment in the Direct Plan.

No exit load will be charged for switches and STP from any scheme to the equity schemes of DPMF (except DHFL Pramerica Arbitrage Fund). Further exit load as per prevailing structure will be charged for switches and STP from one debt scheme to another debt scheme.

The AMC / Trustee reserves the right to change / modify the Load structure of the Scheme, if deemed necessary in the interest of smooth and efficient functioning of the Mutual Fund, depending upon the circumstances prevailing at that time, subject to maximum limits as prescribed under the Regulations. However, the Redemption Price will not be lower than 93% of the NAV or as permitted / prescribed under the SEBI Regulations from time to time. Similarly, the difference between the Subscription Price and the Redemption Price shall not exceed the permitted limit as prescribed by SEBI from time to time which is presently 7% calculated on the Subscription Price.

Load exemptions:

- AMC shall not charge any load on units allotted on reinvestment of dividend for existing as well as prospective investors.
- No Exit Load will be charged on Intra-Scheme switches i.e., switches between Growth and Dividend Options.

Any change in the load structure shall be applicable on prospective investments only. For any change in load structure, the AMC will issue an addendum and display it on its Website (www.dhflpramericamf.com) and Investor Service Centers. The addendum will also be circulated to all the distributors / brokers, so that the same can be attached to all SIDs and Key Information Memoranda in stock till the same is updated and reprinted. The AMC would make arrangements to display the addendum to the SID in the form of a notice at all the Investor Service Centers. The change in the Exit Load along with the details may be stamped in the acknowledgement slip issued to the investors on submission of the Application Form and would also be disclosed in the statement of accounts issued after the introduction of such Load. A public notice shall be given in respect of the change in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of region where the head office of the Mutual Fund is situated. Any other measures which the Mutual Fund may feel necessary would be undertaken.

The investors are requested to check the prevailing load structure of the Scheme before investing.

For the current applicable exit load structure, please refer to the website of the AMC (www.dhflpramericamf.com) or may call at 1800 266 2667 (toll free no.) or your distributor.

D. WAIVER OF LOAD FOR DIRECT APPLICATIONS

In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI / IMD / CIR No. 4 / 168230 / 09 dated June 30, 2009 there shall be no Entry Load for all mutual fund schemes.

Exit load is as specified under section IV C above, titled 'Load Structure'.

V. RIGHTS OF UNITHOLDERS

Please refer to SAI for details.

VI. PENALTIES, PENDING LITIGATION OR PROCEEDINGS BY ANY REGULATORY AUTHORITY

Details of penalties, pending litigation or proceedings, findings of inspections or investigations for which action may have been taken or is in the process of being taken by any regulatory authority are as follows:

1. Penalties and action(s) taken against foreign Sponsor during the last three years in the jurisdiction of the country where the principal activities (in terms of income / revenue) of the Sponsor are carried out or where the headquarters of the Sponsor is situated:- None
2. Monetary penalties imposed and/ or action taken against Indian Sponsor(s) (if any) during the last three years or pending with any financial regulatory body or governmental authority, against Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company; for irregularities or for violations in the financial services sector, or for defaults with respect to share holders or debenture holders and depositors, or for economic offences, or for violation of securities law including details of settlement, if any, arrived at with the aforesaid authorities during the last three years: -

Details of penalties paid by Dewan Housing Finance Corporation Limited (DHFL) to National Housing Bank and other Regulators during last 3 financial years:

- National Housing Bank (NHB) has imposed penalties on DHFL in respect of the following:-
 - In November, 2014, a penalty of INR 25,000/- was levied on DHFL, on account of delay in submitting certain quarterly reports to NHB in accordance with the provisions of the guidelines on Asset Liability Management. The penalty was paid by DHFL;

3. Details of violations and enforcement actions taken by SEBI in the last three years and/ or pending with SEBI for the violation of SEBI Act, 1992 and Rules and Regulations framed there under including debarment and/ or suspension and/ or cancellation and/ or imposition of monetary penalty/adjudication/enquiry proceedings, if any, to which the Sponsors and/or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel (especially the fund managers) of the AMC and Trustee Company were/ are a party:- None
4. Any pending material civil or criminal litigation incidental to the business of the Mutual Fund to which the Sponsors and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel are a party:- None
5. Any deficiency in the systems and operations of the Sponsors and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees/Trustee Company requiring disclosure here by SEBI has specifically advised to be disclosed in the SID, or which has been notified by any other regulatory agency:- None

The Scheme was approved by the Trustees. The Trustees have ensured that the Scheme approved is new products offered by DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund and are not a minor modification of its existing schemes.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.

For and on behalf of DHFL Pramerica Asset Managers Private Limited

**Sd/-
Suresh Soni
Chief Executive Officer**

Place: Mumbai

Date : September 13, 2017

INVESTOR SERVICE CENTRE AND OFFICIAL POINTS OF ACCEPTANCE

DHFL Pramerica Asset Managers Private Limited

Ahmedabad: First Floor, Zodiac Avenue, Opp Mayor's Bungalow, Law Garden Road, Ellis Bridge, Ahmedabad 380006. **Asansol:** H. No. 2, 1st Floor, ST No 1, Hindustan Park, Asansol 713304 West Bengal. **Bangalore:** Unit No. 806, 8th Floor, Prestige Meridian - I, 29 M.G. Road, Bangalore 560001. **Baroda:** 1st Floor, Sidharath Complex, R.C. Dutt, Alkapuri, Baroda 390007. **Chandigarh:** C/o, DHFL, SCO 811-812, 2nd Floor, Sector 22-A, Chandigarh 160022. **Chennai:** Gee Gee Plaza, 3rd Floor, Plot No.14A, Door No. 1, Wheat Croft Road, Nungambakkam, 600034 Chennai, India. **Cochin:** 510, 5th Floor, Govardhan Business Centre, Chittoor Road, Cochin 682035. **Goa:** Cabin No. CL-13, 1st Floor, Advani Business Centre, Neelkamal Arcade, Dr. Atmaram Borkar Road, Panaji, Goa 403001. **Guwahati:** C/o DHFL, 1st Floor, Trebenies Commercial Complex, Bhanagarh, G. S. Road, Guwahati, Assam 781007. **Hyderabad:** Unit No 305, 3rd Floor, Ashok Scintilla, H No 3-6-520, Himayatnagar, Hyderabad 500029. **Jaipur:** 326, 3rd Floor, Ganpati Plaza, M I Road, Jaipur 302001. **Jamshedpur:** C/o DHFL, 1st Floor, DS Trade Centre, Opp. Bandhan Bank, Ram Mandir Area, Bistupur, Jamshedpur 831001. **Kanpur:** Office No. 410, 4/F, KAN Chambers, 14/113, Civil Lines, Kanpur 208001. **Kolkata:** Gooptu Court, Wing B, 2nd Floor, 7A/1B, Middleton Street, Kolkata 700071. **Ludhiana:** C/o DHFL, SCO 16-17, 2nd Floor, Firoz Gandhi Market, Ludhiana 141001. **Mumbai:** 2nd Floor, Nirton House, Dr. Annie Besant Road, Worli, Mumbai 400030. **Nagpur:** C/o DHFL, 4th Floor, Bhivapurkar Chambers, Opp. Yeshwant Stadium, Dhantoli, Nagpur 440012. **New Delhi:** Premises No 1307/1308, Gopal Das Bhawan, 28, Barakhamba Road, Connaught Place, New Delhi 110001. **Patna:** C/o DHFL, 3rd Floor, Pandey Plaza, Exhibition Road, Patna, Bihar 800001. **Pune:** Office No. A-1, Ground Floor, Deccan Chambers, C.T.S. No. 33/40, Opposite Janata Sahakari Bank, Erandwana, Karve Road, Pune 411004. **Raipur:** C/o DHFL, Flat No 312, 1st Floor, Mapple-2, Parthivi Pacific Apartment, Behind IDBI Bank, GE Road, Tatibandh, Raipur 492001, Chhattisgarh. **Rajkot:** Office No. 307, 3rd Floor, Star Plaza, Phulchhab Chowk, Besides Circuit House, Rajkot 360001. **Surat:** C/o DHFL, 202, 2nd Floor, Mangaldeep Complex, Near R.T.O, Ring Road, Surat 395001.

Karvy Computershare Private Limited

Agartala: Bidurkarta Chowmuhani, J N Bari Road, Tripura (West), Agartala 799001. **Agra:** 1st Floor, Deepak Wasan Plaza, Behind Holiday Inn, Sanjay Place, Agra 282002. **Ahmedabad:** 201/202 Shail Complex, Opp Madhusudan House, B/H Girish Cold Drink, Off C G Road, Navrangpura, Ahmedabad 380006. **Ajmer:** 302, 3rd Floor, Ajmer Auto Building, Opposite City Power House, Jaipur Road, Ajmer 305001. **Akola:** Yamuna Tarang Complex, Shop No 30, Ground Floor, N.H. No- 06, Murtizapur Road, Opp Radhakrishna Talkies, Akola 444004. **Aligarh:** 1st Floor, Kumar Plaza, Ramghat Road, Aligarh 202001. **Allahabad:** RSA Towers, 2nd Floor, Above Sony TV Showroom, 57, S P Marg, Civil Lines, Allahabad 211001. **Alwar:** 101, Saurabh Tower, Opp. UIT, Near Bhagat Singh Circle, Road No.2, Alwar 301001. **Amaravathi:** Shop No. 21, 2nd Floor, Gulshan Tower, Near Panchsheel Talkies, Jaistambh Square, Amaravathi 444601. **Ambala:** 6349, Nicholson Road, Adjacent KOS Hospital, Ambala Cant, Ambala 133001. **Amritsar:** 72-A, Taylor's Road, Opp Aga Heritage Club, Amritsar 143001. **Anand:** B-42 Vaibhav Commercial Center, Nr TVS Down Town Show Room, Grid Char Rasta, Anand 380001. **Ananthapur:** #15/149, 1st Floor, S R Towers, Subash Road, Opp. to Lalitha Kala Parishad, Anantapur 515001. **Ankleshwar:** L/2 Keval Shopping Center, Old National Highway, Ankleshwar 393002. **Asansol:** 11471/1 G T Road, Near Sany Centre, Bhanga Pachil, Asansol 713303. **Aurangabad:** Ramkunji Niwas, Railway Station Road, Near Osmanpura Circle, Aurangabad 431005. **Balaso:** M.S Das Street, Gopalgaon, Balasore, Orissa, Balasore 756001. **Bangalore:** 59, Skanda Puttanna Road, Basavanagudi, Bangalore 560004. **Bankura:** Ambika Market Complex (Ground Floor), Nutanganj, Post & Dist Bankura, Bankura 722101. **Bareilly:** 1st Floor, 165, Civil Lines, Opp. Hotel Bareilly Palace, Near Railway Station, Bareilly 243001. **Barhampore (WB):** Thakur Market Complex, Gorabazar, Post Berhampore Dist Murshidabad, 72 No Nayasarak Road, Barhampore (WB) 742101. **Baroda:** 203, Corner Point, Jetapur Road, Baroda, Gujarat, Baroda 390007. **Begusarai:** Near Hotel Diamond Surbhi Complex, O.C Township Gate, Kapasiya Chowk, Begusarai 851117. **Belgaum:** Cts No 3939/A2A1, Above Raymonds Show Room, Beside Harsha Appliances, Club Road, Belgaum 590001. **Bellary:** No. 1, KHB Colony, Gandhi Nagar, Bellary 583103. **Bhagalpur:** 2nd Floor, Chandralok Complex, Ghantaghar, Radha Rani Sinha Road, Bhagalpur 812001. **Bharuch:** Shop No 147-148, Aditya Complex, Near Kasak Circle, Bharuch 392001. **Bhavnagar:** Krishna Darshan Complex, Parimal Chowk, Office No. 306-307, 3rd Floor, Above Jed Blue Show Room, Bhavnagar 364002. **Bhilai:** Shop No -1, First Floor Plot No -1, Commercial Complex Nehru Nagar - East, Bhilai 490020. **Bhilwara:** Shop No. 27-28, 1st Floor, Heera Panna Market, Pur Road, Bhilwara 311001. **Bhopal:** Kay Kay Business Centre, 133, Zone I, MP Nagar, Above City Bank, Bhopal 462011. **Bhubaneswar:** A/181, Back Side Of Shivam Honda Show Room, Saheed Nagar, Bhubaneswar 751007. **Bikaner:** 70-71, 2nd Floor, Dr.Chahar Jewellers, Panchsati Circle, Sadul Ganj, Bikaner 334003. **Bilaspur:** Shop No. 225, 226 & 227, 2nd Floor, Narayan Plaza, Link Road, Bilaspur 495001. **Bokaro:** B-1, 1st Floor, City Centre, Sector-4, Near Sonu Chandi Wellars, Bokaro 827004. **Burdwan:** 63 GT Road, Halder Complex, 1st Floor, Burdwan 713101. **Calicut:** 2nd Floor, Soubhagya Shopping Complex, Arayidathpalam, Mavoor Road, Calicut 673004. **Chandigarh:** SCO- 2423-2424, Above Mirchi Restaurant, New Aroma Hotel, First Floor, Sector 22-C, Chandigarh 160022. **Chandrapur:** Shop No-6, Office No-2, 1st Floor, Rauts Raghuvanshi Complex, Beside Azad Garden Main Road, Chandrapur 442402. **Chennai:** F-11, Akshaya Plaza, 1st Floor, 108, Adhithanar Salai, Egmore, Opp To Chief Metropolitan Court, Chennai 600002. **Cochin:** Ali Arcade, 1st Floor, Kizhavana Road, Panampilly Nagar, Near Atlantis Junction, Ernakulam 682036. **Coimbatore:** 3rd Floor, Jaya Enclave, 1057 Avinashi Road, Coimbatore 641018. **Cuttack:** Opp Dargha Bazar Police station, Dargha Bazar, PO - Buxi Bazar, Cuttack 753001. **Davangere:** D.No 376/2, 4th Main, 8th Cross, P J Extension, Opp Byadgishettar School, Davangere 577002. **Dehradun:** Kaulagarh Road, Near Sirmour Margabove, Reliance Webworld, Dehradun 248001. **Dewas:** 27 RMO House, Station Road, Above Maa Chamunda Gaes Agency, Dewas 455001. **Dhanbad:** 208 New Market, 2nd Floor, Bank More, Dhanbad, 826001. **Dharwad:** 307/9-A, 1st Floor, Nagarkar Colony, Elite Business Center, Nagarkar Colony, P B Road, Dharwad 580001. **Durgapur:** MWAV-16, Bengal Ambuja, 2nd Floor, City Centre, Distt. Burdwan, Durgapur-16, Durgapur 713216. **Erode:** No 4, Veerappan Traders Complex, KMY Salai, Sathy Road, Opp. Erode Bus Stand, Erode 638003. **Faridabad:** A-2B, 3rd Floor, Neelam Bata Road, Peer ki Mazar, Nehru Groundint, Faridabad 121001. **Gandhidham:** Shop # 12, Shree Ambica Arcade, Plot # 300, Ward 12, Opp. CG High School, Near HDFC Bank, Gandhidham 370201. **Gandhinagar:** 123, First Floor, Megh Malhar Complex, Opp Pathika; Sector - 11, Gandhinagar 382011. **Ghaziabad:** 1st Floor, C-7, Lohia Nagar, Ghaziabad 201001. **Gorakhpur:** Above V.I.P. House Adjacent, A.D. Girls College, Bank Road, Gorakhpur 273001. **Gulbarga:** CTS No 2913, 1st Floor, Asian Towers, Jagath Station Main Road, Next To Adithya Hotel, Gulbarga 585105. **Guntur:** D No 6-10-27, Srinilayam, Arundelpet, 10/1, Guntur 522002. **Gurgaon:** Shop No.18, Ground Floor, Sector - 14, Opp. AKD Tower, Near Huda Office, Gurgaon 122001. **Guwahati:** 1st Floor, Bajrangbali Building, Near Bora Service Station, GS Road, Guwahati 781007. **Gwalior:** 2nd Floor, Rajeev Plaza, Jayendra Ganj, Lashkar, Gwalior 474009. **Haridwar:** 8, Govind Puri, Opp. LIC - 2, Above Vijay Bank, Main Road, Ranipur More, Haridwar 249401. **Hassan:** SAS No-212, Ground Floor, Sampige Road, 1st cross, Near Hotel Souther Star, K R Puram, Hassan 573201. **Hissar:** SCO 71, 1st Floor, Red Square Market, Hissar 125001. **Hubli:** CTC No.483/A1/A2, Ground Floor, Shri Ram Palza, Behind Kotak Mahindra Bank, Club Road, Hubli 580029. **Hyderabad:** Kavya House, No. 46, 8-2-609/K, Avenue 4, Street No. 1, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad 500034. **Indore:** 2nd Floor, 203-205 Balaji Corporate House, Above ICICI bank, 19/1 New Palasia, Near Curewell Hospital, Janjeevala Square, Indore 452001. **Jabalpur:** Grover Chamber, 43 Naya Bazar, Malviya Chowk, Opp Shyam Market, Jabalpur 482002. **Jaipur:** S/6/A, 3rd Floor, Land Mark Building, Opp Jai Club, Mahaver Marg, C Scheme, Jaipur 302001. **Jalandhar:** 1st Floor, Shanti Towers, SCO No. 37, PUDA Complex, Opposite Tehsil Complex, Jalandhar 144001. **Jalgaon:** 269, Jaee Vishwa, 1st Floor, Baliram Peth, Above United Bank Of India, Near Kishor Agencies, Jalgaon 425001. **Jalpaiguri:** D B C Road, Opp Nirala Hotel, Jalpaiguri 735101. **Jammagan:** 136-137-138, Madhav Palaza, Opp SBI Bank, Near Lal Bungalow, Jammagan 361001. **Jamshedpur:** 2nd Floor, R R Square, SB Shop Area, Near Reliance Foot Print & Hotel, BS Park Plaza, Main Road, Bistupur Jamshedpur 831001. **Jodhpur:** 203, Modi Arcade, Chopasni Road, Jodhpur 342001. **Junagadh:** 124-125 Punit Shopping Center, M.G Road, Ranavav Chowk, Junagadh 362001. **Kanpur:** 15/46 B, Ground Floor, Opp Muir Mills, Civil Lines, Kanpur 208001. **Karimnagar:** H.No.4-2-130/131, Above Union Bank, Jafri Road, Rajeev Chowk, Karimnagar 505001. **Karnal:** 18/369, Char Chaman, Kunjipura Road, Behind Miglani Hospital, Karnal 132001. **Karur:** No. 6, Old No. 13, Thiru-vi-ka Road, Near G.R.Kalyan Mahal, Karur 639001. **Kharagpur:** 180 Malancha Road, Beside Axis Bank Ltd, Kharagpur 721304. **Kolhapur:** 605/1/4 E Ward, Shahupuri, 2nd Lane, Laxmi Niwas, Near Sultane Chambers, Kolhapur 416001. **Kolkata:** Apeejay House (Beside Park Hotel), C Block, 3rd Floor, 15 Park Street, Kolkata 700016. **Korba:** 1st Floor, City Centre, 97 IRCC, Transport Nagar, Korba 495677. **Kota:** 29, 1st Floor, Near Lala Lajpat Rai Circle, Shopping Centre, Kota 324007. **Kurnool:** Shop No.43, 1st Floor, S V Complex, Railway Station Road, Near SBI Main Branch, Kurnool 518004. **Lucknow:** 1st Floor, A. A. Complex, 5 Park Road, Hazratganj, Thaper House, Lucknow 226001. **Ludhiana:** SCO - 136, 1st Floor, Above Airtel Showroom, Feroze Gandhi Market, Ludhiana 141001. **Madurai:** Rakesh Towers, 30-C, 1st Floor, Bye Pass Road, Hazzratganj, Motors, Madurai 625010. **Mangalore:** Mahendra Arcade, Opp Court Road, Karangal Padi, Mangalore 575003. **Margao:** 2nd Floor, Dalal Commercial Complex, Pajifond, Margao 403601. **Mathura:** Ambeey Crown, 2nd Floor, In Front of BSA College, Gaushala Road, Mathura 281001. **Meerut:** 1st Floor, Medi Centre, Opp ICICI Bank, Hapur Road, Near Bachha Park, Meerut 250002. **Mehsana:** Ul/47 Apollo Enclave, Opp Simandhar Temple, Modhera Cross Road, Mehsana 384002. **Moradabad:** Om Arcade, Parker Road, Above Syndicate Bank, Chowk Tari Khana, Moradabad 244001. **Mumbai:** 24/B, Raja Bahadur Compound, Ambalal Doshi Marg, Behind BSE Bldg, Fort 400001. **Muzaffarpur:** First Floor, Shukla Complex, Near ICICI Bank, Civil Court Branch, Company Bagh, Muzaffarpur 842001. **Mysore:** L-350, Silver Tower, Ashoka Road, Opp. Clock Tower, Mysore 570001. **Nadiad:** 104/105, Near Paras Cinema, City Point Nadiad, Nadiad 387001. **Nagpur:** Plot No 2/1, House No 102/1, Mata Mandir Road, Mangaldeep Appartment, Opp Khandelwal Jewelers, Dharampeth, Nagpur 440010. **Nanded:** Shop No.4, Santakripa Market, G G Road, Opp. Bank Of India, Nanded 431601. **Nasik:** F-1, Suyojit Sankul, Sharanpur Road, Near Rajiv Gandhi Bhawan, Nasik 422002. **Navsari:** 1/1 Chinmay Arcade, Opp Sattapir Rd, Tower Rd, Navsari 396445. **Nellore:** 16-2-230, Room No. 207, 2nd Floor, Keizen Heights, Gandhi Nagar, Pogathota, Nellore 524001. **New Delhi:** 305 New Delhi House, 27 Barakhamba Road, New Delhi 110001. **Nizamabad:** H No. 5-6-430, Above Bank Of Baroda, First Floor, Beside HDFC Bank, Hyderabad Road, Nizamabad 503003. **Noida:** 405, 4th Floor, Vishal Chamber, Plot No.1, Sector-18, Noida 201301. **Panipat:** JAVA Complex, 1st Floor, Above Vijaya Bank, G T Road, Panipat 132103. **Panjim:** Flat No 1-A, H. No. 13/70, Timotio Bldg, Heliodoro Salgado Road, Next to Navhind Bhavan (Market Area), Panjim 403001. **Patiala:** SCO 27 D, Chhotti Baradari, Near Car Bazaar, Patiala 147001. **Patna:** 3A, 3rd Floor, Anand Tower, Exhibition Road, Opp ICICI bank, Patna 800001. **Pondicherry:** Building No. 7, 1st Floor, Thiayagaraja Street, Pondicherry 605001. **Pune:** Mozaic Bldg, CTS No.1216/1, Final, Plot No.576/1 TP, Scheme No.1, F C Road, Bhamburda, Shivaji Nagar, Pune 411004. **Raipur:** Office No S-13, Second Floor, Reheja Tower, Fadadhi Chowk, Jail Road, Raipur 492001. **Rajahmundry:** D.No.6-1-4, Rangachary Street, T.Nagar, Near Axis Bank Street, Rajahmundry 533101. **Rajkot:** 302, Metro Plaza, Near Moti Tanki Chowk, Rajkot, Gujarat 360001. **Ranchi:** Room No 307, 3rd Floor, Commerce Tower, Beside Mahabir Tower, Ranchi 834001. **Ratlam:** 1 Nagpal Bhawan, Free Ganj Road, Do Batti, Near Nokia Care, Ratlam 457001. **Rohtak:** 1st Floor, Ashoka Plaza, Delhi Road, Rohtak 124001. **Rourkela:** 1st Floor, Sandhu Complex, Kachery Road, Uditnagar, Rourekla 769012. **Salem:** No. 3/250, Brindavan Road, 6th Cross, Perumal Kovil Back Side, Fairland's, Salem 636016. **Sambalpur:** Koshal Builder Complex, Near Goal Bazaar Petrol Pump, Sambalpur 768001. **Shillong:** Annex Mani Bhawan, Lower Thana Road, Near R K M L P School, Shillong 793001. **Shimla:** Triveni Building, By Pas Chowkhhallini, Shimla 171002. **Shimoga:** Sri Matra Naika Complex, 1st Floor, Above Shimoga Diagnostic Centre, LLR Road, Durgigudi, Shimoga 577201. **Silchar:** N.N. Dutta Road, Chowchakra Complex, Premtala, Silchar 788001. **Siliguri:** Nanak Complex, Sevoke Road, Siliguri 734001. **Solapur:** Block No 06, Vaman Nagar, Opp D-Mart, Jule Solapur, Solapur 413004. **Sonepat:** 205 R Model Town, Above Central Bank Of India, Sonepat 131001. **Surat:** G-5 Empire State Building, Near Udhna Darwaja, Ring Road, Surat 395002. **Tirupathi:** H.No. 10-13-425, 1st Floor, Tilak Road, Opp. Sridevi Complex, Tirupathi 517501. **Trichur:** 2nd Floor, Brothers Complex, Naikkanal Junction, Shornur Road, Near Dhanalakshmi Bank H O, Thrissur 680001. **Trichy:** 60, Sri Krishna Arcade, Thennur High Road, Trichy 620017. **Trivandrum:** 2nd Floor, Akshaya Tower, Sasthamangalam, Trivandrum 695010. **Tuticorin:** 4 - B, A34 - A37, Mangalmal Mani Nagar, Opp. Rajaji Park, Palayamkottai Road, Tuticorin 628003. **Udaipur:** 201-202, Madhav Chambers, Opp G P O, Chetak Circle, Udaipur 313001. **Ujjain:** 101 Aashita Tower, 13/1 Dhanwantri Marg, Freeganj, Ujjain 456010. **Valsad:** Shop No 2, Phiroza Corner, Opp Next Show Room, Tithal Road, Valsad 396001. **Vapi:** Shop No-12, Ground Floor, Sheetal Appatment, Near K P Tower, Vapi 396195. **Varanasi:** D-64/132, 1st Floor, Anant Complex, Sigra, Varanashi 221010. **Vellore:** 1, M N R Arcade, Officers Line, Krishna Nagar, Vellore 632001. **Vijayawada:** 39-10-7, Opp. Municipal Water Tank, Labbipet, Vijayawada 520010. **Visakhapatnam:** Door No. 48-8-7, Dwaraka Diamond, Ground Floor, Srinagar, Visakhapatnam 530016. **Warangal:** 5-6-95, 1st Floor, Opp. B.Ed Collage, Lashkar Bazar, Chandra Complex, Hanmakonda, Warangal 506001.

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